#### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

# MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

## 0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/22

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2013	0452	22

### 1 (a)

#### Nathan Kershaw

Income Statement for the year ended 31 March 2013

Income from clients	\$	\$ 94 060 <b>(1)</b>
Commission received (1050 <b>(1)</b> + 190 <b>(1)</b> )		<u>1 240</u> 95 300
Wages (42 000 <b>(1)</b> – 7800 <b>(1)</b> )	34 200	
Office expenses (6250 (1) + 540 (1))	6 790	
Rates and insurance (10 000 <b>(1)</b> – 600 <b>(1)</b> ) Depreciation –	9 400	
Motor vehicle (25% × (12 480 – 5460))	1 755 <b>(2)</b>	
Office equipment (15% $\times$ 9800) Profit for the year	<u>1 470 <b>(2)</b></u>	53 615 41 685 <b>(1) OF</b>

[14]

(b)

	Effect on profit for the year		
Error	Overstated \$	Understated \$	No effect
2		210 <b>(2)</b>	
3	10 <b>(2)</b>		
4	150 <b>(2)</b>		

[6]

[Total: 20]

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2013	0452	22

#### 2 (a)

Valley Music Club
Receipts and Payments Account for the year ended 28 February 2013
\$

2012				2013	
Mar 1	Balance b/d	3 090	(1)	Feb 28	Rent 2 200 (1)
2013			` '		Refreshment
Feb 28	Subscriptions	5 000	(1)		suppliers 950 (1)
	Subscriptions	550	(1)		Concert expenses 2 140 (1)
	Concert tickets	1 960	(1)		General expenses 3 460 (1)
	Sale of				Balance c/d 4 790
	Instruments	190	(1)		
	Refreshment				
	revenue*	<u>2 750</u>	(2) CF	(1) OF	
		<u>13 540</u>			<u>13 540</u>
2013					
	D - I I- /-I	4 700	/4\ 6		

Mar 1 Balance b/d 4 790 (1) for both balances

+ (1) dates [13]

# Accept any reasonable wording – e.g. sales instead of sale of instruments

(b)

Valley Music Club Café Income Statement for the year ended 28 February 2013

	Ф	Ф
Revenue		2750 <b>(1)OF</b>
Cost of sales		
Opening inventory	190	
Purchases (950 <b>(1)</b> + 170 <b>(1)</b> )	<u>1120</u>	
	1310	
Less Closing inventory	260	
-	1050	
General expenses (1/4 × 3460)	865 <b>(1)</b>	
Depreciation fixtures and fittings (2600 – 2150)	450 <b>(1)</b>	2365
Profit on café (1)	、 ,	385 (2CF/1OF)
• •		

[8]

[Total: 21]

- (a) Dishonoured cheque a cheque which the bank refuses to pay (1)
   Cheque not presented cheque paid by the business but which has not yet been presented to the bank for payment/not yet paid by the bank (1)
   [2]
  - (b) Standing order an instruction by a customer to the bank to pay fixed amounts at stated dates to a named person or firm (1)
     Direct debit authority given to the bank to make payments (at irregular dates and amounts) on request by a named person or firm (1)

Page 4		Mark Scheme	)	Syllabus	Paper
	IG	CSE – May/June	2013	0452	22
(c)					
		Cash Book ( \$	bank columns only	/) \$	
2013 May 1 B	Balance b/d	2013 2141 <b>(1)</b> Ma		rection <b>(1)</b> 1000	O <b>(1)</b>
May 1 b	dalarice b/u	2141 (1) Ma	Rent Aziz & C Balance	280 o <b>(1)</b> 110	0 <b>(1)</b> 0 <b>(1)</b>
0040		<u>2141</u>		214	
2013 May 1 Ba	alance b/d	751 <b>(1) OF</b>			r=-1
					[7]
(d)					
	Bank	Reconciliation S	tatement at 30 Apr \$	il 2013 \$	
	own on bank sta		Ψ	681 <b>(1)</b>	
Add Cheque	es not credited -	- Khalid		<u>530</u> <b>(1)</b> 1211	
•	ues not presente				
	Assistant's salaı error <b>(1)</b>	ТУ	450 <b>(1)</b> 10 <b>(1)</b>	460	
	cash book (1)			751 <b>(1)OF</b>	
			(OF t	rom qu 3c)	
Alternative	presentation Bank	Reconciliation S	tatement at 30 Apr	il 2013	
			\$	\$	
	own in cash boo es not presented			751 <b>(1) OF (qu</b>	3c)
,	Assistant's salaı		450 (1)		
Bank e	error (1)		<u>10</u> (1)	<u>460</u> 1211	
•	ues not credited			<u>530</u> (1)	
Balance on	bank statement	(1)		<u>681</u> (1)	[8]
(e) April 24 l Safiya S		d additional capit	al <b>(1)</b> to the busine	ess bank account	(1). [2]
•	Purchases hendi withdrew	goods (1) for her	own use <b>(1)</b> .		[2]
April 30 l This is th		ear <b>(1)</b> which red	uces Safiya Shend	di's capital <b>(1)</b> in th	ne business. [2]
					[Total: 25]
					_

