CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/22

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
•	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0452	22
(a)	Zabeel Manufacturing Account for the year ended 31 C		
Purchas Less Pu Carriage Less Clo Direct fa Prime co Factory Indirect General Rates a Deprecia	rchases returns e on purchases psing inventory of raw materials actory wages (46 000 + 2150) pst overheads wages expenses (21 660 – 370) and insurance (60% x 6000)	96 5 11 210 (1) 21 290 (1) 3 600 (1) 12 900 (1) 290 (1) 49 145	
			[14]
(b)	Zabeel Income Statement for the year ended 31 Oct		Φ.
		\$ 3 400 (1) <u>2 600</u> (1) 180	\$ 800
Product	ion cost of goods completed 13 ses of finished goods	5 620 (1) O/F <u>9 200</u> (1) 4 820	
Less Clo Gross p			200 600 (1) O/F
			[6]
(c) (i) Low	ver of cost and net realisable value		[1]
(ii) Pru	dence		[1]
(d) (i) Rea	alisation		[1]
(ii) Bus	siness entity		[1]
			[Total: 24]

1

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2 (a) Nancy Tanwin

Rent received account

2012 2011 Nov 1 Balance/bank/cash Oct 31 Income 432 (1) 2592 (2)C/F 2012 statement (1)O/F Jan 1 Bank 1296**} (1)** 216 Oct 31 Balance c/d July 1 Bank 1080} 2808 2808

2012

Nov 1 Balance b/d 216 (1) O/F

+ (1) Dates [6]

(b) Current liabilities (1)

Nancy Tanwin has a liability to provide a benefit for which she has already been paid. (1) [2]

(c) Nancy Tanwin

Advertising expenses account

2011 \$ 2011 \$ Nov 15 Cash 74} Nov 1 Balance b/d 74 (1) 2012 } (1) 2012

June 1 Bank 1200} Oct 31 Income

Statement 500 (2)C/F (1)O/F

Balance c/d <u>700</u> 1274 1274

2012

Nov 1 Balance b/d 700 (1) O/F

+ (1) Dates [6]

(d)

Effect on capital employed	Tick
Overstate	
Understated	✓

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(e) Nancy Tanwin
Statement of corrected profit/loss for the year ended 31 October 2012

Profit for the year before corrections (550)Increase Decrease in profit in profit \$ 20 Error 1 Error 2 1100 **(2)** Error 3 No effect (2) Error 4 310 (2) Error 5 260 **(2)** 1360 330 1030 Corrected profit for the year 480 (1) O/F

[9]

[Total: 24]

- 3 (a) The liability of the ordinary shareholders for the debts of the company is limited to the amount they agree to pay the company for their shares.[2]
 - **(b)** Ordinary shareholders are members (owners) of the company: debenture holders are lenders.

Ordinary shares carry voting rights: debentures do not carry voting rights.

Ordinary shareholders receive a dividend; debenture holders receive interest.

Ordinary shareholders receive a variable return on their shares: debentures holders received a fixed interest rate.

Ordinary share dividend is a share of profit and may not be paid if there is no profit:

debenture interest is an expense and is payable irrespective of profits

In the event of a winding-up, debentures are repaid before ordinary shares.

Debentures have to be repaid but ordinary shares do not

Any 2 points (2) each

[4]

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	(c)	nd Loss Approp	White Rose L	td or the year ended 31 A	ugust 2012	
	Profit for the Less Transfe Ordinary s Retained pro Retained pro	year er to general rese share dividend –	erve paid (1) proposed (1) ard	10 000 (1) 5 250 (1) 7 000 (1)	22 250 13 750 (1) O/F 7 300 (1) O/F 21 050 (1) O/F	
						[9]
(d)	Capital and Rese	Extract fro	hite Rose Ltd om Balance Shee	et at 31 August 2012	\$	
	Ordinary shares General reserve Retained profit	of \$0.50 each	0)		175 000 (1) 28 500 (2) 21 050 (2) C/F (1) O/F	[5]
(e)	Non-current liabi	Extract fro	hite Rose Ltd om Balance Shee	et at 31 August 2012	\$	
	5% Debentures of	of \$100 each			100 000 (2)	701
						[2]

