

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge Ordinary Level

STATISTICS 4040/13

Paper 1 October/November 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 100

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2016 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

® IGCSE is the registered trademark of Cambridge International Examinations.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	4040	13

MARK SCHEME NOTES

The following notes are intended to aid interpretation of mark schemes in general, but individual mark schemes may include marks awarded for specific reasons outside the scope of these notes.

Types of mark

- M Method marks, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem.
- A Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. For accuracy marks to be given, the associated Method mark must be earned or implied.
- B Mark for a correct result or statement independent of Method marks.

When a part of a question has two or more 'method' steps, the M marks are in principle independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly where there are several B marks allocated. The notation 'dep' is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier, asterisked, mark in the scheme.

The symbol implies that the A or B mark indicated is allowed for work correctly following on from previously incorrect results. Otherwise, A and B marks are given for correct work only.

Abbreviations

AG answer given on question paper

awrt answer which rounds tocao correct answer only

dep dependent

ft follow through after error

oe or equivalent SC special case soi seen or implied

www without wrong working

F	Page 3		Syllabus 4040	Paper
4	/i)	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016 carbohydrates 198° proteins 54° fats 108°	4040	13
1	(i)	(allow B1 for one correct)		B2
	(ii)	chart of radius 4 cm (±1 mm) with three sectors labelled		B1
		their sector angles correct ($\pm 2^{\circ}$) with correct labels		B1√
				[4]
2	(i)	0, 3 in correct place		B1
	(ii)	8, 12 in correct place		B1
		35 in correct place		B1√
	(iii)	40 in correct place		B1
		10, 29 or 10, 6 in correct place		B1√
		fully correct table		B1
				[6]
3	(i)	correct method for mean of d values $(d = 12, 4, -4, -7, -1, 0, 10 \ \Sigma d = 14)$		M1
		mean = 1002		A1
		correct method for SD or variance of d values ($\Sigma d^2 = 326$)		M1
		SD = 6.52 or 6.52		A1
	(ii)	mean = their 1002 - 80 (= 922)		B1√^
		range = 19		B1
				[6]
4	(i)	17		B1
	(ii)	19		B1
	(iii)	correct method (e.g. 11 + 7 + 8 + 5 + 1 + 3)		M1
		35		A1
	(iv)	9		B1
	(v)	11		B1
				[6]

Ė	ugo	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	4040	13
5	(i)	3/87 or 1/29		B1
	(ii)	64/87		B1
	(iii)	69/84 or 23/28		B1
	(iv)	(84/87) × (3/86)		M1
		× 2		M1
		504/7482 or 252/3741 or 84/1247		A1
				[6]
6	(i)	indication of appropriate method by finding total of passengers boarding or alighting (e.g. 27 + 4 + 14 + 7 + 2)		M1
		54		A1
	(ii)	indication of appropriate method by finding numbers travelling between stops (27, 27, 30, 25, 34, 34, 37, 39, 30) implied by one correct answer		M1
		25		A1
		39		A1
	(iii)	(a) comfort		В1
		(b) cost		B1
		(c) punctuality		B1
				[8]
7	(i)	48 + 68 + 20 + 11 (=147)		M1
		48 + 80 + 32 + 20 (=180)		M1
		correct expression seen leading to given answer (147/180) \times 100		A1
		81.7% AG		
	(ii)	correct method for very good, good or moderate group		M1
		100 85 62.5 55		A1

Syllabus

Paper

Page 4

Pa	ige 5		Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	4040	13
((iii)	any one of very good, good or moderate group rate multiplied by standard population figure		M1
		sum of four such products		M1
		(100×0.20) + (85×0.35) + (62.5×0.30) + (55×0.15)		A1√
		76.75% or 76.8%		A1
	(iv)	$(45 \times 1) + (78 \times 0.833) + (44 \times 0.659) + (33 \times 0.606)$ (=159)		M1
		$((their 159)/(45 + 78 + 44 + 33)) \times 100 (=159/2)$		M1
		79.5%		A1
	(v)	(100×0.20) + (83.3×0.35) + (65.9×0.30) + (60.6×0.15)		M1
		78.0%		A1
((vi)	higher standardised pass rate/ achieves greater success with less able students		M1
		Hale		A1√
				[16]
}	(i)	attempted use of class mid-points (17, 19, 21, 23, 26)		M1*
		correct method for mean ($\Sigma fx = 1277$)		M1dep
		21 or 21.2 or 21.3 or 21.28		A1
		finding values of $f \times \text{variable squared (e.g. 1445, 5054)}$		M1
		correct method for SD or variance ($\Sigma fx^2 = 27545$)		M1dep
		2.5 or 2.47 – 2.50		A1
		21.3 and 2.47		A1
	(ii)	8, 17 in correct place		B1
		any indication of column area being proportional to frequency implied by any one correct answer for three non-standard width classes		M1
		4, 21, 10		A3

