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Cambridge Ordinary Level

MATHEMATICS (SYLLABUS D)

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Paper 2

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MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 100

Published

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Abbreviations

correct answer only dependent cao

dep

FΤ follow through after error ignore subsequent working isw

or equivalent oe SC Special Case

not from wrong working seen or implied nfww

soi

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1(a)(i)	503.5[0] final answer	3	M2 for $12.50 \times 38 \times 1.06$ oe or $12.50 \times 38 \times 0.06$ oe or M1 for 12.50×38 or 12.50×1.06 oe soi or 12.50×0.06 oe soi
1(a)(ii)	12	2	M1 for (525 – 462) ÷ 525 oe After M0, SC1 for answer 88
1(a)(iii)	2400 nfww	2	M1 for $1.03x = 2472$ soi
1(b)	192	3	M1 for 520 × 0.74 M1 for (their 384.8 – 260) ÷ 0.65
2(a)	14.35 or 14.4	3	B1 for use of correct midpoints soi
			M1 for (2.5 × 35 + 7.5×42 + 15×30 + 25×28 + 40 × 15) ÷ 150
2(b)	Correct histogram with linear scale on frequency density axis	3	B2 for all 5 bar heights correct with frequency density axis scaled OR B1 for at least 3 correct heights drawn or 3 correct frequency densities calculated B1 for 5 bars correct width and position
2(c)	18 to 20	2	M1 for (15 + 14) ÷ 150
3(a)	040	1	
3(b)	$BC = \sqrt{25^2 + 38^2 - 2 \times 25 \times 38\cos(360 - 220)}$	M2	or M1 for $25^2 + 38^2 - 2 \times 25 \times 38 \times \cos(360 - 220)$
	BC = 59.36 to 59.37	A1	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
3(c)	204.1 to 204.3[2]	4	B3 for 24.1 to 24.3[2]
			OR 28 v sin (260 220)
			M2 for $\sin B = \frac{38 \times \sin(360 - 220)}{59.4}$
			or M1 for $\frac{\sin B}{38} = \frac{\sin(360 - 220)}{59.4}$
			and M1 for 180 + <i>their B</i>
4(a)	$\frac{5}{9}$ oe	1	
4(b)(i)	$\frac{25}{81}$ oe	1	
4(b)(ii)	$\frac{40}{81}$ oe	2	M1 for $\frac{their 5}{9} \times \frac{(9 - their 5)}{9}$ soi or
			$\frac{their 5}{9} \times \frac{4}{9}$
4(c)	$\frac{4}{9}$ oe nfww	3	M2 for $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8} + \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{8}$
			or M1 for $\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{8}$ or $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{4}{8}$
5(a)	-3 , 2 nfww	3	M1 for $y^2 + 5y = 4y + 6$ M1 for $(y + 3)(y - 2) [= 0]$
5(b)	$t = \frac{2p-1}{4+p}$ or $t = \frac{1-2p}{-4-p}$ final answer	3	M1 for $p(2-t) = 4t + 1$ or better M1FT for $2p - 1 = 4t + pt$
			M1FT for completion to explicit formula for t
			Max 2 marks if final answer incorrect
5(c)	$\frac{3x-2}{x+4}$ final answer	3	B1 for $(3x-2)(x-4)$ seen B1 for $(x+4)(x-4)$ seen
6(a)(i)	$[A\hat{C}B =] 38$	1	
6(a)(ii)	$[A\hat{E}F =]38,$ angles in same segment are equal	1	Strict FT their (i)
6(a)(iii)	$[\hat{CDE} =] 112$	1	
6(a)(iv)	$[B\hat{C}D =] 106$	2	FT 180 – their CDE + their ACB
			M1 for $\hat{ACD} = 180 - their$ 112 soi

