

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

COMBINED SCIENCE 5129/12

Paper 1 Multiple Choice October/November 2013

1 hour

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

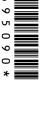
Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

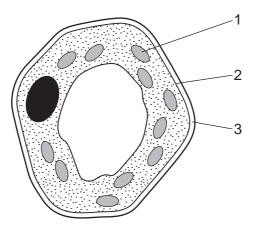
Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 20.

Electronic calculators may be used.



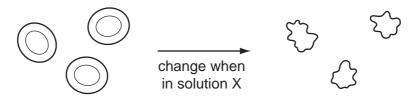
1 The diagram shows a plant cell as seen under a microscope.



Which of the numbered parts carry out these functions?

	controlling entry of dissolved substances	formation of carbohydrates
Α	1	3
В	2	1
С	3	2
D	3	1

2 The diagram represents how some red blood cells change when they are placed in solution X.

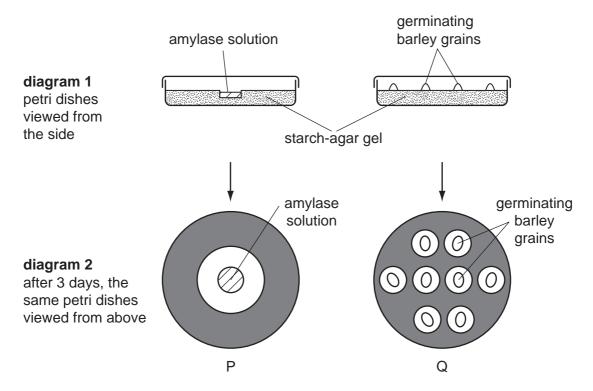


What describes the water concentration in solution X and in which direction does water move?

	water concentration in solution X	direction of water movement
Α	higher than in cells	into the cells
В	higher than in cells	out of the cells
С	lower than in cells	into the cells
D	lower than in cells	out of the cells

3 In an experiment to investigate germinating barley grains, two petri dishes are set up as shown in diagram 1 and left for three days.

lodine solution is then added to the starch-agar gel. The results are shown in diagram 2. The shaded areas indicate the presence of starch.

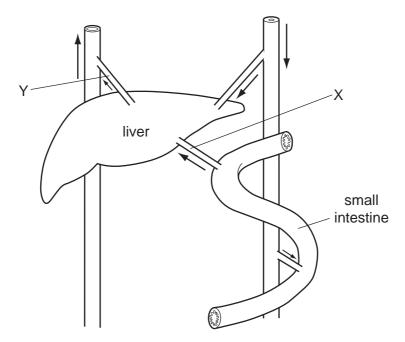


What is shown by dishes P and Q?

	dish P	dish Q				
Α	amylase digests starch	germinating barley grains digest starch				
В	amylase digests starch	ase digests starch germinating barley grains do not digest starc				
С	barley grains produce amylase	germinating barley grains digest starch				
D	barley grains produce amylase	germinating barley grains do not digest starch				

- 4 What is caused by the lack of nitrate ions in plant leaves?
 - A all leaves very dark green
 - **B** leaves yellow between the veins
 - C pale leaves with poor growth
 - **D** wilting of the leaves

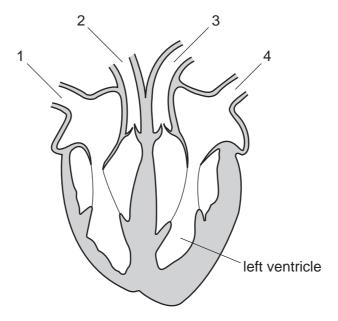
5 The diagram represents the liver and associated blood vessels.



