

## **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge Ordinary Level

**PHYSICS** 5054/31

Paper 3 Practical Test

October/November 2016

MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 30

## **Published**

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Pa	ige 2	<u>-</u>	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Рар	er
			Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	5054	31	
1	(a)	(i)	$L_0$ measured to the nearest mm or better and in the range 1.5 cm to with consistent unit seen here or in (a)(ii), (a)(iii), (b)(i) or (b)(ii)	3.0 cm	B1	
	(ii)(	(iii)	$L_1$ recorded to the nearest mm or better and $e_1$ calculated correctly consistent unit seen here or in <b>(a)(i)</b> , <b>(b)(i)</b> or <b>(b)(ii)</b>	with	B1	
	(b)	<b>e</b> <sub>2</sub> <	<i>∶ e</i> <sub>1</sub> .		M1	
	(c)	ho Ca	alculated correctly to 2/3s.f. with unit		A1	
		valu	ue in range 1.0 g/cm³ to 2.0 g/cm³		A1	[5]
2	(a)	(i)	bottom of the threads are separated by 30.0 cm so the top of the th must be separated by the same distance <i>owtte</i> /vertical alignment v stands/doorframe etc		B1	
		(ii)	ensure that the half-metre rule is horizontal by measuring the heighthe bench at each end and finding that they are the same.  or aligning with a horizontal line in the room, e.g. windowsill / top or		B1	
	(b)		the range 8s to 16s with unit seen somewhere in <b>(b)</b> and using at le eat measurement with correct average	east one	B1	
		T ca	alculated correctly to 2/3 s.f. with unit seen somewhere		B1	
		<i>T</i> in	the range 1.0 s to 1.4 s, when rounded		B1	[5]
3	(a)		In the range $0.55\mathrm{V}$ to $0.90\mathrm{V}$ to $0.01\mathrm{V}$ or better with unit seen here of $I_1$ in the range $0.30\mathrm{A}$ to $0.50\mathrm{A}$ to $0.01\mathrm{A}$ or better with unit seen here		B1	
	(b)	corr	rect calculation of $R_1$ in the range 1.0 $\Omega$ to 3.0 $\Omega$ with unit seen here $0$	or in (d)	B1	
	(c)		$V_2 < V_1$ and in the range 0.55 V to 0.90 V to 0.01 V or better with unit seen here or in <b>(a)</b>			
		and	I $I_2 < I_1$ and in the range 0.14 A to 0.27 A to 0.01 A or better with unit a (a)	seen here	B1	
	(d)	corr	rect calculation of $R_2$ with $R_2 > R_1$ with unit seen here or in <b>(b)</b>		B1	
	(e)	and	en the current decreases, the voltage across the diode decreases (s the resistance of the diode increases or vice versa <b>and</b> nment consistent with results	lightly)	B1	[5]

**Mark Scheme** 

Syllabus

**Paper** 

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## 4 Preliminary results

(a)	(i)	Approached the formation of the sharp image on the screen from both directions.	B1	
	(ii)	$u_{\rm S}$ in the range 79.0 cm to 84.0 cm.	M1	
		Repeated measurements, correctly averaged with unit seen here or in <b>(b)(i)</b>	A1	
(b)		$u_{\rm L}$ in the range 16.0 cm to 21.0 cm with unit seen here or in (a)(ii).	B1	
	(ii)	d and y calculated correctly (ignore units and s.f.)	B1	[5]
(c)	<u>Tak</u>	<u>ole</u>		
		umn headings for $D$ , $u_S$ , $u_L$ , $d$ and $y$ and units for $D$ , $d$ and $y$ and results from ii) and (b) included	B1	
	cor	rect calculation of <i>d</i> and <i>y</i>	B1	
	Dv	alues in the range $65.0 \mathrm{cm} \leqslant D \leqslant 95.0 \mathrm{cm}$	B1	
	at le	east 5 results showing correct trend, y increases as D increases	B1	[4]
(d)	<u>Gra</u>	ı <u>ph</u>		
		s labelled with units and correct orientation. ow e.c.f. from wrong unit in table but not no units)	B1	
	pag	able scale, not based on 3, 6, 7 etc. with plotted data occupying ≥ half the lie in both directions. ow origin, if present, to be included)	B1	
	ma	points plotted correctly – check the two points furthest from the line. This can only be scored if the scale is easy to follow ints must be within ½ small square of the correct position)	B1	
		t fit fine straight line and fine points or crosses e thickness to be no greater than the thickest lines on the grid)	B1	[4]
(e)	<u>Cal</u>	<u>culations</u>		
		use of two points that are on the straight line or two points on a tangent drawn to the curve.		
	(i)	use of a triangle that uses more than half the drawn line to calculate the gradient	A1	
	(ii)	f in the range 13 (cm) to 17 (cm). (Ignore s.f. and unit)	A1	[2]