

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0511 ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE

0511/11

Paper 1 (Reading and Writing – Core), maximum raw mark 56

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2012	0511	11

This component forms part of the Core tier assessment of IGCSE English as a Second Language and tests the following Assessment Objectives:

AO1: Reading

- R1 understand and respond to information presented in a variety of forms
- R2 select and organise material relevant to specific purposes
- R3 recognise, understand and distinguish between facts, ideas and opinions

AO2: Writing

W1 communicate clearly, accurately and appropriately

- W2 convey information and express opinions effectively
- W3 employ and control a variety of grammatical structures
- W4 demonstrate knowledge and understanding of a range of appropriate vocabulary
- W5 observe conventions of paragraphing, punctuation and spelling
- W6 employ appropriate register/style

Overview of exercises on Paper 1

		Reading objectives tested	Marks for reading objectives	Writing objectives tested	Marks for writing objectives	Total available marks
Exercise 1	Reading (1)	R1	6			6
Exercise 2	Reading (2)	R1	10			10
Exercise 3	Information transfer	R1, R2	6	W1, W5	4	10
Exercise 4	Note- making	R1, R2, R3	6			6
Exercise 5	Summary			W1, W2, W3, W4, W5	4	4
Exercise 6	Writing (1)			W1, W2, W3, W4, W5, W6	10	10
Exercise 7	Writing (2)			W1, W2, W3, W4, W5, W6	10	10
						56

	Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper		
		IGCSE – May/June 2012	0511	11		
Exe	ercise 1 SKY	DIVING WITHOUT A PLANE				
(a)	 (a) <u>indoor</u> skydiving / skydiving without a plane / flying as high as 12 metres / flying 12 metres <u>above the ground</u> [1 					
(b)	200–250 visit	tors <u>per day</u> / 1200 <u>online</u> fans / plans to increase th	e number of instr	uctors		
	TWO FROM	THREE FOR ONE MARK		[1]		
	accept 'more	than 200 visitors per day'				
(c)	a lesson			[1]		
(d)	they can't tall	k to the divers / they can't talk to them		[1]		
(e)	to make ever	ybody fly		[1]		
(f)	145 <u>dirham</u> (s) /145 <u>AED</u>		[1]		
		M	lax total for exer	cise 1: 6 marks		

	Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' vers	ion Syllabus	Paper
		IGCSE – May/June 2012	0511	11
Exe	ercise 2 TRA	APPED FOR MONTHS		
(a)	in a crisis			[1]
(b)	25 <u>days</u>			[1]
(c)	attached a no	ote to a drill		[1]
(d)		survive stressful conditions react when emergencies occur	1 MARK FOR EACH DETAIL	[2]
(e)		owing them <u>without shirts and unshaven</u> em <u>without shirts and unshaven</u>		[1]
(f)	unity and dise	cipline		[1]
(g)	• •	on – vitamin drinks – hot meals / meatballs with rice		[1]
(h)	15 <u>centimetre</u>	<u>es</u> / 15 <u>cm(s)</u>		[1]
(i)		juide / they read (a book called) 'Talking book (in order) to speak to journalists	to the Media'	[1]
			Max total for exercis	se 2: 10 marks

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2012	0511	11

Exercise 3 VISITORS TO THE USA: FORM

Note: correct spelling is essential throughout the form-filling exercise. Upper case letters required at the start of proper nouns. The conventions of form-filling (i.e. instructions to tick, circle, delete and underline) must be observed with total accuracy.

VISITORS TO THE USA

SECTION A Personal details

Full name:	<u>M</u> ohamed <u>H</u> assan / <u>H</u> assan <u>M</u> ohamed
DELETE	FEMALE
Date of birth:	24 March 1994
City and country of birth:	<u>A</u> mman (and) <u>J</u> ordan / <u>J</u> ordan (and) <u>A</u> mman
Nationality:	<u>J</u> ordanian

SECTION B Details of visit

Passport number:	429863005		
Place of departure:	<u>D</u> ubai		
Means of travel:	TICK flight If flight, please give number EK472		
Date and time of arrival:	3 rd August (at/and) 15:10 / 15:10 (on/and) 3 rd August		
Total length of stay:	UNDERLINE 1–2 months		
Contact address in the USA:	<u>Metropolitan Towers</u> 343 Lexington <u>Avenue New Y</u> ork		
Main reason for visit:	CIRCLE holiday		

Max. total for Sections A and B: 6 marks

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2012	0511	11

SECTION C:

Max. total for Section C: 4 marks

In the space below, write **one** sentence about your travel arrangements from the airport to your contact address, and **one** sentence about what you plan to do during your visit.

Sentence 1 and 2 must be written from the point of view of Mohamed Hassan.

Sentence 1

It is expected that candidates will write about Mohamed's uncle meeting him at the airport and travelling by car to the apartment.

Sample sentence:

My uncle is going to drive me to his apartment in New York.

Sentence 2

It is expected that candidates will write about observing TV news / seeing the sights of New York / visiting the Grand Canyon.

Sample sentence: I plan to visit the sights of New York and the Grand Canyon.

For each sentence, award up to 2 marks as follows:

2 marks: proper sentence construction; correct spelling, punctuation and grammar; gives the information asked for

1 mark: proper sentence construction; 1–3 errors of punctuation/spelling/grammar (without obscuring meaning); gives the information asked for

0 marks: more than 3 errors of punctuation/spelling/grammar; and/or does not give the information asked for; and/or not a proper sentence; and/or meaning obscure

Absence of a full stop at the end should be considered as 1 punctuation error. Absence of an upper case letter at the beginning should be considered as 1 punctuation error. Omission of a word in a sentence should be considered as 1 grammar error.

