



## **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME		
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER	
ACCOUNTING		0452/11
Paper 1		May/June 2014

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

No Additional Materials are required.

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.



1 hour 45 minutes

There are 10 parts to Question 1.

1

For **each** of the parts (a) to (j) below there are four possible answers A, B, C and D. Choose the **one** you consider correct and place a tick ( $\checkmark$ ) in the box to indicate the correct answer.

(a)	Whi	ch task is	s carried out by a book-keeper?				
	Α	analysi	ng information				
	В	assessi	ing information				
	С	interpre	eting information				
	D	recordii	ng information				[1]
(b)		is about ncial stat	to supply goods to some new cusements?	tomers. Why	would Joe war	nt to exa	mine the
	Α	to chec	k the amount of trade receivables				
	В	to chec	k the cash position				
	С	to chec	k the value of the inventory				
	D	to chec	k how much profit was made				[1]
(c)	4	March March	Goods invoiced to Yussuf Credit note issued to Yussuf Goods invoiced to Yussuf	\$ 2400 300	a new custome	er.	
		March March	Cheque received from Yussuf	3000 2100			
			·				
			id Yussuf owe Wahid on 31 March	?			
	Α _	\$3000					
	В	\$3300					
	С	\$5100					
	D	\$5700					[1]

				3	
(d)	Whic	ch is a compensating	error?		
	Α	credit sales debited customer's account		count and credited to the	
	В	purchases of fixture account	es on credit deb	oited to the repairs to fixtures	
	С	sales account and samount	sales returns ac	count undercast by the same	
	D	Yeung's account crecustomer	edited with a ch	neque received from Yang, another	[1]
(e)	The	following is a list of a	builder's expe	nditure for the year.	
			\$		
	mo	tor vehicle	10 000		
	pur	rchases	25 000		
	wa	ges	20 000		
	ren	nt of offices	6 000		

What is the amount of capital expenditure?

7000

3000

machinery

petrol

Α	\$10 000	
В	\$17 000	
С	\$54 000	
D	\$71 000	[1

(f)	A bu	siness uses the straight line	method of depreciation.		
	The following information is provided.				
	mot	or vehicles at cost	\$30000		
	anti	cipated life	4 years		
	resi	dual value	\$2000		
	What	is the annual depreciation o	charge for motor vehicles?		
	Α	\$2000			
	В	\$5000			
	С	\$7000			
	D	\$7500			[1]
(g)	How	should inventory be valued i	in the statement of financial position?		
	Α	at an amount determined by	y professional valuation		
	В	at historic cost			
	С	at net book value			
	D	at the lower of cost and net	realisable value		[1]
(h)	wage	es of \$4000 were paid. At 31	wages of \$1000. During the year ended 31 December 2013 wages of \$1200 were owe	d.	
		much should have been en ecember 2013?	tered in the income statement for wages fo	r the ye	ear ended
	Α	\$3800			
	В	\$4000			
	С	\$4200			
	D	\$6200			[1]

(i) The following information was extracted from the financial statements of Bob.

	\$
bank overdraft	3000
inventory	7 000
trade payables	12000
trade receivables	18 000

(j)

How much extra capital would Bob have to invest to make the value of his working capital \$24 000?

Α	\$8000	
В	\$11 000	
С	\$14 000	
D	\$20 000	[1]
Whi	ch statement about financial statements is correct?	
Α	They provide an accurate profit for the past year, if the double entry system is followed.	
В	They provide financial information about a business's past performance, based on historic cost.	
С	They provide information about a business's performance in the market.	
D	They provide information about the future profits of the business.	[1]

[Total: 10]

[1]

2 (a) Yuri keeps a full set of accounting records. Name the ledger in which **each** of the following accounts is found.

