## Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge Ordinary Level

STATISTICS
4040/22
Paper 2
October/November 2017
MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 100

## Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.
Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2017 series for most Cambridge IGCSE ${ }^{\circledR}$, Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

PUBLISHED

## MARK SCHEME NOTES

The following notes are intended to aid interpretation of mark schemes in general, but individual mark schemes may include marks awarded for specific reasons outside the scope of these notes.

## Types of mark

M Method marks, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem.
A Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. For accuracy marks to be given, the associated Method mark must be earned or implied.

B Mark for a correct result or statement independent of Method marks.
When a part of a question has two or more 'method' steps, the M marks are in principle independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly where there are several B marks allocated. The notation 'dep' is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier, asterisked, mark in the scheme.

The symbol implies that the A or B mark indicated is allowed for work correctly following on from previously incorrect results. Otherwise, A and B marks are given for correct work only.

## Abbreviations

| AG | answer given on question paper |
| :--- | :--- |
| awrt | answer which rounds to |
| cao | correct answer only |
| dep | dependent |
| ft | follow through after error |
| oe | or equivalent |
| SC | special case |
| soi | seen or implied |
| www | without wrong working |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(i) | 39 and 34 | 1 | B1 |
| 1(ii) | Key/labelling on sectional bars (pass, merit, distinction) and labelling on horizontal axis (male, female) | 4 | B1 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 12 / ‘ 39^{\prime} \times 100,16 / 39^{\prime} \times 100,11 / 39^{\prime} \times 100 ; 19 / 34^{\prime} \times 100,4 / 344^{\prime} \times 100, \\ & 11 / 34 \times 100 \\ & \text { At least one correct percentage calculation } \end{aligned}$ |  | M1 |
|  | 31, 41, 28; 56, 12, 32 (awrt) <br> At least two correct percentages seen, ft their totals from (i) |  | A1) |
|  | Fully correct bar heights |  | A1 |