After a meal, how do the levels of glucose and urea in the blood change as the blood passes from X to Y?

	glucose	urea
Α	decrease	decrease
В	decrease	increase
С	increase	decrease
D	increase	increase

6 The diagram shows a vertical section through the heart.



Which numbered blood vessels carry out these functions?

	carries blood to lungs	carries blood from body
Α	1	4
В	2	1
С	3	2
D	4	3

7 What is the approximate oxygen content of expired air?

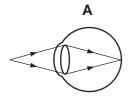
A 0%

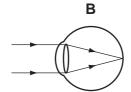
B 16%

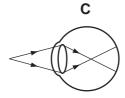
C 20%

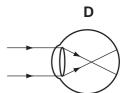
D 79%

8 Which diagram shows how light from a near object is focused on the retina to form a clear image?









9 What are the effects of alcohol and heroin on the body?

	alcohol	heroin
Α	depressant	depressant
В	depressant	stimulant
С	stimulant	depressant
D	stimulant	stimulant

10 Which statement is not corre	20	е	٠,	r	r	١		•	c		t	7	(ı	r	:	is	t	n	اج	16	n	ج	te	4	t	S	า	٦ŀ	i	h	V	Λ	١	1	1	1
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- A A producer can have more than one consumer.
- **B** Energy flowing through biological systems is recycled.
- **C** Food chains show energy flow in ecosystems.
- **D** The Sun is the principal source of energy input into biological systems.

11	Which human	activity h	nas caused	most damag	ge to tr	opical	rain 1	forests?

- A burning fossil fuels
- B flooding of land
- C logging for timber
- **D** searching for medicinal plants

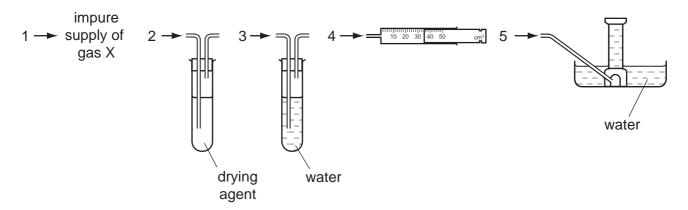
12	After sexual intercourse,	sperm can survive	for 3 days in the	uterus and oviduo	ts. Ovulation can
	occur any time from day	13 to day 15 and ai	n egg cell can live	for 2 days after over	ulation.

Which is the best estimate of the length of the fertile phase of the menstrual cycle?

- **A** 2 days **B** 3 days **C** 5 days **D** 7 days
- **13** What are symptoms of syphilis?
 - A cough up blood, pain when breathing, fatigue
 - **B** pain when urinating, yellow or green discharge from the penis, swollen testicles
 - C rash, ulcers, blindness, paralysis, mental confusion
 - **D** tremors, clumsiness, memory loss, mood changes

14 A gas X is insoluble in water and less dense than air.

An impure supply of X contains water vapour and a water-soluble impurity.



In which order should pieces of apparatus be joined together to collect a pure, dry sample of X?

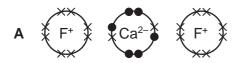
- **A** 1, 2, 3, 4
- **B** 1, 2, 3, 5
- **C** 1, 3, 2, 5
- **D** 1, 3, 2, 4
- **15** The symbol for an atom of potassium is $^{39}_{19} \mathrm{K}$.

What does the number 39 represent for an atom of potassium?

- A its position in the Periodic Table
- **B** the number of electrons plus protons plus neutrons
- **C** the number of nucleons
- **D** the number of protons

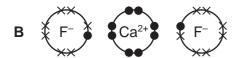
16 Which diagram shows the electron arrangement in calcium fluoride?

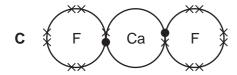
Only the outer shell electrons are shown.

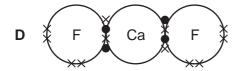


key

- = electrons from calcium
- × = electrons from fluorine







17 A molecule of carbon disulfide, CS₂, contains one carbon atom covalently bonded to two sulfur atoms.

$$S = C = S$$

How many electrons make up all of the covalent bonds in one molecule of CS₂?

- **A** 2
- **B** 4
- **C** 6
- **D** 8
- 18 In the Haber process, nitrogen reacts with hydrogen to form ammonia.

What is the balanced equation for this process?

- $A \quad N_2 \, + \, H_2 \, \rightarrow \, 2NH_3$
- $\textbf{B} \quad N_2 \, + \, 3H_2 \, \rightarrow \, N_2H_6$
- $\textbf{C} \quad N_2 \, + \, 3H_2 \, \rightarrow \, 2NH_3$
- $\textbf{D} \quad N_2 \, + \, 6H_2 \, \rightarrow \, 2NH_3$

19 A man suffering from an excess of acid in his stomach has no indigestion tablets.

Which substance could he take to neutralise this acidity?

