

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2007 question paper

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/03

Paper 3, maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

- CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2007 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

| | | | |
|---------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Page 2 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| | IGCSE – May/June 2007 | 0452 | 03 |

- 1 (a) Work can be shared between several people
 Easier for reference as same type of accounts are kept together
 Easier to introduce checking procedures

Or other suitable point

Any 1 point [1]

[1]

(b)

Purchases Ledger
 Oman El Gamal account

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|---------------|------------|-----|-------|-----------|------------|-----|
| 2007 | \$ | | | 2007 | \$ | | |
| Mar 19 | Bank | 429 | [1] | Mar 8 | Purchases | 440 | [1] |
| | Discount recd | 11 | [1] | | | | |
| | | <u>440</u> | | | | <u>440</u> | |

Mohammed El Wakil account

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|------------------|------------|-----|--------|-------------|------------|------------|
| 2007 | \$ | | | 2007 | \$ | | |
| Mar 24 | Purchase returns | 128 | [1] | Mar 21 | Purchases | 304 | [1] |
| 26 | Cash | 110 | [1] | | | <u>304</u> | |
| 31 | Balance c/d | 66 | [1] | 2007 | | | |
| | | <u>304</u> | | Apr 1 | Balance b/d | 66 | [1] O/F |

+ [1] Dates

[9]

(b) Alternative presentation

Omar El Gamal account

| | | | |
|-------|---------------|---------|---------|
| 2007 | Debit | Credit | Balance |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Mar 8 | Purchases | 440 [1] | 440 Cr |
| 19 | Bank | | 11 Cr |
| | Discount recd | 11 [1] | 0 |

Mohammed El Wakil account

| | | | |
|--------|------------------|---------|------------------|
| 2007 | Debit | Credit | Balance |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Mar 21 | Purchases | 304 [1] | 304 Cr |
| 24 | Purchase returns | 128 [1] | 176 Cr |
| 26 | Cash | 110 [1] | 66 Cr |
| | | | [2]C/F [1]O/F |

+ [1] Dates

[9]

(c)

Nominal Ledger
Purchases account

| | | | |
|--------|-------------------|-----|-----|
| 2007 | \$ | | |
| Mar 31 | Total from | | |
| | purchases journal | 744 | [1] |
| | Cash | 990 | [1] |

Purchases returns account

| | | | |
|--|--------|-----------------|---------|
| | 2007 | \$ | |
| | Mar 31 | Total from | |
| | | returns journal | 128 [1] |

[3]

(c) **Alternative presentation**

Purchases account

| | Debit | Credit | Balance |
|--------|-------------------|--------|----------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 2007 | | | |
| Mar 31 | Total from | | |
| | purchases journal | 744 | 744 Dr |
| | Cash | 990 | 1 734 Dr |

Purchases returns account

| | Debit | Credit | Balance |
|--------|-----------------|--------|---------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 2007 | | | |
| Mar 31 | Total from | | |
| | returns journal | 128 | 128 Cr |

[3]

(d) Assist in the location of errors

Provide instant totals of debtors/creditors

Proves the arithmetical accuracy of sales/purchases ledgers

Enable the Balance Sheet to be prepared quickly

Provide a summary of the transactions relating to debtors/creditors

Provide an internal check on sales/purchases ledgers – may reduce fraud

Or other relevant points

Any 2 points [1] each

[2]

(e)

| | Item | Entry in sales ledger control account |
|-------|---|--|
| (ii) | Cheques received from debtors | credit [1] |
| (iii) | Trade discount allowed to debtors | no entry [1] |
| (iv) | Contra item transferred to purchases ledger | credit [1] |

[3]

[Total: 18]

| | | | |
|---------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Page 4 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| | IGCSE – May/June 2007 | 0452 | 03 |

- 2 (a) (i) So that the profits for the year are not over-stated [1]
- (ii) So that the debtors in the Balance Sheet are shown at a realistic amount [1] [2]

(b) Matching principle [1]

