

# UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

**ACCOUNTING** 0452/03

Paper 3 May/June 2009 1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in the Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

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1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
Total		

This document consists of 20 printed pages and 4 blank pages.



1 Tony and Alice Mundondo started a business on 1 March 2007 supplying and repairing computers. On that date they purchased a motor vehicle, \$9500, on credit from Valley Motors. They purchased a further motor vehicle, \$10 800, on 1 July 2008 and paid by cheque.

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They decided to depreciate the motor vehicles at 20 % per annum using the straight line (equal instalment) method. The depreciation was to be calculated from the date of purchase. No depreciation was to be charged in the year of disposal of a motor vehicle.

#### **REQUIRED**

- (a) Write up the following accounts in the ledger of Tony and Alice Mundondo for **each** of the years ended 29 February 2008 and 28 February 2009:
  - (i) Motor vehicles account
  - (ii) Provision for depreciation of motor vehicles account

Where traditional "T" accounts are used they should be balanced at the end of each year, and the balance brought down on the first day of the following financial year. Where three column running balance accounts are used the balance column should be up-dated after each entry.

(i)	Motor vehicles account

	Provision for depreciation of motor vehicles account	
		•
	[S	[י
(b)	Prepare the relevant extract from the fixed assets section of Tony and Alice Mundondo's balance sheet at 28 February 2009.	€
	Tony and Alice Mundondo Extract from Balance Sheet at 28 February 2009	
	[3	;]

On 31 March 2009 Tony and Alice Mundondo decided that the motor vehicle purchased in 2007 was too small. On that date they purchased a larger motor vehicle from Valley Motors who agreed to accept the original motor vehicle in part exchange.

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Tony and Alice Mundondo opened an account in the ledger to record the disposal of the motor vehicle.

#### **REQUIRED**

(c) Complete the following table to indicate the ledger accounts to be debited and credited to record the disposal of the motor vehicle on 31 March 2009.

		account to be debited	account to be credited
(i)	eliminating original cost of motor vehicle from ledger		
(ii)	eliminating accumulated depreciation from ledger		
(iii)	recording part exchange allowance made by Valley Motors		

[6]

Tony and Alice Mundondo have heard of the revaluation method of depreciation but do not understand how it is applied.

#### **REQUIRED**

(d)

(i)	Explain the revaluation method of depreciation.
	[2]
(ii)	State <b>one</b> type of fixed asset which is suitable for depreciation using the revaluation method.
	[1]
	[Total: 21]

Question 2 is on the next page.

**2** Morag MacDonald provides a range of business services for small retail organisations. Her financial year ends on 31 December.

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She provided the following information for the year ended 31 December 2008.

	\$
Fees from clients	75 050
Property tax paid	1 800
Repairs and maintenance	2 930
Rent received from tenant	2 750
Wages	45 000
Stationery and office supplies	1 790
Insurance	1 680

#### Additional information

1 On 31 December 2008:

	\$
Fees due from clients (debtors)	9000
Wages owing	2000
Insurance prepaid	240
Stock of stationery and office supplies	35
Rent prepaid by tenant	150

2 Office equipment is depreciated using the reducing (diminishing) balance method at 50 % per annum.

On 1 January 2008 the office equipment account had a balance of \$10 800 and the provision for depreciation of office equipment account had a balance of \$8100.

3 A provision for doubtful debts is maintained at  $2\frac{1}{2}$ % of the fees due from clients (debtors) at the end of each financial year.

On 1 January 2008 the provision for doubtful debts amounted to \$250.

# **REQUIRED**

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(a) Prepare the profit and loss account of Morag MacDonald for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Morag MacDonald

Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 December 2008
[9]

On 31 December 2008 Morag MacDonald had money in the bank but her working capital was lower than it was at the start of the year.

