MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0680 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

0680/43 Paper 4 (Alternative to Coursework), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2012 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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General notes

Symbols used in Environmental Management mark schemes.

- / separates alternatives for a marking point other valid ways of expressing the same idea are also credited
- ; separates points for the award of a mark
- [3] indicates the number of marks available
- [max 3] the number shows the maximum number of marks available for the question where there are more marking points than total marks available
- [max 3] when part of the marks of a question must come from part of the mark scheme, this is indicated by non-bold marks showing the internal maxima for different parts of the question these non-bold marks are also used to show marks for bands where banded mark schemes are used
- *italic* indicates that this is information about the marking points and is not required to gain credit italic text is also used for comments about alternatives that should be accepted, ignored or rejected
- ora or reverse argument shows that an argument from an alternative viewpoint will be credited
- AW alternative wording, sometimes called 'or words to that effect' AW is used when there are many different ways of expressing the same idea
- the word / phrase in brackets is not required to gain marks but sets the context of the response for credit
 e.g. (nuclear) waste nuclear is not needed but if it was described as a domestic waste then no mark is awarded
- volcanic underlined words the answer must contain exactly this word
- ecf error carried forward if an incorrect answer is given to part of a question, and this answer is subsequently used by a candidate in later parts of the question, this indicates that the candidate's incorrect answer will be used as a starting point for marking the later parts of the question

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1 ((a)	(i)	nutria algae block so le deat deco less for re less	to eutrophication; ents / named nutrients increase; e grow / bloom; k light from plants; ess / no photosynthesis; h of algae / plants; omposed by bacteria / increase in bacteria; oxygen available / use up oxygen; espiration / decomposition; fish / fish die; il e.g. ref. nitrate decreasing or phosphate ions incre	easing;	[max 5]
		(ii)	conte phos BOD num	with some supporting comment; ent of supporting comment – ref. rise of sphate;); bers of fish; bers of fish species; (ignore pH)	[1 [max 2	
			num	bers of fish species, (ignore pri)	[max 2	j [max 5]
		pus nat	sh fac ural d 100			[max 1] [1]
	(-1)	(ii) (i)	ome	ce of protein / minerals / named mineral e.g. calcium ga oil / fish oil / essential oils;	n / phosphate / vit	amin D / [1]
	(a)	(i)	y-ax both	ntation x-axis is time in days from start / AW, is is average weight per fish in grams; a axes labelled as for orientation; s;; one error max 1 for plots accept bar	- charts	[4]
		(ii)	70 (g	g) / half / double / 50% / difference quoted;		[1]
		(iii)		<i>larity</i> both increase / AW; Prence increase at different rates / AW;		[2]
		(iv)	pesti poor	ition with household waste / industrial waste / he icides; · quality food / not enough food / nutrients / less or lit ept converse arguments for river water	-	ins / poisons / [max 1]
	(e)	tox	ic effe to (pa	od poisoning / AW; ects of heavy metals / organic compounds; athogenic) bacteria / virus; ect pollution/waste unqualified		[1]

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2	(a) (i)	(200	00 ÷ 25 =) 80 (buckets);; if answer incorrect, credit	correct working to	o max 1 [2]
	(ii)	sanc colle mec	of renewable wooden boats / reuse of rice bags / wa d replenished by river system / AW; ection unlikely to exceed replenishment; chanical dredging may do more damage / ora; P; e.g. no fuel burnt / no oil released / no emissions of		
	(iii)	colle no s gove	ernment not making any money; ect no tax from extraction / AW; elling of licences; ernment wants to control resource / environment; to worker safety;		[max 2]
	(b) (i)	Dec reas	t and worst months named ember / January AND June; sons st rainfall / fewest wet days AND highest rainfall / mos	st wet days;	[2]
	(ii)	cash fear limite inves too r	of room; n flow / too much money needed to hold / produce sto of being stolen; ed water supply; stment too expensive / too much money needed for r much money for sand / cement / materials; <i>ept ora</i>		[2]
	(iii)	insul ref. t good no d rice acce less	lation; to easier transport / weight; <i>te rice husks</i> d use of agricultural waste; lisposal problem of rice husks; husks a cheap resource; <i>ept in either, once only</i> materials / sand / cement used (per block);		
			er cost of sand; er cost of cement;		[max 3]

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	(c)	(i)		to banks holding water in field; to ditches to channel water / AW;			[max 1]
		(ii)	relea save ref. t struc ref. t	humus (to soil); ase nutrients to soil; on cost of fertiliser; o improvement of soil conditions / soil drainage / soi sture; o farmers making more money; <i>re ref. to animal fodder</i>	l moisture (rete	ention) / s	oil [max 2]
		(iii)	(mos (mos carry wher mala	nosquitoes; squitoes) breed in water; squitoes) bite an infected person; v malaria to humans; n they bite an uninfected person; iria does not kill mosquitoes / other biological detail a ers cannot afford / access, drugs / mosquito nets;	about infection	in mosqu	uito; [max 3]
3	 (a) good layout (three alternative answers in at least one question); [max 1] three questions to find out about: crop damage; crop yields; costs; selling price; profit; 						
		AV	P;		[1	max 3]	[max 4]
	(b)	(i)	8139 2.6;	90;			[2]
		(ii)		e drawn (using lines to distinguish cells) / accept an a	appropriate gra	ph;	
				in rank order of metres / data in rank order of pH; lings distance/m / distance (m) / distance in metres / pH (ignore units in table);	AW AND		[3]
		(iii)	as d	istance increases so the pH decreases / AW / ora;			[1]
	(c)	(i)		e source of seed / growing temp / humidity / wind co me of soil / age of seed / AVP; accept pH of soil, re	-) / [1]
		(ii)	for a ref. t	with ref. to growth rate reduced; Il cement samples / AW; to 2 cm reduction; loced photosynthesis / transpiration / gas exchange;	ſı	[1] max 2]	
					-		101
		<i>/</i>		vith ref. to growth not very different / both grew more			[2]
		(111)	flow	l length / distance between leaves / number of leave ering; s / weight of spinach ;	s / number of f	lowers / 1	ime of [max 1]

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(d) developments

control of cement dust; more crops; mixed cropping; comment on supply of vitamins; sustainable block production using rice husks; allow some / controlled mining for wealth of nation / employment / reduce poverty; AVP; [max 5]

restrictions:

development of more cement factories; control of sawmill waste into rivers; alternative uses e.g. fuel; strict controls on mining to prevent environmental damage; ref. to family planning; AVP;

[max 5] [max 7]