| Question | Answer |  |  |  | Marks | Partial marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(i) | Qualitative | Discrete quantitative | Continuous quantitative | Not a variable | 4 | B4 for all 5 correct |
|  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
|  | (B3 for 4 correct, B2 for 3 correct, B1 for 2 correct) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2(ii) | 19 and 22 |  |  |  | 1 | B1 |
| 2(iii) | 49.5 and 54.5 |  |  |  | 1 | B1 |
| 3(i) | A pair of frequency polygons drawn for comparison |  |  |  | 4 | B1 |
|  | Key/polygons labelled (male, female), vertical axis labelled (number/frequency) and horizontal axis labelled (height (cm)) |  |  |  |  | B1 |
|  | Suitable linear scales |  |  |  |  | B1* |
|  | Correct plots horizontally and vertically |  |  |  |  | B1dep |
| 3(ii) | Male elephants have a greater shoulder height oe |  |  |  | 1 | B1 |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial <br> marks |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 4(a)(i) | Use of $\mathrm{P}(A \cap B)=\mathrm{P}(A) \times \mathrm{P}(B)$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | M 1 |
|  | $\mathrm{P}(B)=0.25 / 0.5=0.5$ www | A 1 |  |
| 4(a)(ii) | Obtaining a head/tail when another coin is thrown <br> Or obtaining a head/tail when the coin is thrown again <br> Or some other independent event with probability of 0.5 <br> e.g. obtaining an even number when a [fair] die is thrown | $\mathbf{1}$ | B 1 |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial <br> marks |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| $4(\mathrm{~b})$ | Use of $\mathrm{P}(C U D)=\mathrm{P}(C)+\mathrm{P}(D)$ |  | M 1 |
|  | $\mathrm{P}(C U D)=0.62+0.21=0.83$ |  | A 1 |
|  | $\mathrm{P}(C \cap D)=0$ |  | B 1 |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(i) | Houses at equal intervals | 3 | M1 |
|  | 40/5 [=8] or intervals of 8 seen |  | M1 |
|  | 0210182634 |  | A1 |
| 5(ii)(a) | All even numbered houses/all from same side of road ft | 2 | B1^ |
|  | People from just 5 households/people from same household may hold similar opinions |  | B1 |
| 5(ii)(b) | A named sampling method aiming for representation from each side of the road e.g. a sample stratified by side of road, quota - some from each side of road, systematic - odd interval, random | 2 | B1 |
|  | of the people [rather than the houses] |  | B1 |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial <br> marks |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| $6(\mathrm{i})(\mathrm{a})$ | $4 / 25$ or 0.16 | $\mathbf{1}$ | B1 |
| $6(\mathrm{i})(\mathrm{b})$ | $19 / 25$ or 0.76 | $\mathbf{1}$ | B1 |
| $6(\mathrm{i})(\mathrm{c})$ | $2 / 15$ or $0.13[3]$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | B1 |
| $6(\mathrm{i})(\mathrm{d})$ | $17 / 25$ or 0.68 | $\mathbf{1}$ | B1 |
| 6 (ii) | $10 / 25 \times 9 / 24+6 / 25 \times 5 / 24+9 / 25 \times 8 / 24$ <br> Sum of 3 products of 2 probabilities | $\mathbf{3}$ | M1 |
|  | $m / n \times(m-1) /(n-1)$ seen |  | M1 |
|  | $192 / 600$ or $8 / 25$ or 0.32 oe |  | A1 |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial <br> marks |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 7 (i) | 70000 | $\mathbf{1}$ | B1 |
| 7 (ii)(a) | Median | $\mathbf{1}$ | B1 |
| 7 (ii)(b) | Any values between 60000 and 80000 (but not including 80 000) | $\mathbf{2}$ | B1 B1 |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(iii) | 30th value and 90th value (allow 30.25th and 90.75th) | 7 | B1 |
|  | Either: lower quartile $20000 \text { + }$ |  | M1 |
|  | $\ldots \ldots \ldots . . . .(30)-25) / 33 \times 5000$ [= 757.5757...] |  | M1 |
|  | Or: upper quartile $30000+$ |  |  |
|  | $\ldots \ldots . . . . . .(90 '-87) / 24 \times 10000$ [=1250] |  |  |
|  | Lower quartile $=20760$ awrt |  | A1 |
|  | Upper quartile $=31250$ |  | A1 |
|  | Upper quartile - lower quartile |  | M1 |
|  | 10500 awrt |  | A1 |
| 7 (iv) | Either: $2000 / 5000 \times 33 \text { [= } 13.2]$ | 5 | M1 |
|  | '13.2' + $20+5$ |  | M1 |
|  | 38 |  | A1 |
|  | '38' $\times$ \$ $36+(120-38$ ) $\times$ \$45 [= 5058] |  | M1 |
|  | Or: $3000 / 5000 \times 33 \text { [= 19.8] }$ |  |  |
|  | '19.8' + $29+24+6+3$ |  |  |
|  | 82 |  |  |
|  | (120-82') $\times$ \$36 + '82' $\times$ \$45 [=5058] |  |  |
|  | [\$] 5060 awrt |  | A1 |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(i) | $1200 \times 0.12,600 \times 0.4,20 \times 1.2$ one correct product | 3 | M1 |
|  | 144:240:24 oe |  | A1 |
|  | 6:10:1 |  | A1 |
| 8(ii) | Leaflets: 103 | 5 | B1 |
|  | Phone calls: $0.38 / 0.4[\times 100]$ or 0.02/0.4 [ $\times 100$ ] oe |  | M1 |
|  | 95 |  | A1 |
|  | Petrol: 1.26/1.2 [ $\times 100$ ] or 0.06/1.2 [ $\times 100$ ] oe |  | M1 |
|  | 105 |  | A1 |