Account	Ledger
Insurance	
Sales	
Purchases	
Lottie, a credit supplier	
Matthew, a credit customer	
Capital	

[6]

(b)	Yuri maintains a sales journal, a sales returns journal, a purchases journal and a purchases returns journal. Name <b>one</b> other book of prime entry which he may maintain.
	[1
(c)	State why it is useful for a business to maintain a sales journal.

On 1 April Susan and Elinor owe Yuri \$260 and \$120 respectively. Yuri's sales journal and sales returns journal for the month showed the following.

Sales journal

Sales returns journal

# **REQUIRED**

(d)	Prepare the following ledger accounts for the month of April. Balance the accounts who necessary and bring down the balances on 1 May.	ere
	Elinor account	
	Sales account	
		••••
		••••
	Sales returns account	
		[8]
On	8 April Susan paid the amount she owed on 1 April, after taking 5% cash discount.	
RE	QUIRED	
(e)	Calculate the amount which Yuri received from Susan.	
		[2]

Yuri employs a book-keeper to maintain the accounts of his credit customers.

# REQUIRED

	[Total: 20]
	[1]
(f)	Name the account which Yuri prepares to check for fraud or error in the book-keeper's work.

3 Highfield Manufacturing Limited provided the following information.

On 1 March 2013 the balance on the provision for doubtful debts account was \$2966.

On 28 February 2014 trade receivables totalled \$76200.

This total includes an amount of \$1100 due from a debtor who has gone bankrupt and which will not be recovered.

During the year \$200 was received as part settlement of a debt of \$400 which had been written off 18 months earlier.

The provision for doubtful debts is maintained at 5%.

## **REQUIRED**

(a) Prepare the following ledger accounts for the year ended 28 February 2014. Show the transfers to the income statement. Bring down any balances remaining on 1 March 2014.

Bad debts account
Bad debts recovered account
Provision for doubtful debts account
[9]

(b)		plain how accounting for bad debts and providing for doubtful debts applies the following ounting principles.
	(i)	accruals (matching)
		[2]
	(ii)	prudence
		[2]
(c)		plain the term 'prime cost' which appears in the financial statements of Highfield nufacturing Limited.
		[2]
(d)	terr	the goods sold by Highfield Manufacturing Limited are produced in its factory. Name the method which replaces 'ordinary goods purchased' in its trading section of the income tement.
		[1]
(e)		e company's statement of financial position contains entries for ordinary share capital, ference share capital, debentures and a bank loan.
	Exp	olain <b>one</b> difference
	(i)	between ordinary shares and preference shares
		[2]

	(ii)	between ordinary shares and debentures.
		[2]
(f)		e 6% bank loan of \$50000 was taken out on 1 July 2013. Calculate the interest charged in income statement for the year ended 28 February 2014.
		[2]
	••••	[2]
(g)		ame <b>two</b> interested parties who would use the financial statements of Highfield anufacturing Limited.
	1	
	2	[2]
		[Total: 24]

(a)	State what is meant by the term 'subscription' in a club's accounts.						
						[1	]
(b)	Speedy Runner Spor		tains a su	ubscriptior	is account. Expl	ain why this accoun	t
							••
						[2	]
(c)	The first column in the trader. Complete the financial statements of	table by en	tering in				
	Sole trader	Club or soc	iety				
	Capital						
	Profit for the year						
	Loss for the year						
						[3	]
(d)	Complete the table be appear on the debit sand expenditure account	side or credit	side of th	e receipts	and payments a	ccount or the income	
			Debit	Credit	Receipts and payments account	Income and expenditure account	
	Depreciation charge	<del></del>	✓			✓	
	Proceeds of sale of	equipment					

[10]

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Loss on disposal of equipment

Unpaid subscriptions written off

Purchase of new equipment

Profit on sale of refreshments

Speedy Runners Sports Club provided the following information.

	\$
Payments made to suppliers of refreshments for the year	
ended 31 December 2013	2480
Amounts owing to suppliers for refreshments	
- at 31 December 2012	200
- at 31 December 2013	220

# **REQUIRED**

(e) Complete the income statement (trading account) below.