- **A** aspirin (pH 6 in solution)
- **B** bicarbonate of soda (pH 8 in solution)
- **C** lemon juice (pH 5)
- **D** salt water (pH 7)
- 20 In 2011, the existence of the element with atomic number 114 was confirmed.

This element is placed directly under lead in the Periodic Table.

Which row describes this element?

	number of outer electrons	metal or non-metal				
Α	4	non-metal				
В	4	metal				
С	7	non-metal				
D	7	metal				

21 Copper is a typical metal.

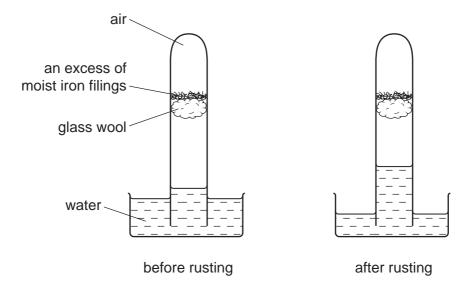
What is **not** a property of copper?

- **A** ductile (can be drawn into wires)
- **B** good conductor of heat
- **C** high melting point
- **D** poor conductor of electricity
- 22 Metal X reacts with the oxide of metal Y but not with the oxide of metal Z.

What is the order of reactivity of the metals X, Y and Z?

	most reactive → least reactive									
Α	X	Z	Y							
В	Y	Х	Z							
С	Z	Х	Y							
D	Z	Υ	Х							

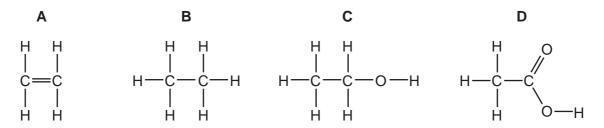
23 The diagram shows apparatus used to investigate the rusting of iron.



Which statement is correct?

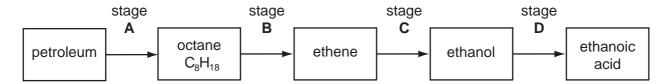
- **A** The amount of gas remaining is 79% of the original volume.
- **B** The iron acts as a catalyst in this experiment.
- **C** The iron only reacts with the nitrogen in the air.
- **D** The volume of gas remaining is about one fifth of the original volume.
- 24 Which compound will **not** produce ammonia when heated with ammonium sulfate?
 - A calcium oxide
 - B magnesium oxide
 - C sodium hydroxide
 - D sulfuric acid
- 25 Which statement about a homologous series is correct?
 - **A** The boiling point increases with decreasing relative molecular mass.
 - **B** The members have the same chemical formula.
 - **C** The members have similar chemical properties.
 - **D** The relative molecular masses of consecutive members differ by 12.

26 Which compound undergoes an addition reaction with bromine?

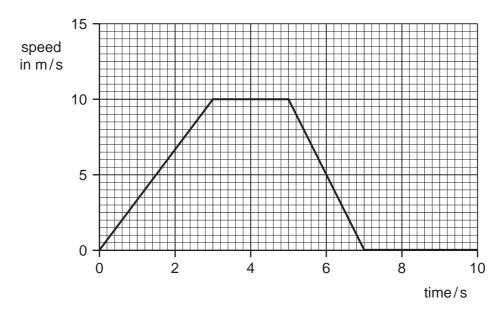


27 The diagram shows four stages in a reaction scheme.

Which stage involves an addition reaction?



28 The graph shows the speed of a car over the first ten seconds of a journey.

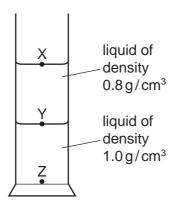


Which statement about the acceleration of the car between 3s and 5s is true?

- A The acceleration decreases.
- **B** The acceleration increases.
- **C** The acceleration is zero.
- **D** The acceleration is 10 m/s.