| 8(iii)(a) | '6' $\times$ '103' + '10' $\times$ '95' + '1' $\times$ '105 | 3 | M1 |
|  | $\div$ ( 6 ' + '10' + '1') |  | M1 |
|  | 98.4 cao (must be to 1 dp ) |  | A1 |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(iii)(b) | [Costs/prices] reduced | 3 | B1 ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |
|  | by $1.6 \%$ awrt |  | B1^ |
|  | between this year and last year/since last year/over the year |  | B1 |
| 8(iv) | 2 in context reasons e.g.: <br> - Number of leaflets may have changed/increased/decreased <br> - Number (of minutes) of phone calls may have changed/increased/decreased <br> - Number of litres of petrol may have changed/increased/decreased/she may travel more/less/change her car [affecting petrol consumption] <br> - Another category, such as e.g. 'online', may be introduced | 2 | B1 B1 |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9(i) | $1-0.8$ [= 0.2] | 4 | M1 |
|  | $0.8 \times 0.1$ |  | M1 |
|  | $0.2 \times 0.7$ |  | M1 |
|  | $0.8 \times 0.1+0.2 \times 0.7=0.22$ AG |  | A1 |
| 9(ii) | Either: $1-0.22[=0.78]$ | 3 | M1* |
|  | $0.22 \times 14.50+{ }^{\prime} 0.78$ ¢ 16.50 |  | M1dep |
|  | Or: $0.22 \times(-) 2[=(-) 0.44]$ |  |  |
|  | 16.50 - 0.44 ' |  |  |
|  | [\$]16.06 |  | A1 |
| 9(iii) | Number of days late $=11$ | 2 | B1 |
|  | Expected earnings $=11 \times 14.50+39 \times 16.50=[\$] 803$ or $50 \times{ }^{\prime} 16.06$ ' $=$ [\$]803 ft |  | B1^ |
| 9(iv) | $\begin{aligned} & y \times(1-0.22)+(y-3) \times 0.22=' 16.06 \text { ' or } y-0.22 \times 3=' 16.06 \text { ' oe } \\ & (\text { Attempt at expected earnings (involving an unknown) }=‘ 16.06 \text { ') } \end{aligned}$ | 4 | M1 |
|  | A correct LHS above |  | M1 |
|  | Fully correct equation above |  | A1 |
|  | [\$]16.72 |  | A1 |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial <br> marks |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| $9(\mathrm{v})$ | Either: $0.16 \times 0.78+0.22 \times 0.84+0.16 \times 0.22$ Or: $1-0.78 \times 0.84$ <br> $($ At least one correct product seen ( $\pm)$ ) | 3 | M1 |
|  | Fully correct expression |  |  |
|  | 0.3448 or 0.345 or $431 / 1250$ oe |  | M1 |
|  |  | A1 |  |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10(i) | [Generally] quicker on first circuit oe | 2 | B1 |
|  | Less varied on first circuit oe |  | B1 |
| 10(ii) | $(57.1-52.3) / 3.2\left[=\left(Z_{1}-0\right) / 1\right]$ or $(63.6-57.6) / 4.8\left[=\left(Z_{2}-0\right) / 1\right]$ | 3 | M1 |
|  | 1.5 and 1.25 |  | A1 |
|  | [Zara performed better] in the second circuit as her scaled time is lower oe ft |  | B1§ |
| 10(iii)(a) | Attempt at mid-points 220, 260, 300 (at least one correct, allow +/-0.5) | 9 | M1 |
|  | Subtraction of assumed mean from their mid-points [-40, 0, 40] |  | M1 |
|  | $\Sigma f^{\prime} x^{\prime}[=280]$ |  | M1* |
|  | $\Sigma \mathrm{fx}^{\prime} / 50$ |  | M1dep |
|  | 5.6 or 280/50 oe |  | A1 |
|  | 265.6 or 266 |  | A1 |
|  | $\Sigma f^{\prime} x^{\prime 2}$ [ $=27200$ ] |  | M1* |
|  | Use of correct formula for variance or standard deviation |  | M1dep |
|  | 22.6 awrt (from correct use of assumed mean) |  | A1 |
| 10(iii)(b) | Data is grouped/mid-points used/we do not know the distribution within classes /large classes/the actual values are not known | 1 | B1 |
| 10(iii)(c) | More classes/smaller class widths | 1 | B1 |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial <br> marks |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 11 (i)(a) | Pattern is likely to repeat every 5 days/5 days is one complete cycle/5 <br> days in this school week | $\mathbf{1}$ | B1 |
|  | Moving average values will coincide with original data/original time <br> (or B1 for $n$ is odd/values are already centred) | $\mathbf{2}$ | B2 |
| $11(\mathrm{i})(\mathrm{c})$ | Totals: $1269,1275,1280,1288,1297,13051$ correct total (may be <br> implied) | $\mathbf{3}$ | M1 |
|  | 253.8, 255, 256, 257.6, 259.4, 261 2 correct moving averages seen |  | A1 |
|  | All correct and in correct positions in table | A1 |  |


| Question | Answer | Marks | Partial marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11(ii) | 281 - '253.8' [=27.2] , 289-'261' [=28] one correct difference (allow $\pm$ ) | 3 | M1 |
|  | Sum of 2 differences $\div 2$ |  | M1 |
|  | 27.6 |  | A1 |
| 11 (iii) | 6 correct plots vertically ft | 3 | B1^ |
|  | 6 correct plots horizontally |  | B1 |
|  | Suitable trend line |  | B1^ |
| 11 (iv) | A reading from the trend line + '27.6' | 2 | M1 |
|  | 296 (whole number) ft their 27.6 and accurate reading from their trend line |  | A1 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 11(v)(a) | Increasing oe | 1 | B1 |
| 11(v)(b) | Any plausible explanation with correct associated judgement e.g. No as there will be an upper limit (number of pupils in the school) | 1 | B1 |