				[2]
(g)	Explain what is meant by the accounting po	licy of compara	ability.	
				[2]
(f)	Explain why there are no drawings in a club	or society.		
	Gross profit		3610	[5]
	Cost of sales			
	Inventory – 31 December			
	Purchases			
	Inventory – 1 January	380		
	Revenue		6150	
		\$	\$	

- 5 Miguel reconciles the balance on his cash book with the balance on his bank statement.
  - (a) Complete this sentence.

Items in the cash book which do not appear on the bank statement are usually caused by

differences. [1]

Miguel's cash book (bank columns only) showed the following entries.

2014			\$	2014			\$
May	2	Cash sales	4216	May	1	Balance b/d	1168
	3	Alice	420		2	David	3112
	3	Bertram	280		3	Vehicle repairs	180
	4	Cash sales	2132		4	Edward	1181
	5	Charles	111		5	Wages	1112
	7	Balance c/d	2720		6	Francis	3126
			9879				9879
				May	8	Balance b/d	2720

His bank statement for the same period showed the following.

			Dr	Cr	Balance
			\$	\$	\$
May	1	Balance			1168 Dr
	2	Insurance	120		1288 Dr
	5	Cash		4216	2928 Cr
	5	Alice		420	3348 Cr
	5	Bertram		280	3628 Cr
	5	Wages	1112		2516 Cr
	6	Interest	65		2451 Cr
	6	David	3112		661 Dr
	7	Edward	1181		1842 Dr
	7	Gordon		920	922 Dr

# **REQUIRED**

(b) Update the cash book and bring down the balance on 8 May 2014.

# Miguel Cash book (bank columns only)

Date	Details	\$	Date	Details	\$
			May 8	Balance b/d	2720
			•••••		•••••
[5]					

(c) Prepare the bank reconciliation statement at 8 May 2014.

Miguel
Bank reconciliation statement at 8 May 2014

[8]

Miguel also maintains a petty cash book with an imprest amount of \$100 which is restored at the start of each month. On 31 March the total of vouchers in the petty cash book was \$66.

## **REQUIRED**

	[Total:	15]
		[1]
d)	Calculate the amount the chief cashier gave to the petty cashier on 1 April.	

**6** Anton and Belle have been in partnership for some years. From the start of trading their fixed capital has been \$100,000 and \$80,000 respectively.

Their partnership agreement allows for interest on capital of 10% a year, a salary to Anton of \$12000 a year and a profit sharing ratio of 2:1 respectively.

Other information is as follows.

	\$	
At 1 January 2013 Current account – Anton Current account – Belle	10 400 1 500	Dr Cr
For the year ended 31 December 2013		
Drawings - Anton	32000	
Drawings - Belle	14 000	
Interest on drawings - Anton	1600	
Interest on drawings - Belle	500	
Profit for the year	72900	

## **REQUIRED**

(a) Prepare the partnership appropriation account for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Anton and Belle

Appropriation Account for the year ended 31 December 2013
(8)

(D)	balance on 1 January 2014.
	[8]
	[0]
Add	ditional information \$
	At 31 December 2013
	Non-current assets 146 000
	Inventory 51 000
	Other net current assets 13 000
	Long-term loan (taken out in 2009 and 12 000 to be repaid in 2019)
RE	QUIRED
(c)	Calculate the capital employed at 31 December 2013.
	[3]
(d)	Using your answer from <b>(c)</b> , calculate to two decimal places the return on capital employed for the year ended 31 December 2013.
	[3]
	[2]

Question 6(e) is on the next page.

Anton and Belle had a return on capital employed of 20% in the year ended 31 December 2012 and are surprised by the change.

Investigation showed that the inventory at 31 December 2013 should have been recorded at a value of \$15000, not \$51000.

# **REQUIRED**

(e)	Calculate the correct profit for the year ended 31 December 2013.
	[4]
	[Total: 26]

## **BLANK PAGE**

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