29 Two liquids form separate layers in a measuring cylinder. The two liquids cannot be mixed. The upper liquid has a density of 0.8 g/cm³ and the lower liquid has a density of 1.0 g/cm³.

A cube of material has a mass of 20 g. The length of each side of the cube is 2 cm. The cube is carefully lowered into the measuring cylinder.



What is the density of the cube material and the final position of the cube in the measuring cylinder?

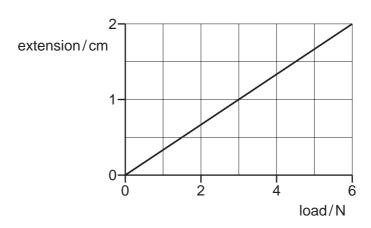
	density g/cm ³	final position
Α	0.4	Х
В	0.4	Y
С	2.5	Y
D	2.5	Z

30 If a nut and bolt are difficult to undo, it may be easier to turn the nut by using a longer spanner.

This is because the longer spanner gives

- **A** a larger turning moment.
- **B** a smaller turning moment.
- C less friction.
- **D** more friction.

31 The extension-load graph is for a spring.

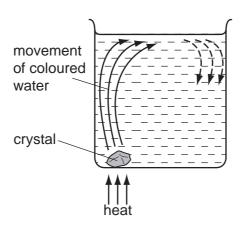


The original length of the spring was 10 cm.

Which load would give a spring length of 15 cm?

- **A** 5N
- **B** 15 N
- **C** 30 N
- **D** 45 N

32 The diagram shows a coloured crystal being heated in a beaker of water. The crystal dissolves and the coloured water circulates around the beaker.



What is happening to cause the water above the crystal to rise?

- **A** The water contracts and its density decreases.
- **B** The water contracts and its density increases.
- **C** The water expands and its density decreases.
- **D** The water expands and its density increases.

33 A ray of light travels from air into glass. The refractive index of the glass is 1.5.

Which of the following pairs of angles are correct?

	angle of incidence	angle of refraction
Α	21.5°	20.0°
В	40.0°	30.0°
С	60.0°	35.3°
D	80.0°	53.3°

34 The diagram shows a positively charged acetate strip and a negatively charged polythene strip that are freely suspended.



Two rods X and Y are brought up in turn to these two strips.

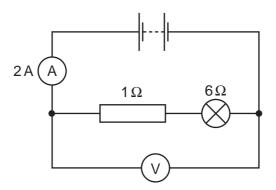
Rod X attracts the acetate strip but repels the polythene strip.

Rod Y does not repel either the acetate strip or the polythene strip.

Which type of charge is on each rod?

	rod X	rod Y
Α	negative	positive
В	negative	uncharged
С	positive	negative
D	positive	uncharged

35 A series circuit consists of a battery, an ammeter, a lamp and a resistor. A voltmeter is placed across the lamp and the resistor.



What is the voltmeter reading?

- **A** 2V
- **B** 10 V
- **C** 12 V
- **D** 14 V

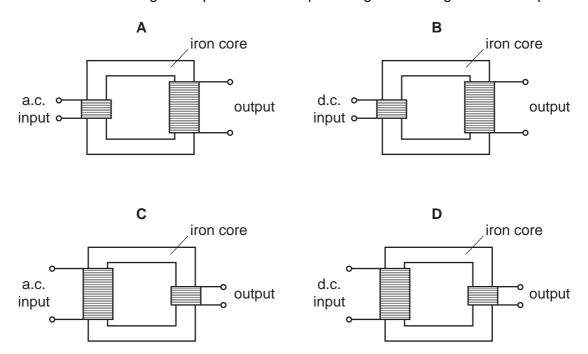
36 A small heater operates at 12 V, 2 A.

How much energy is used in 5 minutes?

