#### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

# 0452 ACCOUNTING

**0452/13** Paper 1, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2		2	Mark Sc	heme		Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE	- October/		012	0452	13
Key	V						
110	у						
(a)	D						[1
(b)	С	;					[1
` ,							_
(c)	В	<b>!</b>					[1
(0)		•					ι,
<i>,</i>	_						-
(d)	В						[1
(e)	Α	•					[1
(f)	Α	<b>L</b>					[1
(g)	С	,					[1
(0)							·
(h)	С	•					[1
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415	_						_
(i)	В						[1
(j)	Α	<b>L</b>					[1
							[Total: 10
							[Totali It
1-	٠	Nb bb	. la . la la	.1	1		
(a		cash book, petty cas urchases returns journ					cnases journa [2
	Ρ,	aronacco rotarno jouri	iai, (day 500	.to,, journal	[arry trio, r	man cacing	L-
/b\							
(b)			le	F			
			Income	Expense			
	1 _						

	Income	Expense
Debenture interest		<b>√</b> (1)
Factory overheads		<b>√</b> (1)
Commissions earned	<b>√</b> (1)	

[3]

(c) To see the liquidity position of the business (1) and if his account will be paid (1). [2]

(d) Error (of addition, account on incorrect side, transposition, balance missing), single sided entry, entry made twice. [any two,2 marks each] [4]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0452	13

(e)

	Increase	Reduce	Have no effect
Bank charges		<b>√</b> (1)	
Credit Transfer	<b>√</b> (1)		
Dishonoured cheque		<b>√</b> (1)	

[3]

(f) Goodwill, brands, (other acceptable item) [any one]

[1]

(g) (i) Error of original entry

[1]

(ii)

	Dr \$	Cr \$
Malik (1)	180	}(1)
Purchases (1)		180 }

[3]

(h) Lindie – provision for doubtful debts

Provision at 1 November 2011  $3\% \times 28\,000 = 840\,(1)$ 

Provision at 31 October 2012  $3\% \times 32\ 000 = 960\ (1)$ 

Increase = 120 (1)

$$[or 3\% \times (32\ 000 - 28\ 000) = 120](3)$$
 [3]

[Total: 22]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0452	13

3 (a) Prince
Balance Sheet at 30 September 2012

Non-current assets Equipment Motor vehicle	\$ 3 500 4 500	Provision for Depreciation \$ 600 1 000	Net book value \$ 2 900 ) 3 500 ) (1)	
Current assets Inventory Trade receivables Bank	<u>8 00</u>	1 600 3 300 (1) 3 000 (1) 500 (1) 6 800	6 400	
Current Liabilities Trade payables Other payables		2 700 (1) 900 (1) 3 600		
Net current assets			3 200 9 600	
Non-current liabilities Bank loan repayable 2018 Total assets			2 800 (1) 6 800	
Financed by: Capital			<u>6 800</u> (1)	[9]

- (b) (i) Current ratio = current assets / current liabilities [1]
  - (ii) (3300 + 3000 + 500) / (2700 + 900) (1) for workings = 1.89 : 1 (1)OF [2]
  - (iii) No (1);

Answer is less than 2:1 which is the usual benchmark (1), unable to pay all liabilities (1) [3]

- (c) (i) Quick ratio = (current assets inventory) / current liabilities [1]
  - (ii) (3000 + 500) / 3600 (1) for workings = 0.97 : 1 (1)OF [2]
  - (iii) No (1);

Answer is less than 1:1 which is the usual benchmark (1), unable to pay all liabilities (1) [3]

- (d) Send statement, other reminders, offer cash discount, charge interest on late accounts, refuse further supplies until paid (and similar comments).[Any one, 2 marks]
- (e) Delaying payment of trade payables, increasing cash/credit sales, reducing credit period for trade receivables, sell fixed assets, introduce extra capital, take out long term loan, reduce drawings, introduce more capital, sell shares. [Any one, 2 marks] [2]

[Total: 25]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0452	13

4 (a) Inventory means the goods held for resale by a business at any time.