Max total for exercise 3: 10 marks

Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2012	0511	11

Exercise 4 THE MAN WITH THE GIFT OF DOWSING

Correct responses only apply if they are placed under the correct sub-heading (as detailed below). Only one mark may be awarded per line. Add the correct answers to give a total out of 6. Remember that this exercise is marked for content (reading) not language.

Costas' early discoveries (max 2 marks this heading)

- 1 his gift
- 2 metal went wild in his hands
- 3 <u>underground</u> water

What Costas can tell companies about water underground (max 2 marks this heading)

- 4 the quantity
- 5 the quality / the purity / whether it contains any salt
- 6 distinguish water from other liquids
- 7 the depth / how deep the water is
- 8 the direction of flow

Tools that Costas now uses to detect water

- 9 rod with a loop at either end
- 10 (rod and) twig / small piece of wood
- 11 pendulum / weight on piece of string

Max total for exercise 4: 6 marks

Exercise 5 THE MAN WITH THE GIFT OF DOWSING: SUMMARY

This exercise is marked for language, not content, but if content is entirely irrelevant to the task, a mark of zero should be awarded.

(max 2 marks this heading)

Count words and do not mark anything exceeding 70 words, as specified in the question. Candidates will not be assessed on anything they have written after this limit, but will not be penalised per se for exceeding it.

- 0 meaning obscure because of density of language errors and serious problems with expression / nothing of relevance
- 1 expression weak / reliance on lifting from the passage
- 2 expression limited / reliance on copying out the notes, but some sense of order
- 3 expression good, with attempts to group and sequence ideas in own words
- 4 expression very good: clear, orderly grouping and sequencing, largely own words

Max total for exercise 5: 4 marks

Page 8	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2012	0511	11

Exercise 6 FIRST TIME FOR EVERYTHING

Exercise 7 CARS – ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

The following general instructions, and table of marking criteria, apply to both exercises.

- **Content** covers *relevance* (i.e. whether the piece fulfils the task and the awareness of purpose/ audience/register) and the *development of ideas* (i.e. the detail/explanation provided and how enjoyable it is to read).
- Language covers *style* (i.e. complexity of vocabulary and sentence structure) and *accuracy* (of grammar, spelling, punctuation and use of paragraphs).
- When deciding on a mark for content or language, first of all decide which mark band is most appropriate. There will not necessarily be an exact fit. Then decide between 2 marks within that mark band. Use the lower mark if it only just makes it into the band and the upper mark if it fulfils all the requirements of the band but doesn't quite make it into the band above.
- When deciding on a mark for **content**, look at both *relevance* and *development of ideas*. First ask yourself whether the writing fulfils the task, in terms of points to be covered and the length. If it does, it will be in the 4–5 mark band.
- When deciding on a mark for **language**, look at both the *style* and the *accuracy* of the language. A useful starting point would be first to determine whether errors intrude. If they do not, it will be in the 4–5 mark band.
- The **use of paragraphs** should **not** be the primary basis of deciding which mark band the work is in. Look first at the language used and once you have decided on the appropriate mark band, you can use the paragraphing as a factor in helping you to decide whether the work warrants the upper or lower mark in the mark band.
- If the essay is considerably **shorter than the stated word length**, it should be put in mark band 2–3 for content or lower for not fulfilling the task.
- If the essay is **totally irrelevant** and has nothing to do with the question asked, it should be given 0 marks for Content and Language, even if it is enjoyable to read and fluent.
- If the essay is **partly relevant** and therefore in mark band 2–3, the full range of marks for language is available.

Max total for exercise 6: 10 marks Max total for exercise 7: 10 marks

Page 9	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2012	0511	11

Γ

GENERAL CRITERIA FOR MARKING EXERCISES 6 and 7 (CORE TIER)

Mark band	CONTENT: relevance and development of ideas (AO: W1, W2, W6)	Mark band	LANGUAGE: style and accuracy (AO: W1, W3, W4, W5)
4–5	Satisfactory:	4–5	Safe:
	 <i>Relevance</i>: Fulfils the task, with reasonable attempt at appropriate register, and some sense of purpose and audience. A satisfactory attempt has been made to address the topic, but there may be digressions. <i>Development of ideas:</i> Material is satisfactorily developed at appropriate length. 		 Style: Mainly simple structures and vocabulary, sometimes attempting more sophisticated language. Accuracy: Meaning is clear, and work is of a safe, literate standard. Simple structures are generally sound, apart from infrequent spelling errors, which do not interfere with communication. Grammatical errors occur when more sophistication is attempted. Paragraphs are used but without coherence or unity.
2–3	Partly relevant:	2–3	Errors intrude:
	 <i>Relevance</i>: Partly relevant and some engagement with the task. Does not quite fulfil the task, although there are some positive qualities. Inappropriate register, showing insufficient awareness of purpose and/or audience. <i>Development of ideas:</i> Supplies some detail and explanation, but the effect is incomplete. Some repetition. 		 Style: Simple structures and vocabulary. Accuracy: Meaning is sometimes in doubt. Frequent, distracting errors hamper precision and slow down reading. However, these do not seriously impair communication. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent.
0–1	Little relevance:	0–1	Hard to understand:
	 Limited engagement with task, but this is mostly hidden by density of error. Award 1 mark. No engagement with the task, or any engagement with task is completely hidden by density of error. Award 0 marks. If essay is completely irrelevant, no mark can be given for language. 		 Multiple types of error in grammar/ spelling/word usage/punctuation throughout, which mostly make it difficult to understand. Occasionally, sense can be deciphered. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent. Award 1 mark. Density of error completely obscures meaning. Whole sections impossible to recognise as pieces of English writing. Paragraphs absent or inconsistent. Award 0 marks.