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4 (a) Work can be shared amongst several people Easier for reference as the same type of accounts are kept together Easier to introduce checking procedures

Any 1 point (1) [1]

•		_					
			Purchases Le	dger Control accou	unt		
	2012		\$	2012		\$	
	Sept 1 Balance	b/d	210 (1)	Sept 1 Balance	b/d	9 530 (1)	
	30 Returns		1 160 (1)	30 Purchases	s	11 740 (1)	
	Bank		8 730 (1)	Interest		90 (1)	
	Discount		270 (1)	Balance	c/d	160	
	Balance	c/d	<u>11 150</u>				
			<u>21 520</u>			<u>21 520</u>	
	2012			2012			
	Oct 1 Balance	b/d	160 (1)	Oct 1 Balance	b/d	11 150 (2)C/F	
			O/F			(1)O/F	

Ruth Van Zyl

+(1) Dates [11]

(c) Assist in the location of errors

Provide instant total of trade payables

Proves the arithmetical accuracy of the purchases ledger/the ledger they control

Enables a balance sheet to be prepared quickly

Provides a summary of the transactions relating to trade payables

May reduce fraud

(b)

Any 2 points (1) each [2]

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(d) Entry in sales ledger control account Item (ii) Sales returns Credit (1) (iii) Bad debt written off Credit (1) (iv) Provision for doubtful debts No entry (1) (v) Credit customer's cheque dishonoured Debit (1) [4]

(e) Ruth Van Zyl Journal

	Debit \$	Credit \$	
Wilhelm Interest receivable	15	15	(1) (1)
Interest charged on overdue account			(1)
Ansie (purchases ledger account) Ansie (sales ledger account) Transfer of balance of purchases ledger account to sales ledger account	500	500	(1) (1) (1)

[6]

[Total: 24]

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5 ((a)	Total trade receivables account
5 ((a)	TOTAL LIAUE TECEIVADIES ACCOUNT

2011		\$	2012	\$
Oct 1 Balance	b/d	4 950 (1)	Sept 30 Bank	56 360 (1)
2012			Discount	1 640 (1)
Sept 30 Sales	*	60 600 (1)	Bad debts	1 260 (1)
			Balance c/d	<u>6 290</u> (1)
		<u>65 550</u>		65 550

Alternative presentation

Calculation of sales for the year

	\$
Receipts from customer	56 360 (1)
Discounts allowed	1 640 (1)
Bad debts	1 260 (1)
Amount owing 30 September 2012	<u>6 290</u> (1)
	65 550
Less Amounts owing 1 August 2011	<u>4 950</u> (1)
Sales for the year	<u>60 600</u> (1)

[6]

[2]

(c) Sales 60 600 **O/F**Gross profit 12 120 **O/F**Cost of sales 48 480 (2) **O/F**

[2]

(d)
$$\frac{48480}{6000}$$
 O/F = 8.08 times (2) C/F (1) O/F

[2]

(e) Reduce inventory levels
Generate more sales activity
Only replace inventory when needed

Any 2 points (2) each

[4]

(f) (5800 + 6290 + 100) : (6150 + 1240) = 12 190 (1) C/F : 7390 (1) C/F = 1.649 : 1 = 1.65 : 1 (1) C/F

[3]

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(g) (6290 + 100) : (6150 + 1240) = 6390 (1) C/F : 7390 (1) C/F

= 0.864 : 1

= 0.86 : 1 (1) C/F

[3]

(h) Inventory is not included in the calculation of the quick ratio (1)

Either

Inventory is not regarded as a liquid asset – a buyer has to be found and then the money collected. (1)

Or

The quick ratio shows whether the business would have any surplus liquid funds if all the current liabilities were paid immediately from the liquid assets. (1)

[2]

(i) Introduce additional capital Reduce drawings Sell surplus non-current assets Obtain long-term loan

Any 1 point (2) [2]

[Total: 26]