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# **REQUIRED**

(b)		lain why it is king capital.	s important for Morag MacDonald to have an adequate amount	of
				•••••
				[2]
(c)	State	e <b>two</b> ways in	which Morag MacDonald could increase her working capital.	
	(i)			[1]
	(ii)			[1]
(d)	Stat Mor		plain the effect of <b>each</b> of the following transactions d's working capital.	on
	The	first one has	been completed as an example.	
	(i)	Office equipr	ment, \$10 000, was purchased by cheque.	
		Effect	working capital decreases by \$10 000	
		Explanation	The current assets decrease by \$10 000 as the bank balance	
			decreases. There is no change in the current liabilities.	
	(ii)	An increase	in the provision for doubtful debts of \$50.	
		Effect		
		Explanation		
				[2]

(iii)	Payment of S	\$200 by a debtor in cash.		
	Effect			
	Explanation			
			[	[2]
(iv)	Payment of S	\$96 by cheque to a creditor in full settlement of \$100 owing.		
	Effect			
	Explanation			
			[	[2]
		1	Total: 19	<b>9</b> ]

3 Mohammed Hanif maintains a full set of books of prime (original) entry and prepares a sales ledger control account and a purchases ledger control account at the end of every month.

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He provided the following information for the month of April 2009.

		\$
April 1	Sales ledger balances	4100 debit
•	Sales ledger balances	72 credit
April 30	Totals for the month:	
	Sales journal	5300
	Sales returns journal	320
	Cash sales	3900
	Cheques received from debtors	3850
	Cheque received from a debtor (included	65
	in the cheques received shown above)	
	later dishonoured	
	Cash received relating to a bad debt	250
	written off in September 2007	
	Discount allowed	150
	Increase in provision for doubtful debts	60
	Transfer from a purchases ledger account	240
	to a sales ledger account	

# **REQUIRED**

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(a) Select the relevant figures and prepare Mohammed Hanif's sales ledger control account for the month ended 30 April 2009. There is only one balance on the account at the end of the month.

Where a traditional "T" account is used it should be balanced and the balance brought down on 1 May 2009. Where a three column running balance account is used the balance column should be up-dated after each entry.

Mohammed Hanif

	Sales ledger control account
	[10]
(b)	State <b>one</b> reason why it is possible to have a credit balance brought down on a sales ledger control account.
	[1]

(c) State where each of the following items will appear in a purchases ledger control account. If the item will not appear in a purchases ledger control account write "No entry". The first one has been completed as an example. Entry in purchases ledger Item control account (i) Purchases returns debit ..... (ii) Cash purchases (iii) Discount received (iv) Interest charged by supplier on overdue account Mohammed Hanif's accountant advised him that it is necessary to make decisions in relation to accounting policies. He informed Mohammed Hanif that one of the four objectives he must consider is "relevance". **REQUIRED** (d) Explain to Mohammed Hanif what is meant by the term "relevance".

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Mohammed Hanif's accountant informed him that the accounting statements prepared at the end of the financial year provide only a limited amount of information about the business.

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#### **REQUIRED**

	<b>~~</b>	<del></del>
(e)		te how <b>each</b> of the following may be regarded as a limitation of accounting ements.
	The	first one has been completed as an example.
	(i)	Historic cost
		All transactions are recorded at the actual cost price.
		It is difficult to compare transactions taking place at different times.
	(ii)	Money measurement
		[2]
	(iii)	Time factor
		[2]

[Total: 20]

The Lobatse Rugby Club had the following assets and liabilities on 1 April 2008.

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	\$
Equipment at book value	4400
Cash at bank	3700
Subscriptions prepaid by members	100
Subscriptions owed by members	50
Accumulated fund	8050

The treasurer of the club prepared the following receipts and payments account for the year ended 31 March 2009.

2008 \$ 2009	\$
April 1 Balance b/d 3700 Mar 31 Transfer to bank	
2009 deposit a/c	2000
Mar 31 Subscriptions 2250 Equipment	1800
Interest received 100 Secretarial expenses	s 210
Entrance fees for Advertising	40
sports day 520 General expenses	490
Rent	1530
Sports day expenses	s 370
Balance c/d	<u>130</u>
<u>6570</u>	<u>6570</u>
2009	
April 1 Balance b/d 130	

The treasurer supplied the following additional information.

