CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2015 series

0478 COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/23

Paper 2 (Written), maximum raw mark 50

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Section A

1 (a) (i) Many correct answers, they must be meaningful. These are examples only.

```
- MiddayTemperature[1:30]
```

or MiddayTemperature[0:29]

or MiddayTemperature[30]

or MiddayTemperature[29]

or MiddayTemperature[]
(1 mark)

- MidnightTemperature[1:30]

or MidnightTemperature[0:29]

or MidnightTemperature[30]

or MidnightTemperature[29]

or MidnightTemperature[] (1 mark)

[2]

(ii) Answers, must match above and the upper bound should have been changed from 30 to 7 or 29 to 6 or no change if not used. These are examples only.

```
- MiddayTemperature[1:7] MidnightTemperature[1:7]
```

or MiddayTemperature[7] MidnightTemperature[7]

[1]

(iii) Any **two** variables with matching reasons, **1** mark for the variable and **1** mark for the matching reason. The variables and the matching reasons must relate to the tasks in the pre-release. There are many possible correct answers these are examples only.

Variable - Counter: (Integer)

Reason – to use as a loop counter when entering the temperature

Variable - HighNoon: (Real)

Reason – to store the highest midday temperature

[4]

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(b) If loop used

- initialisation before loop
- loop
- running total inside loop
- calculation of average outside loop
- output of average with message outside loop

(Max 4 marks)

 completion of at least 3 of initialisation, running total, calculation of average and output of average with message for **both** midday and midnight

(1 mark)

[5]

sample algorithm:

```
MiddayTotal ← 0; MidnightTotal ← 0
FOR Count ← 1 TO 7
  MiddayTotal ← MiddayTotal + MiddayTemperature[Count]
  MidnightTotal ← MidnightTotal + MidnightTemperature[Count]
NEXT Count
MiddayAverage ← MiddayTotal/7
MidnightAverage ← MiddayTotal/7
PRINT 'The average midday temperature is ', MiddayAverage
PRINT 'The average midnight temperature is ', MidnightAverage
```

If loop not used

- total of 7 midday temperatures
- calculation of midday average (Note could be combined as one calculation, see example below)
- total of 7 midnight temperatures
- calculation of midnight average (Note could be combined as one calculation, see example below)
- output of both averages with suitable messages

[5]

sample algorithm:

```
MiddayAverage 

(MiddayTemperature[1] + MiddayTemperature[2] + MiddayTemperature[3] + MiddayTemperature[4] + MiddayTemperature[5] + MiddayTemperature[6] + MiddayTemperature[7])/7

MidnightAverage 

(MidnightTemperature[1] + MidnightTemperature[3] + Midnight[4] + Midnight[5] + Midnight[6] + MidnightTemperature[7])/7

PRINT 'The average midday temperature is ', MiddayAverage PRINT 'The average midnight temperature is ', MidnightAverage
```

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(c) 1 mark for the data set and 1 mark for the matching reason.

There are many possible correct answers, these are examples only.

Data set - 30, 29, 28, 31.5, 32.3, 33, 29.7

Reason – normal data that should be accepted

Data set – twenty, 23.99, seventeen, 501, –273, @#@, seventy seven

Reason – abnormal data that should be rejected

[2]

(d) Maximum 6 marks in total for question part

Explanation (max 6)

- set variable called HighestMidday to a large minus number
- loop (30 or 7) times to check each midday temperature in turn
- check midday temperature against HighestMidday / midday temperature > HighestMidday
- ...replace value in HighestMidday by midday temperature
- ...store array index in MiddayMonthDay/MiddayWeekday
- output HighestMidday outside the loop
- output MiddayMonthDay/MiddayWeekday outside the loop

```
Sample algorithm (max 4):
```

```
HighestMidday ← -999
FOR Count ← 1 TO 7
    IF MiddayTemperature [Count] > HighestMidday
        THEN HighestMidday ← MiddayTemperature[Count]
    MiddayMonthDay/MiddayWeekday ← Count
ENDIF
NEXT Count
PRINT 'The highest midday temperature was ', HighestMidday, ' on day ', Count
```

If pseudocode or programming only and no explanation, then maximum 4 marks

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Section B

2 1 mark for each error identified + suggested correction

Line 1 or Small = 0: this should read Small = 999

line 5 or IF...: this should read IF Num < Small THEN Small = Num

line 8 or UNTIL: this should read UNTIL Counter = 10 or

UNTIL Counter > = 10 or

UNTIL Counter > 9

line 7 or PRINT...: PRINT Small should come after the end of the repeat loop

or

line 8 or UNTIL: this should come before line 7 [4]

3

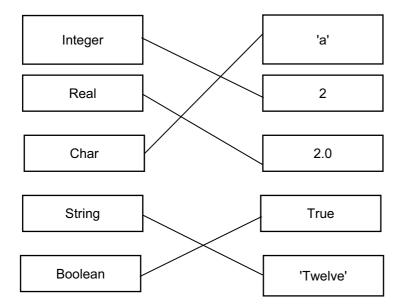
Total	Reject	Weight	Output
0	0		
1.8		1.8	
	1	26.0	
8.8		7.0	
20.1		11.3	
30.1		10.0	
32.6		2.5	
	2	25.2	
37.6		5.0	
57.4		19.8	
	3	29.3	
		-1	57.4, 3

(2 marks)(1 mark)1 mark)(1 mark)(-1 for each error)(allow follow through)(then follow though)(from Total and Reject)

[5]

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4 1 mark for each correct link, up to maximum of 4 marks



[4]

- 5 Any **two** points from
 - a variable is used to store data that can change during the running of a program
 - a constant is used to store data that will not be changed during the running of a program

[2]

- **6** FOR (... TO ... NEXT)
 - REPEAT (... UNTIL)
 - WHILE (... DO ... ENDWHILE)

[3]

- 7 (a) -7 [1]
 - (b) Brochure No
 - Uniquely identifies each property

[2]

(c) Garage – Boolean

Number of Bedrooms – Number/Integer/Single

Price in \$ – Number/Single/Real/Currency

[3]

[2]

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(e)

)				
Field:	Property Type	Garage	Price in \$	Brochure No
Table:	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY
Sort:				
Show:	✓		Ø	abla
Criteria:		True	< 200000	
or:				
or				
Field:	Property Type	Garage	Price in \$	Brochure No
Table:	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY
Sort:				
Show:	Ø		Ø	✓
Criteria:		Yes	< 200000	
or:				
or				
Field:	Property Type	Garage	Price in \$	Brochure No
Table:	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY
Sort:				
Show:	\square		V	7
Criteria:		=Yes	< 200000	
or:				
or				
Field:	Property Type	Garage	Price in \$	Brochure No
Table:	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY	PROPERTY
Sort:				
Show:	Ø		Ø	\square
Criteria:		=-1	< 200000	
or:				
	(1 mark)	(1 mark)	(1 mark)	(1 mark)