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
6(b)	156	3	B1 for sum of angles in pentagon = 540 soi M1 for $8x + 124 = their$ 540 oe
6(c)	105.5	2	B1 for two of 65.5, 131.5 and 57.5 seen After B0 , SC1 for answer 108.5
7(a)(i)	y = -2x + 5 oe	2	B1 for $y = -2x + c$ oe or for $y = mx + 5$ oe or M1 for gradient $= \frac{5+3}{0-4}$ oe
7(a)(ii)	y = -2x - 1 oe FT their gradient from (a)(i)	2	B1 for answer $y = their(-2)x + k$, where $k \neq their 5$ or M1 for $3 = their(-2) \times -2 + k$ oe
7(b)(i)	3.5	1	
7(b)(ii)	Correct smooth curve through 8 correct points	3	B2FT for 7 or 8 points correctly plotted or B1FT for 5 or 6 points correctly plotted
7(b)(iii)	Clear correct tangent drawn at (1, 1)	M1	
	-2.4 to -1.6	A1	
7(b)(iv)	0.6 to 0.8 and 4.2 to 4.4	2	FT reading from <i>their</i> graph at $y = 2$ B1 for one correct or for $y = 2$ soi
8(a)	$[x^2 =] 6^2 + 12^2$	M1	or $[x=]\sqrt{6^2+12^2}$
	[x =] 13.41[6] or 13.42	A1	
8(b)	478.7 to 479.4	3	M1 for $\left[\frac{1}{2}\times\right]4\times\pi\times6^2$ seen M1 for $\pi\times6\times13.4$ seen After 0 scored, SC1 for consistent use of $r=3$ in formula for [hemi]sphere and cone
8(c)	904.7 to 905 nfww	3	M1 for $\left[\frac{1}{2}\times\right]\frac{4}{3}\times\pi\times6^3$ seen M1 for $\frac{1}{3}\times\pi\times6^2\times12$ seen After 0 scored, SC1 for consistent use of $r=3$ in formula for [hemi]sphere and cone
8(d)(i)	4310 or FT 9 × <i>their</i> (b)	2	M1 for $\left(\frac{6}{2}\right)^2$ soi
8(d)(ii)	113 or FT $\frac{1}{8} \times their$ (c)	2	M1 for $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3$ soi

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
9(a)	7 cao	2	M1 for $\frac{12}{3000} \times 1750$ oe
9(b)(i)	$\frac{2500}{x}$	1	
9(b)(ii)	$\frac{2500}{x} - \frac{2500}{x + 20} = 15$	M1	Or equivalent unsimplified equation
	2500(x+20) - 2500x = 15x(x+20)	M1	FT elimination of <i>their</i> fractions with algebraic denominators
	Correct simplification leading to $3x^2 + 60x - 10\ 000 = 0\ AG$	A1	
9(b)(iii)	48.59 and –68.59 final answer	3	B1 for $\sqrt{60^2 - 4 \times 3 \times -10000}$ soi B1 for $\frac{-60 \pm \sqrt{their123600}}{2 \times 3}$
9(b)(iv)	36 minutes 27 seconds	3	M2 for $\frac{2500}{their48.59 + 20}$ or M1 for $\frac{2500}{their48.59}$
10(a)(i)	Triangle <i>B</i> at $(2, -3)$, $(3, -3)$, $(3, -5)$	2	B1 for translation of correct triangle B
10(a)(ii)	Triangle <i>C</i> at (3, 3), (3, 9), (6, 3)	2	B1 for two vertices correct or for $ \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} $ oe
10(a)(iii)	$ \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} \end{pmatrix} $ oe	1	
10(a)(iv)	Enlargement Centre $(3, -1.5)$ SF $-\frac{1}{3}$	3	B1 for each
10(b)(i)	$\binom{4}{8}$	2	B1 for one component correct or M1 for $2 \binom{6}{3} - \binom{8}{-2}$ oe After 0 scored, SC1 for answer $\binom{-4}{-8}$
10(b)(ii)	$\begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for one component correct or M1 for $-\frac{3}{4}(their \ \overline{SR})$ or $\frac{1}{4}(their \ \overline{SR})$ soi

Cambridge O Level – Mark Scheme **PUBLISHED**

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
11(a)	$\angle ARB = \angle PRQ$, [vertically] opposite $\angle RAB = \angle RQP$, alternate [angles] $\angle RBA = \angle RPQ$ alternate [angles] $\triangle ARB$ and $\triangle QRP$ similar, equal angles	3	B1 for one pair of angles stated with reason or for two pairs with no reasons or incorrect reasons B1 for a further correct pair of angles with reason
11(b)(i)	[AQ =] 8.72 or 8.717[]	2	M1 for $\cos 55 = \frac{5}{AQ}$ or $\sin 35 = \frac{5}{AQ}$ oe
11(b)(ii)	[AR =] 7.37[2]	2	M1 for $\cos 35 = \frac{AR}{9}$ or $\sin 55 = \frac{AR}{9}$ oe
11(b)(iii)	[Area $ARB = $] 18.8 to 19.2[] or FT their AR	2	M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times their 7.37 \times 9 \times \sin 35$ oe Or $\frac{1}{2} \times their 7.37 \times \sqrt{9^2 - (their 7.37)^2}$
11(b)(iv)	19.6 to 19.7 nfww 5.16 7.37 0.942 1.34	3	M1 for tan $35 = \frac{PR}{their RQ}$ oe or $\frac{PR}{their RQ} = \frac{their RB}{their AR}$ oe where $their RQ = (their 8.72 - their 7.37)$ M1 for $their$ area $ARB + \frac{1}{2} \times their RQ \times their PR$