(c) (i)

| J.Ukata account | | | |
|-----------------|-----------|------------|-------|
| 2006 | | \$ | |
| Feb 4 | Sales | 900 | } [1] |
| Mar 1 | Sales | 80 | |
| | | <u>980</u> | |
| 2006 | | \$ | |
| Mar 1 | Bank | 873 | [1] |
| | Discount | 27 | [1] |
| 2007 | | | |
| Jan 31 | Bad debts | <u>80</u> | [1] |
| | | <u>980</u> | |

(ii)

| Bad debts account | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------|---------|
| 2007 | | \$ | |
| Jan 31 | J.Ukata | <u>80</u> | [1] |
| | | <u>80</u> | |
| 2007 | | \$ | |
| Jan 31 | Profit & Loss | <u>80</u> | [1] O/F |
| | | <u>80</u> | |

(iii)

| Bad debts recovered account | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------|-----|
| 2007 | | \$ | |
| Jan 31 | Profit & Loss* | <u>35</u> | [1] |
| | | <u>35</u> | |
| 2006 | | \$ | |
| Dec 31 | Cash | <u>35</u> | [1] |
| | | <u>35</u> | |

(iv)

| Provision for doubtful debts account | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------|---------|
| 2007 | | \$ | |
| Jan 31 | Balance c/d | 200 | [1] |
| | | <u>200</u> | |
| 2006 | | \$ | |
| Feb 1 | Balance b/d | 150 | [1] |
| 2007 | | | |
| Jan 31 | Profit & Loss | <u>50</u> | [1] |
| | | <u>200</u> | |
| 2007 | | | |
| Feb 1 | Balance b/d | 200 | [1] O/F |

[12]

* Alternatively, transfer to bad debts account. The transfer from bad debts to profit & loss would then be \$45.

(c) Alternative presentation

(i)

J.Ukata account

| | Debit | Credit | Balance | |
|------------------|-------|--------|---------|----|
| 2006 | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| Feb 4 Sales | 900 | | 900 | Dr |
| Mar 1 Sales | 80 | | 980 | Dr |
| Bank | | 873 | 107 | Dr |
| Discount | | 27 | 80 | Dr |
| 2007 | | | | |
| Jan 31 Bad debts | | 80 | 0 | |

(ii)

Bad debts account

| | Debit | Credit | Balance | |
|----------------|-------|--------|---------|----|
| 2007 | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| Jan 31 J.Ukata | 80 | | 80 | Dr |
| Profit & Loss | | 80 | 0 | |

(iii)

Bad debts recovered account

| | Debit | Credit | Balance | |
|-----------------------|-------|--------|---------|----|
| 2006 | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| Dec 31 Cash | | 35 | 35 | Cr |
| 2007 | | | | |
| Jan 31 Profit & Loss* | 35 | | 0 | |

(iv)

Provision for doubtful debts account

| | Debit | Credit | Balance | |
|----------------------|-------|--------|---------|----|
| 2006 | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| Feb 1 Balance | | 150 | 150 | Cr |
| 2007 | | | | |
| Jan 31 Profit & Loss | | 50 | 200 | Cr |

[12]

* Alternatively, transfer to bad debts account. The transfer from bad debts to profit & loss would then be \$45.

(d)

| | Item | Overstated | Understated |
|--------------|---|-------------|---------------|
| | | \$ | \$ |
| (ii) | Net profit for the year ended 31 January 2007 | 50 [1] | No effect [1] |
| (iii) | Total of current assets in Balance Sheet at 31 January 2007 | 200 O/F [1] | No effect [1] |

[4]

[Total: 19]

| | | | |
|---------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Page 6 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| | IGCSE – May/June 2007 | 0452 | 03 |

3 (a)

Jamil and Sara Suliman
Trading Account for the year ended 30 April 2007

| | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|---------------|---------------|---------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| Sales | | | 30 000 | [1] |
| Less cost of sales | | | | |
| Opening stock | | 5 000 | | [1] |
| Purchases | | <u>26 000</u> | | [1] |
| | | 31 000 | | |
| Less Closing stock – Stock remaining | 4 500 | | | [1] |
| Stock lost | 2 500 | | | [2] C/F |
| | | | | [1] O/F |
| | | <u>7 000</u> | | |
| Gross profit | | | <u>24 000</u> | |
| | | | <u>6 000</u> | (2) |