8

		Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016 4040	13
(ii	ii)	their4 \times 26 + their8 \times 29 + their17 \times 31 + their21 \times 33.5 + their10 \times 37.5 (=1941.5)	M1
		their 1277 + their 1941.5 (=3218.5)	M1
		their 3218.5/60 with Σf = 60 from (ii)	M1
		54 ft only on their 1277	A1√`
		ft only on their 1277	
			[16]
9 ((i)	4, 15, 35, 60, 74, 80	B1
(ii)	horizontal plots at UCBs	B1
		their vertical plots at cfs	M1
		suitable curve	A1
(ii	ii)	(a) 355 – 362.5 (litres)	B1
		(b) Q1 find consumption for cf = $20 (312 - 317 (litres))$	M1
		Q3 find consumption for cf = 60 (400 (litres))	M1
		use of IQR = $Q3 - Q1$ with at least one of Q1, Q3 found properly from their curve	M1
		83 – 88 (litres)	A1
		(c) attempt to find cf at 375 litres (48) as a percentage of 80	M1
		58.75 – 61.25	A1
(i	v)	1 – (their (iii)(c))/100)	B1√^
(v)	their median \times 80 (360 \times 80 = 28800)	M1
		their 28800/1000 (=28.8)	M1
		(their $28.8 \times \$2.50$) + $(80 \times \$0.25)$	M1
		\$92	A1√
			[16]
10 ((i)	15 000	В1
(1	ii)	$15 \times 2500 - 5 \times 2500$	M1
		25 000	A1

Page 6

Syllabus

Paper

	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016		4040	13
(iii)	$[(15 \times 2500 - 13 \times 2500)/(13 \times 2500)] \times 100$ oe			M1
	15% or 15.4% or 15.38%			A1
(iv)	(a) 3/6			B1
	(b) 3/6			B1
	(c) 3/5			B1
(v)	find decrease for total $15000 - 12500$ (=2500) for Com $0.3 \times (15000 - 12500)$ (=4500 - 3750 = 750) for others $0.7 \times (15000 - 12500)$ (=10500 - 8750 = 1750)	or or		M1
	find appropriate fraction $2500\times0.14 \text{or} (2500-750)\times0.2 \text{or} 1750\times0.2$			M1
	350			A1
(vi)	$0.3 \times 1) + 0.7 \times (4/5)$			M1
	0.86			A1
(vii)	$(0.3)^3 (\times 1)$			B1
	$+ (0.14)^3 \times 2$			M1
	0.032 or 0.0325 or 0.0324			A1
				[16]
11 (i)	correctly plotted points (allow B1 for 6 or 7 correct)			B2
(ii)	correct method for USA			M1
	(6.5, 62) plotted correctly			A1
	(4.5, 79) and (2.5, 96) plotted correctly			B1
(iii)	line through at least two of their plotted averages			B1
	correct method for gradient			M1
	correct method for c			M1
	m = -8.60 to -8.40 and $c = 116$ to 118			A1
(iv)	setting $y = 0$ in their equation, solving for x (and subtracting 8)			M1
	6 (accept decimal answer 5.8)			A1√

Page 7

Syllabus

Paper

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge O Level – October/November 2016	4040	13
(v)	(substantial) extrapolation beyond range of data/ relationship established may change/ relationship may become non linear		D.1
	(do not accept references to relapsing alone)		B1
(vi)	(a) any indication that c only is determining factor		M1
	George: highest c, highest y at the start where x=0 ft conclusion from their equation for Alfred		A1√
	(b) any indication that m only is determining factor		M1
	Joseph: <i>magnitude</i> of m is largest, steepest negative gradient ft conclusion from their equation for Alfred		A1√
			[16]

Page 8