CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/23

Paper 2, maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Pa	ge 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – May/June 2013	0452	23
(a)	Removes Reduces Reduces Allows th	d small cash payments some small cash payments from the main cash book the number of entries in the main cash book the number of entries in the ledger se chief cashier to delegate some of the work training for any junior staff members		
	Any 2 po	oints (1) each		[2]
(b)	petty cas The cash	shier knows exactly how much is spent in each r sh n remaining and the vouchers received should equa n reduce fraud		I expenditure of
	Any 1 ac	dvantage (1)		[1]
(c)	See follo	owing page		[12]
(d)	At the mo	onth end (1) the totals debited to postage account (1)	[2]
(e)	•	not presented not credited ok errors		
	Any 2 ite	ems (1) each		[2]
(f)		ebits ansfers ured cheques arges/interest		
	Any 2 ite	ems (1) each		[2]
				[Total: 21]

1

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question 1 (c)

Annie Rongsen – Petty Cash Book

Total received	Date	Details	Total paid	Postage	Travel	Sundries	Ledger accounts
\$	2013		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
23	Mar 1	Balance b/d					
67 (1)		Bank/cash					
	4	Postages	19	19 (1)			
	8	Taxi fares	16		16 (1)		
20 (1)	13	Loan repayment					
	19	Parcel post	4	4 (1)			
	23	R Singh	24				24 (1)
	29	Window Cleaner	12			12 (1)	
			75	23	16	12	24
	31	Balance c/d	35				
110			110				
35 (1) OF	Apr 1	Balance b/d					
55 (1) OF		Bank/cash					

⁽¹⁾ Dates

⁽¹⁾ OF totals of analysis columns
(1) OF totals and total columns

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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2 (a)

Ashraf Zayed

Income statement for the year ended 28 February 2013

\$ \$ \$ \$ Cost of sales

Cost of production 267 100 (1)
Purchases of finished goods 4 300 (1)
271 400

Less Closing inventory finished goods 19 600 (1) 251 800

Gross profit 71 200 **(1) OF**

Horizontal format acceptable

[5]

(b) Production did not meet demand
It was cheaper to buy rather than make
Could not make those particular items
Not economical to make such a small amount

Any 2 reasons (1) each

[2]

(c)

Ashraf Zayed Journal			
	Debit \$	Credit \$	
Income statement	1130		(1)
Carriage outwards		1130	(1)
Transfer of carriage outwards to income statement			(1)
Income statement	600		(1)
Provision for doubtful debts		600	(1)
Creation of provision for doubtful debts			(1)

[6]

Page 5	Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper
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(d)				
` ,	As	shraf Zayed		
		surance acc	count	
	\$			\$
2012		2013		
Jun 1 Bank	720 (1)	Feb 28	Drawings Income	360 (1)

2013

Balance c/d 90 720

OF

statement

+ (1) Dates

Mar 1 Balance b/d

Accept three column running balance presentation

[5]

270 **(1)**

(e) The accruals (matching) principle requires the revenue of the accounting period to be matched against the costs of the same period. (1)
 The insurance relating to the financial year ended 28 February 2013 has been transferred to the income statement. (1)

90 (1) OF

(f)

	Overstated \$	Understated \$
Profit of the year ended 28 February 2013	270 (2) O/F	

[2]

(g) Applying the business (accounting entity principle the business is treated as being completely separate from the owner. (1)
 Only the transactions of the business are recorded in the business' books. (1)

[Total: 24]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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3 (a) Sanath Jaffer Trial Balance at 31 January 2013

Capital	Debit \$	Credit \$ 53 000	
Drawings	6 100		
Revenue		66 000	
Purchases	43 350		
Purchases returns		1 150	
Inventory	3 700		(2)
Bank overdraft		3 050	(2)
Trade receivables	5 320		
Trade payables		3 450	
General expenses	17 850		
Non-current assets	50 400		
Suspense (1)		70	(1) OF
			(1) CF
	126 720	126 720	

(b)

		Debit		Credit			
		Account	\$		Account	\$	
(1	ii)	General expenses	400	(1)	Non-current assets	400	(1)
(ii	ii)	-	-	(1)	Suspense	80	(1)
(i	v)	Suspense	100	(1)	Purchases returns	100	(1)
(v)	Suspense	50	(1)	General expenses	50	(1)

[8]

[7]

Pa	ge 7	,	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			IGCSE – May/June 2013	0452	23
(c)	Eitl	Erro Rea	r number (i) (1) sons it is an error or omission Neither a debit nor a credit entry has been made so 1 reason (1)	the books balanc	e
	Or	Ally	Treason (1)		
		Rea	r number (ii) (1) son it is an error of principle A double entry has been made but in the wrong cla	ss of account.	
		Any	1 advantage (1)		[2]
(d)	Moi	ney m	neasurement		[1]
(e)	Rea	alisati	on		[1]
(f)	(i)	Easi Easi	k can be shared amongst several people er for reference as the same types of account are k er to introduce checking procedures e fraud more difficult	ept together	
		Any	1 advantage (1)		[1]
	(ii)		Any non-current asset, inventory, capital, drawings, expenses, incomes, etc. (1)	loan, sales, purch	ases, returns,
		2	Credit customers/debtors/trade receivables (1)		
		3	Credit suppliers/creditors/trade payables (1)		
					[3]
					[Total: 23]