Horizontal format acceptable

[8]

(b) Calculation of net profit –

| | | |
|---------------|-------------|---------|
| | \$ | |
| Gross profit | 6000 | O/F |
| Less Expenses | <u>4600</u> | |
| Net profit | <u>1400</u> | [1] O/F |

[1]

(c) Calculation of partners' share of the residual net profit/loss –

| | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|------|--------|---------|
| | | \$ | \$ | |
| Net profit | | | 1400 | [1] O/F |
| Interest on capital – Jamil | | 2000 | | |
| Sara | | 1000 | 3000 | [1] |
| | | | (1600) | |
| Share of loss – Jamil | | 800 | | |
| Sara | | 800 | (1600) | [1] O/F |

[3]

(d)

Current accounts

| | | Jamil | Sara | | | Jamil | Sara | |
|--------|---------------|-------------|-------------|--------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|---------|
| | | \$ | \$ | | | \$ | \$ | |
| 2006 | | | | 2006 | | | | |
| May 1 | Balance b/d | 200 | | May 1 | Balance b/d | | 600 | [1] |
| 2007 | | | | 2007 | | | | |
| Apr 30 | Drawings | 3100 | 2800 | Apr 30 | Interest on capital | 2000 | 1000 | [1] |
| | Share of Loss | <u>800</u> | <u>800</u> | | Balances c/d | <u>2100</u> | <u>2000</u> | |
| | | <u>4100</u> | <u>3600</u> | | | <u>4100</u> | <u>3600</u> | |
| 2007 | | | | | | | | |
| May 1 | Balances b/d | 2100 | 2000 | | | | | [1] O/F |

In all cases the marks are for suitable wording and two figures

Alternatively allow two separate “T” accounts

[5]

(d) Alternative presentation

Jamil Current account

| | Debit | Credit | Balance | |
|---------------------|-------|--------|---------|----|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| 2006 | | | | |
| May 1 Balance | 200 | | 200 | Dr |
| 2007 | | | | |
| Apr 30 Drawings | 3100 | | 3300 | Dr |
| Share of loss | 800 | | 4100 | Dr |
| Interest on Capital | | 2000 | 2100 | Dr |

Sara Current account

| | Debit | Credit | Balance | |
|---------------------|-------|--------|---------|----|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| 2006 | | | | |
| May 1 Balance | | 600 | 600 | Cr |
| 2007 | | | | |
| Apr 30 Drawings | 2800 | | 2200 | Dr |
| Share of loss | 800 | | 3000 | Dr |
| Interest on Capital | | 1 000 | 2000 | Dr |

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Opening balances | [1] for suitable wording and two figures |
| Drawings | [1] for suitable wording and two figures |
| Share of loss | [1] O/Fs for suitable wording and two figures |
| Interest on capital | [1] for suitable wording and two figures |
| Closing balances | [1] O/Fs for two figures |

[5]

(e) (i) To enter goodwill on the books

| account(s) to be debited | \$ | account(s) to be credited | \$ |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Goodwill | 20 000 [1] | Jamil Capital | 10 000 [1] |
| | | Sara Capital | 10 000 [1] |

(ii) To write off the goodwill

| account(s) to be debited | \$ | account(s) to be credited | \$ |
|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Jamil Capital | 8000 [1] | Goodwill | 20 000 [1] |
| Sara Capital | 8000 [1] | | |
| Fatima Capital | 4000 [1] | | |

[7]

[Total: 24]

| | | | |
|---------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Page 8 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| | IGCSE – May/June 2007 | 0452 | 03 |

4 (a)

