

## **Cambridge Assessment International Education**

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

MARINE SCIENCE 9693/03

Paper 3 Structured Questions

October/November 2017

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 75

## **Published**

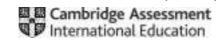
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This mark scheme will use the following abbreviations:

; separates marking points

I separates alternatives within a marking point

() contents of brackets are not required but should be implied / the contents set the context of the answer

R reject

A accept (answers that are correctly cued by the question or guidance you have received)

ignore (mark as if this material was not present)

**AW** alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual, accept other ways of expressing the same idea)

**AVP** alternative valid point (where a greater than usual variety of responses is expected)

**ORA** or reverse argument

<u>underline</u> actual word underlined must be used by the candidate (grammatical variants excepted)

indicates the maximum number of marks that can be awarded
 statements on both sides of the + are needed for that mark

**OR** separates two different routes to a mark point and only one should be awarded **ECF** error carried forward (credit an operation from a previous incorrect response)

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1(a)(i)	intertidal regions / rocky shore ;	1	
1(a)(ii)	idea of, fixing carbon / producing biomass ;	2	
	idea of, putting energy into ecosystems ;		
1(a)(iii)	any 3 of: photosynthesis will be reduced / no photosynthesis;	3	
	light penetration decreases with depth;		
	(so) light too low to provide enough energy;		
	idea that, not all wavelengths penetrate to the same depth / red light only penetrates shallow water / only blue light reaches deep water;		
	wavelength of light not suitable to be captured by, chlorophyll / pigments <b>OR</b> special pigments needed to absorb shorter wavelengths;		
	temperature too cold for enzymes to work ;		
1(b)(i)	any 2 of: urine / excretory material passed out into water;	2	
	undigested food / faeces / uneaten food in water;		
	is broken down / decomposed in the water by bacteria ;		
1(b)(ii)	to make protein / amino acids ;	1	A to make chlorophyll / DNA / enzymes / ATP
1(b)(iii)	kelp carries out photosynthesis;	2	
	using up carbon dioxide (so concentration decreases) + giving out oxygen (so concentration increases);		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1(c)	any 2 of: provides a, habitat / ecological niche, for marine animals / named example;	2	
	provides a food source for marine animals ;		I nutrients
	provides shelter from predators ;		
	provides protection from strong currents / wave action ;		
	provides a nursery area / surface on which to lay eggs ;		

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2(a)(i)	internal fertilisation ;	2	
	young, develop / provided with food source, inside mothers body <b>OR</b> give birth to live young ;		
2(a)(ii)	any 3 of: before birth whale shark fed by yolk + before birth minke whale fed by mother / placenta;	3	
	whale shark gives birth throughout the year + minke whale has breeding season;		<b>A</b> whale shark breeds every year <b>and</b> minke whale every two years
	whale shark several young born at same time + minke whale only 1 at a time;		
	whale shark has a greater number of offspring than minke whale ;		
	whale shark young feed themselves + minke whale fed on mothers milk;		
	whale shark no parental care + minke whale stay with mother up to a year ;		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2(b)	any 2 of: whale shark, very much smaller / 5 to 7 times smaller, at birth than minke whale;	2	
	young whale shark feed on phytoplankton, young minke whales feed on milk;		
	milk is nutrient rich, so faster initial growth in minke whales;		
	(but) adults very similar size ;		A 5 times a languar for unhalo about to reach
	take much longer for whale shark to grow to adult size ;		A 5 times longer for whale shark to reach adult size.

Question	Answer		Guidance
3(a)(i)	organism (has a body fluid concentration) stays the same as that of the external medium (in which it lives);	1	
3(a)(ii)	concentration of body fluids  concentration of external environment	1	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3(a)(iii)	body mass concentration of external environment	1	
3(a)(iv)	ref. to osmosis; when the external concentration is lower than the body tissues then the mussel gains water / <b>ORA</b> ; gain of water causes increase in mass / <b>ORA</b> ;	3	
3(b)(i)	any 3 of: concentration of skate blood is almost the same as sea water; ref. to figures; ref. to high concentration of urea (making concentration higher); lose very little water (by osmosis) / no need to replace water lost (by osmosis);	3	e.g. sea water 1050 au + skate 1035 au
3(b)(ii)	sea water has a higher concentration of chloride ions; chloride enters (by diffusion, so excess has to be excreted);	2	A figures as alternative wording
3(b)(iii)	concentration of eel blood is higher than fresh water; idea that, (excess) water gained (by osmosis) has to be excreted (in urine);	2	A figures as alternative wording

