

#### **MATHEMATICS (SYLLABUS D)**

4024/11 October/November 2017

Paper 1 MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 80

Published

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### Abbreviations

cao	correct answer only
dep	dependent
FT	follow through after error
isw	ignore subsequent working
oe	or equivalent
SC	Special Case
nfww	not from wrong working
soi	seen or implied

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1(a)	$\frac{17}{24}$	1	
1(b)	0.52	1	
2(a)	80	1	
2(b)	$(\pm)\frac{1}{3}$	1	
3(a)	24	1	
3(b)	120	1	
4	Initial statement containing 1000 and 0.02	M1	If M0, award C1 for 50 000 nfww.
	50 000	A1	
5(a)		1	
5(b)		1	
6	11	2	<b>M1</b> for $1\frac{1}{2} \times 10 + 7$
7(a)	16.6	1	
7(b)	$\frac{x-7}{3}$ oe	1	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
8	80	2	<b>B1</b> for " $k$ " = $\frac{4}{5}$ if $y =$ " $k$ "× $x^2$ used
			or M1 for $\frac{\frac{1}{5}}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2} = \frac{y}{10^2}$ oe
			( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) 10 or FT <b>M1</b> for $y = (their k) \times 100$ when $y = "k" \times x^2$ used
9(a)	<i>x</i> > 4	1	
9(b)	-3 and -2	1	
10(a)	-2	1	
10(b)	-1	1	
10(c)	0	1	
11(a)	$1.2 \times 10^{-4}$	1	
11(b)	5.29 × 10 <sup>7</sup>	2	<b>C1</b> for figs. 529; or for $5.3 \times 10^{7}$ or <b>B1</b> for $55 \times 10^{6}$ ; or for $0.21 \times 10^{7}$ ; or for figs 529
12	Correct method to eliminate one variable	M1	Either equating one set of coefficients, or equating expressions in either $[m]x$ or in $[m]y$ , or substituting for $x$ or for $y$ .
	Both $x = -2$ and $y = 5$ nfww.	A2	A1 for either $x = -2$ or $y = 5$ nfww. After A0, C1 for a pair of values that satisfies either original equation.
13(a)	Correct line	1	
13(b)	$\frac{7}{15}$ cao	1	
13(c)	240	1	
14(a)	0.106	1	
14(b)	5.678 to 5.68[0]	1	
14(c)	3180	1	
15(a)	5 – 6 <i>t</i>	1	
15(b)	$\frac{4x^2}{3y}$ or $\frac{4x^2y^{-1}}{3}$	2	C1 for two of $\frac{4}{3}$ , $x^2$ , denominator y (or $y^{-1}$ in numerator) correct. or B1 for 8 $x^6 y^3$

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
16(a)	(5,3)	1	
16(b)	164 nfww	2	M1 for $[0 - 10]^2 + [7 - (-1)]^2$ or for $[10 - 0]^2 + [-1 - 7]^2$
17(a)	Correct curve from (4, 77) to (6, 90) via (5, 87)	1	
17(b)(i)	2.8	1	
17(b)(ii)	67 or 68	1	
18(a)	14	1	
18(b)	36	1	
18(c)	72 nfww; or FT 90 – their <b>(b)</b> /2 nfww	2	<b>B1</b> for angle $OB2 = 18^{\circ}$ , where <i>B</i> is the bottom point. or <b>M1</b> for correct angle clearly identified.
19(a)	5a ( 5a – 1 )	1	
19(b)	(3b-4)(3b+4)	1	
19(c)	(2x+3)(2y+t)	2	<b>B1</b> for one of the partial factorisations: 2y(2x+3); $t(2x+3);$ $2x(2y+t);$ $3(2y+t)$
20(a)	Acceptable quadrilateral with visible arcs	1	
20(b)(i)	Acceptable bisector of angle <i>ABC</i>	1	
20(b)(ii)	Acceptable perpendicular bisector of <i>BC</i>	1	
20(c)	Acceptable $PQ$ – dep. on correct types of loci in <b>(b)</b> .	1	
21(a)	(18,6)	1	
21(b)	Both $y > 6$ and $y < \frac{x}{3}$	1	
21(c)	h = 22  and  k = 7	2	C1 for one correct
22(a)	$\frac{v}{10}$ oe	1	
22(b)	20 nfww	3	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{1}{2} \times (40 + 80) \times v$ oe or <b>B1</b> for two of 15v, 40v, 5v. <b>M1</b> for <i>their</i> 60v = <i>their</i> (1200)

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
23(a)		1	
23(b)(i)	4	1	
23(b)(ii)	$\frac{1}{-1}, \frac{1}{1}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{-1}, \frac{4}{1}, \frac{4}{2}$ oe and isw	2	C1 for 4 or 5 correct members
24(a)	6 <b>a</b> + 2 <b>b</b> oe	1	
24(b)(i)	3	1	
24(b)(ii)(a)	3 <b>b</b> ; or FT <i>k</i> <b>b</b>	1	
24(b)(ii)(b)	-3 <b>a</b>	1	
25(a)	11, 36	1	
25(b)(i)	2 <i>N</i> +1	1	
25(b)(ii)	$(N+1)^2$ oe	1	
25(c)	169	2	<b>B1</b> for <i>their</i> ( <i>b</i> )( <i>i</i> ) = 25; or for <i>N</i> = 12
26(a)	$\begin{pmatrix} -6 & -6 \\ 3 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ oe	2	C1 for 2 or 3 correct elements; or for 3 or 4 correct elements of $\begin{pmatrix} 6 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ or B1 for the correct matrix in the Wkg. and simplified, incorrectly, to give the response in the Ans.Space.
26(b)	$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 \\ 3 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$	2	C1 for 2 or 3 correct elements
26(c)	$\frac{1}{2}$ ; or 0.5; only	1	