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2013	0452	22

#### 4 (a) Calculation of credit purchases

#### (suitable alternative presentations acceptable)

	\$
Payments to credit suppliers	34 420 <b>(1)</b>
Discounts received from credit suppliers	880 (1)
Returns to credit suppliers	1 250 <b>(1)</b>
Trade payables at 30 April 2013	<u>2 950</u> (1)
Credit purchases for the year	39 500 (2)CF(1)OF
	[6]

# (b) Calculation of amount received from credit customers (suitable alternative presentations acceptable)

	\$	\$
Credit sales for the year		55 490 <b>(1)</b>
Trade receivables at 30 April 2013	4 600 <b>(1)</b>	
Bad debts	<u>210</u> (1)	<u>4 810</u>
Receipts from credit customers		<u>50 680 <b>(2)CF</b></u>
		(1)OF
		[5]

#### (c) Calculation of expenses paid

#### (suitable alternative presentations acceptable)

	\$	\$
Capital introduced		80 000 <b>(1)</b>
Receipts from credit customers		<u>50 680</u> (1) <b>OF</b>
		130 680
Non-current assets	55 000 <b>(1)</b>	
Payments to credit suppliers	34 420 <b>(1)</b>	
Balance at bank 30 April 2013	<u>27 940</u> (1)	<u>117 360</u>
Expenses paid	、 ,	13 320 <b>(2)CF</b>
		(1)OF

(d) To apply the principle of prudence

To ensure that the current assets are not overstated

To ensure that the profit is not overstated

Inventory should be valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value

#### Any 2 reasons (2) each

[4]

[7]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2013	0452	22

(e)

	Overstated	Understated	No effect
Profit for the year ended 30 April <b>2013</b> Profit for the year ended 30 April <b>2014</b>	√(2)	√(2)	

[4]

(f) Assessment of the liquidity position Identify how long it takes to pay credit suppliers Identify future prospects of the business Establishment of a credit limit

Any one reason (2)

[2]

[Total: 28]

- 5 (a) To see the average time the trade receivables take to pay their accounts.

[1]

(b) No (1)

She has to wait 6 more days (1) for them to settle their accounts. (1)

[3]

- (c) No (1) unless justified by suitable reason
  It is shorter than the payment period for the previous year (1) but is still 10 days longer than the period of credit allowed. (1)

  [3]
- (d) To be able to meet debts when they fall due

To be able to take advantage of cash discounts

To be able to take advantage of business opportunities as they arise

To ensure that there is no difficulty in obtaining further supplies

Or other suitable explanation Any 1 point (2)

[2]

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2013	0452	22

(e)

Transaction	Effect on working capital	Reason
Goods, \$135, were purchased on credit from Abu & Co	No change (1)	Current assets increase Current liabilities increase by same amount (1)
Paid \$280 to Farouk, a credit supplier, in full settlement of \$300 owing	Increase \$20 <b>(1)</b>	Current assets decrease by \$280 Current liabilities decrease by \$300 (1)
Withdrew \$150 from the bank to restore the petty cash imprest	No change (1)	No change in current assets (bank decreases and petty cash increases)  No change in current liabilities  (1)

[6]

#### (f) Satisfied: Yes (1)

The profit earned for every \$100 used in the business has increased/the business is more profitable (2)

**OR** The capital is now being used more efficiently **(2)** 

[3]

(g)

Transaction	Effect on return on capital employed		Reason
Additional capital, \$10 000, was placed in the business bank account	Decrease	(1)	No change in profit for the year (1) Capital employed has increased (1)
Fixtures, \$500, were purchased by cheque	No change	(1)	No change in profit for the year (1) No change in capital employed (non-current assets increase and current assets decrease) (1)

[6]

(h) Only items which can be recorded in monetary terms are shown in the financial statements (1)

There are many important factors which influence the performance of a business which will not appear in the financial statements. (1)

[Total: 26]