

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge Ordinary Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

6519945466

MATHEMATICS (SYLLABUS D)

4024/12

Paper 1 October/November 2016

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Geometrical instruments

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown in the space below that question. Omission of essential working will result in loss of marks.

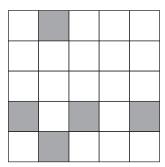
ELECTRONIC CALCULATORS MUST NOT BE USED IN THIS PAPER.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 80.



ELE	CTRONIC CALCULATORS	MUST NOT BE USED I	N THIS PAPER.
	9.03 - (4.273 + 2.3).	MOST NOT BE USED I	N IIIIS TALEK.
(b) Evaluate	$\frac{8}{9} - \frac{6}{7}$.	Answer	[1
Civan that 1	$92 \times 64.3 = 12345.6$, write do	Answer	[1
(a) 0.192×6		wit the values of	
(a) 0.192×6 (b) $\frac{12.3456}{192}$		Answer	[1
		Answer	[1

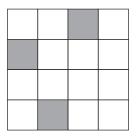
3 (a)



In the diagram, five small squares are shaded.

Shade **one more** small square, so that the diagram has exactly one line of symmetry. [1]

(b)



In the diagram, three small squares are shaded.

Shade **one more** small square, so that the diagram has rotational symmetry of order 4. [1]

4 (a)	The total	cost of 3	pencils	is \$1.23
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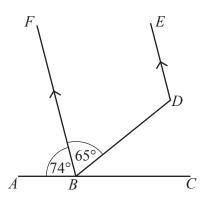
Find the total cost of 5 pencils.

Answer	\$	Г1]

(b) Arrange the following in order, starting with the smallest.

$$74\%$$
 -0.7 $0.\dot{7}$ $-\frac{3}{4}$

5



In the diagram, ABC is a straight line and BF is parallel to DE. $F\hat{B}A = 74^{\circ}$ and $D\hat{B}F = 65^{\circ}$.

(a) Find $C\hat{B}D$.

Answer
$$C\hat{B}D = \dots [1]$$

(b) Find reflex $B\hat{D}E$.

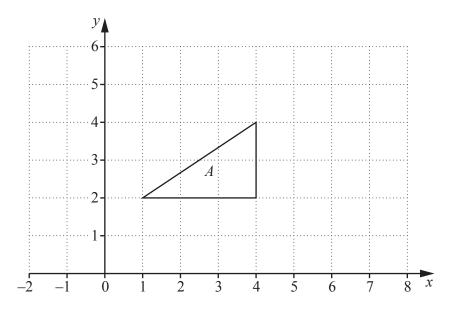
Answer reflex
$$B\hat{D}E = \dots [1]$$

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6 By making suitable approximations, estimate the value of $\frac{\sqrt{3.98 \times 602.3}}{2.987}$ Show clearly the approximations you use.

Answer [2]

7



The diagram shows triangle A.

Triangle A is mapped onto triangle B by an enlargement.

The enlargement has centre (3, 3) and scale factor -2.

Draw and label triangle *B*.

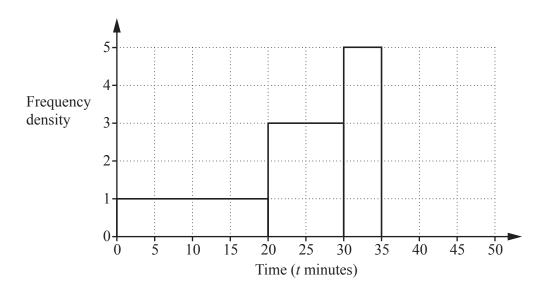
[2]

8 (a) Write the number 513 000 in standard form.

Answer	 Г1	l

(b) Expressing your answer in standard form, evaluate $(4 \times 10^{-5}) \times (6 \times 10^{-4})$.

9



The diagram shows part of the histogram which represents the distribution of times taken by some people to travel to work.

(a) Complete the table.

Time (t minutes)	$0 < t \le 20$	$20 < t \leq 30$	30 < <i>t</i> ≤ 35	$35 < t \le 50$
Frequency		30		30

[2]

(b) Complete the histogram.