- **A** 30 J
- **B** 120 J
- **C** 1800 J
- **D** 7200 J

- 37 What is an example of induced magnetism?
 - A a compass needle pointing north
 - **B** a north pole attracting iron filings
 - **C** a north pole repelling a north pole
 - **D** a negatively charged balloon attracting small pieces of paper

38 Which transformer arrangement produces an output voltage that is larger than the input voltage?



39 A nucleus of the element cobalt may be represented by the symbol $^{59}_{27}$ Co.

What is the structure of this nucleus?

	number of protons	number of neutrons
Α	27	32
В	27	59
С	59	27
D	59	32

40 In an experiment to find the half-life of a radioactive nuclide, the following results were obtained.

activity/counts per min	4100	2800	1900	1300	900	600
time/min	0	2	4	6	8	10

What is the **approximate** half-life of the nuclide?

A 2 min **B** 4 min **C** 6 min **D** 8 min

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DATA SHEET
The Periodic Table of the Elements

	0	4 1	Helium 2	CC	₽	o do	10	40	Ā	Argon 18	84	궃	Krypton 36	131	Xe	Xenon 54		Ru	Radon 86				175	Ľ	Lutetium 71		۲	Lawrencium 103
	II/			10	₽ Ц	Fluorine	6	35.5	CI	Chlorine 17	80	ģ	Bromine 35	127	_	lodine 53		Ą	Astatine 85				173	Υb	Ytterbium 70		2	Nobelium 102
	IN			á	² C	Oxygen	8	32	တ		62	Se	Selenium 34	128	<u>e</u>	Tellurium 52		Ъо	Polonium 84				169	E			Md	Mendelevium 101
	>			7	· Z	Nitropen	7	31	۵	Phosphorus 15	75	As		122	Sb	Antimony 51	209	ä	Bismuth 83				167	ш	Erbium 68		Fm	Fermium 100
	<u>\</u>			10	ے د	Carbon	9	28	Si	Silicon 14	73	Ge	Germanium 32	119	Sn			Pb	Lead 82				165	운	Holmium 67		Es	Einsteinium 99
	III			7	<u> </u>	Boron (5	27	ΝI	Aluminium 13	70	Ga	Gallium 31	115	u –	Indium 49	204	11	Thallium 81				162	۵	Dysprosium 66		ర	Californium 98
											65	Zn	Zinc 30	112	ဦ	Cadmium 48	201	Нg	Mercury 80				159	Тр	Terbium 65		æ	Berkelium 97
											64	చె	Copper 29	108	Ag		197	Αn	Gold 79				157	Gd	Gadolinium 64		Cm	Curium 96
Group											29	Z	Nickel 28	106	Pd	Palladium 46	195	₹	Platinum 78				152	En	Europium 63		Am	Americium 95
פֿ											59	ပိ	Cobalt 27	103	R	Rhodium 45	192	_	Iridium 77				150	Sm	Samarium 62		Pu	Plutonium 94
		- 1	Hydrogen 1								56	Ь	Iron 26	101	Ru	Ruthenium 44	190	Os	Osmium 76					Pm	₇ 6		Q N	Neptunium 93
											55	Mn	Manganese 25		ည	Technetium 43	186	Re	Rhenium 75				144	Š	Neodymium 60	238	_	Uranium 92
											52	ပ်	Chromium 24	96	Mo	Molybdenum 42	184	≥	Tungsten 74				141	Ą	Praseodymium 59		Ра	Protactinium 91
											51	>	Vanadium 23	93	Q Q	Niobium 41	181	⊐	Tantalum 73				140	ပီ	Cerium 58	232	드	Thorium 90
											48	F	Titanium 22	91	Z	Zirconium 40	178	Ξ	Hafnium 72							nic mass	loqi	nic) number
											45	လွ	Scandium 21	88	>	Yttrium 39	139	Гa	Lanthanum 57 *	227	Ac	Actinium †	oprion	orion	000	a = relative atomic mass	X = atomic symbol	b = proton (atomic) number
	=			o	. G	Beryllium	4	24	Mg	Magnesium 12	40	Ca	Calcium 20	88	Š	Strontium 38	137	Ва	Barium 56	226	Ка	Radium 88	*F8_71 potbassiss	Actinoid o	SO-100 Actiliona series	a	×	α —
	_			7	· =	i iii	8	23	Na	Sodium 11	39	×	Potassium 19	85	Rb	Rubidium 37	133	Cs	Caesium 55		Ì	Francium 87	*58_71	100 1 L	501-06		Key	٥

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm³ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

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