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4(a)	idea of, allows controlled fishing whilst maintaining stock numbers;	1	
4(b)	any 2 of: recruitment / growth / natural mortality / fishing mortality / age of reproductive maturity / fecundity / dependency on particular habitats;;	2	
4(c)	any 2 of: stocks would not be sustainable; (because) large number of juveniles suggests, reduced number of / too few, adults in the population; large numbers of juveniles would be caught;	2	
	so fewer juveniles survive to mature into breeding adults; so fewer adults to spawn in future years;		
4(d)	any 2 of: enough / sustainable stocks of adult fish present now; sea temperature rise indicates an El Niño; this will drive the fish away from fishing areas / to colder waters; fewer / no fish to catch by the start of the fishing season;	2	
4(e)(i)	both have high / similar protein + omega-3 levels ;	1	I ref. to sustainability
4(e)(ii)	(protein) required for growth ;	1	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4(e)(iii)	insects as they can be fed on, manure / fish trimmings / fish waste, which is available in most countries;	1	A recycled
	insects as they do not require any, commercial / expensive equipment / buildings, for production / <b>ORA</b> ;		
	not soya as it requires a suitable climate to grow which is not available in many countries;		
	not soya as agricultural land is needed to produce food for humans;		

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5(a)(i)	wind blows the warmer surface waters away ;	2	
	replaced by colder nutrient rich water from beneath;		
5(a)(ii)	nutrients brought by upwelling increase growth of phytoplankton;	3	A named nutrient
	phytoplankton are basis of food webs / attract herbivores;		
	provide food source for large number of fish ;		
5(b)(i)	algae die when nutrients run out ;	3	
	dead algae sink to the bottom of the sea ;		
	bacteria use up the oxygen to decompose the algae ;		
5(b)(ii)	(most) benthic animals die due to, lack of oxygen / no oxygen, for respiration;	2	
	idea of, food chains / webs disrupted so other, organisms / fish, die;		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5(c)	any 1 of: pesticide or named pesticide / silt / manure ;	1	1 mark for pollutant 1 mark for effect. effect must match the pollutant.
	correct effect for stated pollutant : any 1 of: (pesticide) contain toxins that kill most marine organisms or accumulate in food chains;	1	
	(silt) reduces light penetration through water so algae in deeper water die ; <b>OR</b> settles on coral killing the polyps ;		
	(manure) brings organic material that decomposes using oxygen;		

Question	Answer		Marks	Guidance
6(a)	environment	stage in life cycle	3	
	nest in stream bed	egg / alevin ;		
	freshwater streams	parr / fry ;		
	estuaries ;	smolt		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance		
6(b)(i)	any <b>3</b> of: less water in rivers and streams, so salmon can't reach spawning grounds;	3			
	rocks are porous, so toxic chemicals could pass into the water and poison the eggs and sperm / alevin / parr / fry;				
	vibrations / noise, in water from, blasting / explosives, keep fish away from spawning areas ;		A vibrations may damage nests / river bed		
	damage to dams could release toxic chemicals into the water to poison, eggs and sperm / alevin / parr / fry;				
	damage to dams could release silt which makes water too cloudy and unsuitable for spawning <b>OR</b> ref. to silt damaging gills;				
	dams could block migration route to spawning grounds;				
6(b)(ii)	idea of, a person who has an interest (commercial or ecological) in a particular area;	1			

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
6(b)(iii)	support	4	Note: The stakeholder should be a person or representative of a group of people
	villager from Cook Inlet / villager from Iliamna lake ;		
	idea of, new employment opportunities (from mine / new port) / better transport links / more money in local economy;		
	oppose any 1 × 2 of:		
	hunting / fishing lodge owner;		
	idea of, ensuring local wildlife is preserved to maintain income from tourism;		
	OR villager from Iliamna lake ;		
	idea of, protecting fish stocks in the lake to sustain local population / income from tourism;		
	OR commercial salmon fisherman ;		
	idea of, protecting employment in salmon fishing industry / ensuring salmon stocks are sustainable;		
	OR environmental groups / named environmental groups ;		
	idea of, protecting specific species / representing the interests of their group;		
7(a)	term	3	
	biotechnology;		
	gene ;		
	selective breeding;		

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
7(b)(i)	idea that, transferred genes are not placed in the nucleus / transferred genes are placed in the, cell / cytoplasm;	2	
	DNA will attach randomly to the DNA of the host cell;		
7(b)(ii)	idea of, switching on a gene ;	1	
7(c)	any 3 of: transfer of genes into the wild population;	3	
	competition with wild populations (for food);		
	disruption of food chains ;		
	could introduce disease ;		

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