[1]

4	Λ	

f(x) = 4 + 3x

(a)	Find f	(-	$2\frac{1}{2}$).
-----	--------	----	-------------------

Answer[1]

(b) Find $f^{-1}(5)$.

Answer		[2]
--------	--	-----

11 y varies inversely as the square of x.

(a) When x = 2, y = 9.

Find the value of y when x = 3.

Answer
$$y = \dots [2]$$

(b) When x = n, y = p.

Write down an expression for y, in terms of p, when x = 2n.

Answer[1]

12 A school recorded the number of absent students over a 50-day period. The results are given in the table.

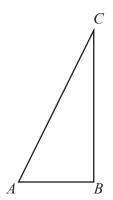
Number of absent students	0	1	2	3	4	5 or more
Number of days	25	15	6	3	1	0

(a)	Write down the mode.		
		Answer	 [1]

(b) Calculate the mean.

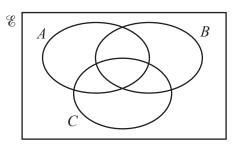
Answer		[2]
--------	--	-----

13 Triangle ABC is mapped onto triangle A'B'C' by a rotation, centre O, through 110° clockwise. Draw and label triangle A'B'C'.



• O

14 (a) In the Venn diagram, shade the region which represents the subset $(A \cap B') \cup C$.



[1]

(b) In a group of 36 students,

23 study Spanish, 17 study French,

4 study neither Spanish nor French.

By drawing a Venn diagram, or otherwise, find the number of students who study both Spanish and French.

Answer		[2]
--------	--	-----

15 Solve the simultaneous equations.

$$3x + y = 9$$

$$2x + 3y = -8$$

Answer $x = \dots$

$$y =$$
 [3]

16	(a)	Evaluate $3^2 + 3^1 + 3^0$.		
	(b)	Evaluate $\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^{-2}$.	Answer	[1]
	(c)	Simplify $(16y^6)^{\frac{1}{2}}$.	Answer	[1]
			Answer	[1]
17	(a)	Some money is shared between Ali, Ben and Carl in the Ben receives \$60.	he ratio 5:	3:2.
		How much money is shared?		
	(b)	Express the ratio $3\frac{1}{2}$ hours : 14 minutes in the form		\$ [1 _]
				: 1 [2]

1	2	3	4

Four cards are marked with the numbers 1, 2, 3 and 4.

One card is chosen at random.

A second card is then chosen, at random, from the remaining three cards.

The sum of the numbers on the two chosen cards is calculated.

(a) Complete the table to show the possible outcomes.

	First card					
		1	2	3	4	
ard	1					
Second card	2					
Sec	3					
	4					

[1]

(b) What is the probability that the sum is less than 2?

4	Г17
Answer	

(c) What is the probability that the sum is greater than 5?

Answer		IJ	IJ
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- 19 A box has a mass of 1.7 kg, correct to the nearest 0.1 kg.
 - (a) Write down the lower bound for the mass of the box.

(b) The box holds 100 jars.

Each jar has a mass of 140 grams, correct to the nearest 10 grams.

Calculate the lower bound of the **total** mass of the box and 100 jars. Give your answer in kilograms.

Answer kg [2]

20 Solve the equation $\frac{2x-1}{4} + \frac{x-2}{3} = 2$.

21 [The volume of a sphere is $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$]

During a storm, raindrops fall into a cylinder which stands on horizontal ground. The cylinder was empty before the storm started.

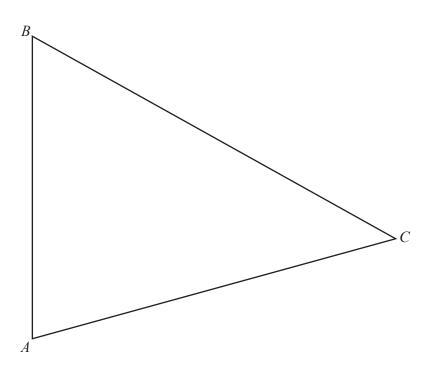
The cylinder has radius 20 mm. Each raindrop is a sphere of radius 2 mm. After the storm, the depth of water in the cylinder is 16 mm.