On 31 March 2009:

	\$
Subscriptions owing by members	200
Rent accrued	30
General expenses prepaid	20

The equipment is depreciated by 10 % per annum on the value of equipment held at the end of each financial year.

# **REQUIRED**

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(a) Prepare the subscriptions account as it would appear in the ledger of the Lobatse Rugby Club for the year ended 31 March 2009.

Show the amount transferred to the income and expenditure account.

Where a traditional "T" account is used it should be balanced and the balance brought down on 1 April 2009. Where a three column running balance account is used the balance column should be up-dated after each entry.

Lobatse Rugby Club

Subscriptions account
[7]
[1]

(b) Prepare the income and expenditure account of the Lobatse Rugby Club for the year ended 31 March 2009. Lobatse Rugby Club Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 March 2009

(c) (i)	(i) Select one of the items appearing in the receipts and payments account wh should not be included in the income and expenditure account and explain wh does not appear.	
		Item
		Explanation
		[2]
(ii)	-	Select <b>one</b> of the items appearing in the income and expenditure account which does <b>not</b> appear in the receipts and payments account and explain <b>why</b> it does not appear.
		Item
		Explanation
		[2]

;

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[Total: 21]

5 Kalpna Khan started a business on 1 April 2007. On that date she rented premises larger than she required so that she had space for future expansion. She employs ten staff to make exclusive hand-made sweets and chocolates, which are sold to department stores and personal customers.

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She provided the following information:

ratio	Year ended 31 March 2008	Year ended 31 March 2009
percentage of gross profit to sales	25 %	21%
percentage of net profit to sales	10 %	9%

RE	REQUIRED		
(a)	Suggest <b>two</b> reasons for the fall in the percentage of <b>gross</b> profit to sales.		
	(i)		
	(ii)		
		[2]	
(b)	Exp	plain <b>one</b> way in which the percentage of <b>net</b> profit to sales could be increased.	
	•••••	[1]	
Kal	pna l	Khan is interested in the effect of expenses on her profitability.	
RE	QUIF	RED	
(c)		ng the information in the table above, calculate the percentage of expenses to sales <b>each</b> year. Show your calculations.	
	(i)	Year ended 31 March 2008	
	(ii)	Year ended 31 March 2009	
		[2]	

(d)	Explain how the change in the per efficiency of the business.	centage of expens	ses to sales has	affected the
				[2]
	ona Khan is allowed a period of 60 d tors a period of 30 days in which to pa		y her creditors. Sh	e allows her
	31 March 2009 Kalpna Khan owed 500.	\$44 500 to her cr	editors and her d	ebtors owed
Kal	ona Khan's purchases and sales for th	e year ended 31 M	arch 2009 were:	
	Purchases – cash 4 credit 320	000		
RE	QUIRED			
(e)	Complete the table below to show the	e ratios for the year	ended 31 March 2	009.
	Calculations should be rounded up to	the next whole day	<i>1</i> .	
	ratio	Year ended 31 March 2008	Year ended 31 March 2009	
	payment period for creditors	61 days	days	
	collection period for debtors	29 days	days	
				[4]
	Use the space below for your workings.			

(f)	Using the figures in the table above, explain the effect of the change in the ratios on the liquidity of Kalpna Khan's business.	For Examiner's Use
	[2]	
(g)	Explain <b>two</b> ways in which Kalpna Khan could improve the collection period for debtors.	
	(i)	
	(ii)	
	[2]	

Kalpna Khan wishes to compare her results with those of a similar business. She is aware that there are problems in making such a comparison.

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[Total: 19]

# **REQUIRED**

**(h)** Explain how **each** of the following affects inter-firm comparison. Use examples to illustrate your answers.

The first has been completed as an example.

(i) Different type of expenses

One business may own premises, another may rent premises. This affects the expenses and the profit and the profitability ratios – making comparison difficult.

(ii)	Non-monetary factors
(iii)	Accounting policies
	[4]

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