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4 (a) Sildean Ltd

Calculation of retained profit for the year ended 30 April 2013

Profit for the year 24 800
Less Debenture interest 1 600 (1) 23 200

Less Interim ordinary share dividend 14 000 (1)

Transfer to general reserve 5 000 (1) 19 000

Profit retained in the year 4 200 (1) CF

Alternative forms of presentation acceptable

[4]

(b) Sildean Ltd
Balance Sheet at 30 April 2013

N	\$	\$	\$
Non-current assets	Cost	Depreciation	Book
		to date	value
	<u>206 000</u>	<u>12 500</u>	193 500
Current assets			
Inventory		16 300}	
Petty cash		200}(1)	
Trade receivables	15 400	, ,	
Provision for doubtful debts	462	<u>14 938</u> (1)	
	<u></u>	31 438	
Current liabilities		01 100	
Trade payables	14 156}		
Bank overdraft	7 982}(1)		
	• • •	22 720	
Other payables (deb. int.)	<u>1 600</u> (1)	<u>23 738</u>	7 700
Net current assets			7 700
40/ 5 1			201 200
4% Debentures			<u>40 000</u> (1)
			<u>161 200</u>
Capital and reserves			
Ordinary shares of \$0.50 each	ch		140 000 (1)
General reserve (10 000 (1)	+ 5000 (1))		15 000
Retained profits (2000 (1) + 4			6 200
	\ / - /		161 200
			<u> </u>

Horizontal format acceptable

[10]

(c)	(i)	31.438 (OF) : 23 738 (OF) (1) 1.32 (1) OF	[2]
	(ii)	(31 438 (OF) – 16 300) : 23 738 (OF) (1) 0.64 (1) (OF)	[2]
((iii)	Shows whether the company can pay its immediate (current) liabilities from the liquid assets (current assets less inventory) (1) Indication of the liquidity of the company (1)	
		Or suitable answer based on O/F answer to (ii)	[2]
	(iv)	Issue additional shares Issue additional debentures Obtain long term loan Sell surplus non-current assets Reduced dividends paid Reduce inventory level	
		Any 2 points (1) each	[2]
(d)	Ord Ord Ord Ord Ord Ord	inary shareholders are members of the company inary shares carry voting rights inary shareholders receive a dividend inary share dividend is a share of the profit inary share dividend is variable inary share dividend is paid after any dividend on preference shares inary shareholders are repaid last in the event of a winding up	[2]
(e)	Dek Dek Dek Dek	pentures are loans centure holders are not members of the company centures do not carry voting rights centures carry a fixed rate of interest centure interest is not dependent on the company's profit centures are often secured on the assets of the company centures holders are repaid before the shareholders in the event of a winding up	
	Any	/ 2 features (1) each	[2]
		[Total:	26]

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Syllabus 0452 Paper 23

Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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5 (a) Tom and Gill Kayumba

Statement of corrected profit for the year ended 31 March 2013

	\$	\$
Profit for the year		22 500
Add Advertising prepaid	600 (2)	
Goods taken for own use	1 000 (2)	
Motor vehicle expenses accrued	<u>320</u> (2)	<u>1 920</u>
		24 420
Less Stationery purchased		<u>260</u> (2)
Corrected profit for the year		24 160 (1) O/F

Alternative forms of presentation acceptable

[9]

(b) Tom and Gill Kayumba Statement of corrected profit for the year ended 31 March 2013 24 160 (1) O/F Corrected profit for the year Interest on drawings Tom Kayumba 1 040} Gill Kayumba 1 300**}(1)** Interest on capital Tom Kayumba $5\% \times 60~000 \times 6~mths$ 1 500 **(1)** $5\% \times 80~000 \times 6~mths$ <u>2 000</u> **(1)** 3 500 Gill Kayumba $5\% \times 40~000$ <u>2 000</u> **(1)** 5 500 Partnership salary Gill Kayumba (5000 (1) + 7000 (1))12 000 17 500 Residual profit 9 000 Share of profit Tom Kayumba 2000 (1) + (½ x 7000) (1) OF 5 500

Gill Kayumba ½ x 7000 **(1) OF**

Horizontal format acceptable

[10]

<u>3 500</u>

9 000

Page 11		Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(c) (eward the partner investing more capital ncourage partners to invest in the business		
	Any	1 point (1)		[1]
(i	To d	iscourage the partners from making drawings iscourage drawings early in the financial year elp the cash flow of the business		
	Any	1 point (1)		[1]
F	Purchasi	oods at higher prices ng goods at lower prices in proportions of different goods		
A	Any 2 po	oints (1) each		[2]
(e) Y	Year end	led 31 March 2012 (1)		
A	Although	enses/revenue were 11.90% in 2012 and 14.30% in the profit for the year/revenue was higher in 2013 profit/revenue (1)		by an increase [3]

[Total: 26]