(b)	Mirror type	Units in stock	Cost or net realisable value per unit	Total value	
			\$	\$	
	Wall mirror	15	55	825 (1)	
	Table mirror	50	15	750 (1)	
	Hand mirror	36	20	<u>720</u> (2)	
				2295	[4]

(c) Mlongo
Income statement for the year ended 31 October 2012

	Ψ	Ψ
Revenue (sales)		8 000 (1)
Returns inwards		<u>215</u> (1)
		7 785

Cost of sales

Inventory at 1 November 2011	1 300 (1)
Purchases	4 650 (1)
Carriage Inwards	<u>50</u> (1)
	6 000
Inventory at 31 October 2012	<u>2 295</u> (1)OF

	<u>3 705</u>
Gross profit	4 080

Expenses

Carriage outwards	100 (1)
Other operating expenses (680 + 120)	800 (1)
Rent (780 – 260)	<u>520</u> (1)

	<u>1 420</u>
Profit for the year	<u>2 660</u>

- (d) (i) Rate of inventory turnover = cost of sales / average inventory [1]
  - (ii) Rate of inventory turnover 2.1 (1) times (1) [2]
- (e) Rate of inventory turnover will increase (1) as inventory is being replaced quicker (1) [2]
- (f) Luxury goods, large scale manufacture (ships, airplanes) [Any one] [1]

[Total: 20]

[9]

[1]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – October/November 2012	0452	13

5 (a) The costs and expenses of an accounting period must be matched against the revenue (of the same period).[2]

Joolia						
Water account						_
2012			2012			
10 July	Bank	58.50)	1 July	Balance b/d	58.50 (1)	
12 August	Bank	75.00)				
14 Sept	Bank	45.80) (1)	30 Sept	Income statement	183.10 (1)	
30 Sept	Balance c/d	62.30	_			
		<u>241.60</u>			<u>241.60</u>	
			1 October	Balance b/d	62.30 (1)	
+ (1) for all	+ (1) for all dates correct [5]					
30 Sept	Balance c/d	62.30	·		<u>241.60</u>	[5]

(c) Profit will be too high as accrued wages have not been included in expenses for the period.
[1]

(d) Purchases (Ledger) [1]

## (e) 7 September Bank

(b)

Explanation: Amount paid to HiClass Foods Ltd for purchases (on credit/amounts due) (1)

Double Entry: Credit Bank Account (1)

#### 7 September Discount

Explanation: Amount claimed as discount for prompt payment (1)

Double Entry: **Credit** Discount Received Account (1)

## 12 September Purchases

Explanation: Amount bought on credit from HiClass Foods Ltd (1)

Double Entry: **Debit** Purchases Account (1)

#### 15 September Purchase Returns

Explanation: Goods returned to HiClass Foods Ltd as unsuitable/not required (1)

Double Entry: **Credit** Purchase Returns Account / Returns Outwards (1)

## 30 September Balance c/d

Explanation: Amount owing to HiClass Foods Ltd at end of month (1)

Double Entry: **Credit** HiClass Foods Ltd (October account) (1)

[Total 19]

[10]

	Page 7			Mark	Scheme		Syllabus	Paper
			IGCS	E – Octob	er/November 2	012	0452	13
6	(a)	Preferen	share capital ce share capi are capital		000 shares @ 000 shares @ 9		150 000 (1) 120 000 (1) 270 000 (1)	[3]
	(b)	(i) The	total amount	the compa	ny has requeste	ed from sha	areholders.	[2]
		(ii) That	part of the ca	alled up ca	oital for which c	ash has be	een received.	[2]
	(c)	<ul><li>are t</li><li>If bu</li><li>Ordi</li></ul>	usually a fixed siness is wou nary shares	l rate (1) nd up Pref carry votir	erence shareho	olders are r reference	profit made (1) Pr epaid before Ordir shares usually ha	nary shares (2).
	(d)	<ul><li>Deb</li><li>If co</li><li>Deb</li></ul>	entures are pa mpany is wou	aid interest and up deb as carry no	entures are rep	hares rece aid before	term loans (1) ive dividends (1) Ordinary shares (2 ary shares carry	
	(e)	) To distribute profit to the shareholders, reward shareholders for investment, investment. [Any one, 2 marks]						nt, to encourage [2]
	(f)	Ordinary	shares	\$1 800 (2	)			
		Preferen	ce shares	\$360 (3)	(Allow 2 marks	s for \$720)		[5]
	(g)	Partners	ability if busin have to work other suitable	in the bus	ness where sha	areholders	may only invest	[2]

[Total 24]