Peter Mpho
Balance Sheet at 31 January 2007

| | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------|---------------|--------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| Fixed Assets | | | | |
| Premises at cost | | | 90 000 | |
| Equipment at valuation | | | <u>47 000</u> | [1] |
| | | | 137 000 | |
| Current Assets | | | | |
| Stock | | 17 500 | | |
| Debtors (19 200 + 150) | | 19 350 | | [1] |
| Petty cash | | <u>100</u> | | |
| | | 36 950 | | [1]O/F |
| Current Liabilities | | | | |
| Creditors | 29 000 | | | |
| Bank overdraft (300 – 1050) | 750 | | | [1] |
| Accrual | <u>200</u> | | | [1] |
| | | <u>29 950</u> | | [1]O/F |
| Working Capital | | | <u>7 000</u> | [1]O/F |
| | | | 144 000 | |
| Capital | | | | |
| Opening Balance | | | 145 000 | |
| *Net Profit (13 500 – 200 + 600 – 3000 – 1050 + 150) | | | <u>10 000</u> | [1]O/F |
| | [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] | | 155 000 | |
| Drawings (10 400 + 600) | | | <u>11 000</u> | [1] |
| | | | 144 000 | |

Horizontal format acceptable

[14]

| | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|-------------|---------------|--|
| *Calculation of net profit | | | | |
| Original figure | | | 13 500 | |
| Add goods for own use | | 600 | | |
| carriage outwards | | <u>150</u> | 750 | |
| | | | 14 250 | |
| Less wages owing | | 200 | | |
| revaluation of equipment | | 3000 | | |
| bank charges | | <u>1050</u> | 4 250 | |
| | | | <u>10 000</u> | |

- (b) (ii) Reliability [1]
 (iii) Comparability [1]
 (iv) Understandability [1]

[3]

(c) Financial information is only relevant if it can be used –

To confirm or correct prior expectations about past events
 To assist in forming, revising or confirming expectations about the future
 As the basis for financial decisions

Explanation of any 1 point [2]

[2]

[Total: 19]

| Page 9 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|-----------------------|----------|-------|
| | IGCSE – May/June 2007 | 0452 | 03 |

- 5 (a) (i) Current ratio $70\,000 : 40\,000 = 1.75 : 1$ [1]
- (ii) Quick ratio $(70\,000 - 34\,000) : 40\,000 = 0.90 : 1$ [1]
- (iii) Collection period for debtors $\frac{29\,000}{275\,000} \times \frac{365}{1}$ [1] = 39 days [1]
- (iv) Payment period for creditors $\frac{40\,000}{465\,000} \times \frac{365}{1}$ [1] = 32 days [1] [6]
- (b) Does not include stock in the calculation [1]
Either
 Stock is not regarded as a liquid asset – a buyer has to be found and then the money collected. Some stock may prove to be unsaleable. [1]
Or
 The quick ratio shows whether the business would have any surplus liquid funds if all the current liabilities were paid immediately from the liquid assets. [1] [2]
- (c) Satisfied if (a) (ii) is higher than the ratio for 2005
 Not satisfied if (a) (ii) is lower than the ratio for 2005 [1]
- (d) Increase in current liabilities greater than the increase in current assets
 Increase in creditors and no significant change in current assets
 Decrease in debtors and no significant change in current liabilities
 Decrease in bank and no significant change in current liabilities
 Decrease in stock and no significant change in current liabilities
Or suitable response based on own figure calculation in (a) (i)
Any 1 acceptable point [2] [2]
- (e) (i) Not satisfied if (a) (iii) is more than the ratio for 2005
 Satisfied if (a) (iii) is less than the ratio for 2005 [1]
- (ii) Debtors are taking 9 days longer to pay than the previous year
Or suitable explanation based on O/F answer to (a) (iii) [2]
- (f) Debtors are taking longer to pay so this may have a knock-on effect and mean that the creditors may have to wait longer for their accounts to be paid.
Or suitable explanation based on O/F answer to (a) (iii) and (a) (iv) [2]
- (g) Rate of stock turnover [1]

| | | | |
|----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Page 10 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
| | IGCSE – May/June 2007 | 0452 | 03 |

(h) The accounts may be for 1 year only and not show trends

The accounts may not be for a typical year

The financial year may end at a different point in the trading cycle

The businesses may operate different accounting policies e.g. depreciation

The accounts do not show non-monetary items but these are important in the success of a business

It is not always possible to obtain all the information about a business in order to make a true comparison

Or other suitable points

Any 3 correct points [1] each

[3]

[Total: 20]