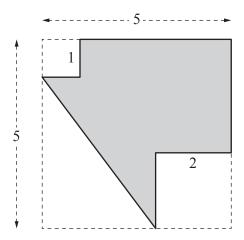
Calculate the number of raindrops that fell into the cylinder.

Answer	[3]
111115 W C1	 12

- 22 The diagram shows triangle *ABC*.
 - (a) Construct the locus of points, **inside** triangle ABC, that are equidistant from A and B. [1]
 - (b) Construct the locus of points, **inside** triangle ABC, that are equidistant from AB and BC. [1]
 - (c) On the diagram, shade the region **inside** triangle ABC which contains the points that are nearer to A than to B and

nearer to A than to B and nearer to BC than AB.





The diagram shows a square piece of card, from which a triangle and two small squares are removed. All lengths on the diagram are in centimetres.

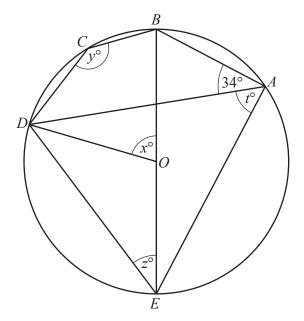
(a) Calculate the area of the shaded card.

Answer		$cm^2 \\$	[2]
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(b) Calculate the perimeter of the shaded card.

Answer cm [2]

24



In the diagram, A, B, C, D and E lie on the circle, centre O. BOE is a straight line. $D\hat{A}B = 34^{\circ}$.

(a) Find *x*.

Answer	x =	 1

(b) Find *y*.

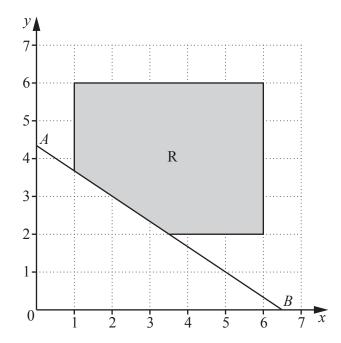
(c) Find z.

Answer
$$z = \dots [1]$$

(d) Find *t*.

Answer
$$t = \dots [1]$$

25



In the diagram, the line 3y + 2x = 13 meets the axes at A and B.

(a) Find the coordinates of A.

Answer ((Г1
Answer	(,	11

(b) The shaded region R is defined by five inequalities. Two of these are $x \le 6$ and $y \le 6$.

Write down the other three inequalities.

Answer		
	Γ'	21

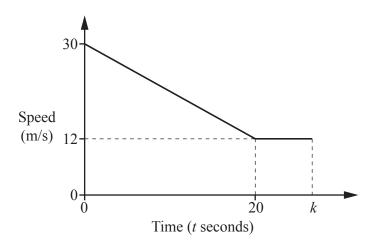
(c) The point *P* is in the shaded region R.

Given that AP is as large as possible, write down the coordinates of P.

Answer (.....) [1]

(a)				
	In t	he first sequence, each term is 2 more than the term b	pefore it.	
	(i)	Find an expression, in terms of n , for the n th term.		
	(ii)	The k th term of this sequence is 841. Find the value of k .	Answer	[1]
(b)	The	with term of the second sequence is $2^{n-1} - \frac{(n-1)(n-4)}{2}$.		k =[1]
	(i)	Find the fourth term of this sequence.		
	(ii)	Find the fifth term of this sequence.	Answer	[1]
			Answer	[1]

27



The diagram shows the speed-time graph of a car which slows down from $30 \,\text{m/s}$ to $12 \,\text{m/s}$ in $20 \,\text{seconds}$, and then continues at a speed of $12 \,\text{m/s}$.

(a) Find the retardation when t = 10.

Answer		m/s^2	[1]
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(b) Find the distance travelled by the car between t = 0 and t = 20.

Answer m [2]

(c) The distance travelled by the car between t = 20 and t = k is 60 m.

Find the value of *k*.

Answer $k = \dots [2]$

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