MNN. Xiremedabers.com

## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

## 0460 GEOGRAPHY

0460/41

Paper 4 (Alternative to Coursework), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



| Page 2 |   |                            | Mark Scheme   | Syllabus           | Paper              |     |  |
|--------|---|----------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|-----|--|
|        |   |                            | IGCSE – May/June 2013   | 0460               | 41                 |     |  |
| (a)    | (i) Factors such as: Safety Width / depth / amount of water – not too wide / not too deep / variable widths Accessibility / private land / environmentally sensitive areas Distance between sites / equidistant from other sites / evenly spaced / not too close together Away from human impact / polluted water 3 @ 1 |                            |   |                    |                    |     |  |
|        | (ii)  | impro<br>Prac              | ee methodology on what measurements to take fault<br>ove methodology<br>tise fieldwork techniques / know what to do<br>equipment  | ts in methodology  | 2 @ 1              | [2] |  |
| (b)    | Equ   | iipme                      | channel:<br>nt: tape measure  |                    |                    |     |  |
|        | One<br>Dep  | e side<br>oth of           | ape measure across river / from bank to bank / of river to the other river: nt: ruler / metre stick / measuring stick / metre rule  |                    | (1 + 1)<br>(1 + 1) |     |  |
|        | 1 m   | ark fo                     | or equipment & 1 mark for method for both measure   | ments              |                    | [4] |  |
| (c)    | (i)   | 2 acc<br>2 acc<br>1 acc    | upletion of cross-section: curate plots + line = 2 marks curate plots but no line = 1 mark curate plot + line = 1 mark re shading and line to 0                                       |                    |                    | [2] |  |
|        | (ii)  | Work<br>Keep<br>OR<br>Meas | a tape measure / rope / chain<br>k across river bed from water level on one side to w<br>b tape in contact with bed / channel<br>sure wetted perimeter line on cross-section<br>scale | ater level on othe | r side             | [2] |  |

1

|   |   | IGCSE – May/June 2013  | 0460               | 41           |     |
|---|---|--|--------------------|--------------|-----|
| (iii)                                   | Volu<br>Stra<br>Amo<br>Inte   | dient / steepness of slope /angle of slope<br>ume of water / discharge / tributary joins<br>light / presence of meanders<br>ount of rainfall / snowmelt<br>rference by people, e.g. dam / weir<br>roughness / rocks in river / plants in river |                    | 0.04         | [0] |
|   |   |  |                    | 2 @ 1        | [2] |
| (iv)                                    | Hypothesis is generally / partially true / true / Yes / do increase downstream ✓HA But not true for width / only true for wetted perimeter & depth Site 5 is an anomaly in width / site 4 is wider than site 5 / site 5 is narrower than site 4 Credit paired data to 2 max. Need 2 sites + 2 measurements e.g. depth at site 1 is 0.04(m) & at site 5 is 0.27(m) w.p at site 1 is 1.75 & at site 2 is 6.3 Width at site 4 is 10.6 & at site 5 is 9.9 |  |                    |              |     |
|   |   | lse = 0  |                    |              | [4] |
|   |   |  |                    |              |     |
| (d) (i)                                 |   | k size: use ruler to measure long axis / length / widtl<br>indness: compare rock with chart  | h / height of rock | (1 + 1)      | [2] |
| (ii)                                    | Size  | ting two bars on graph<br>e = 22.5, roundness = 2.1<br>ore shading   |                    | 2 @ 1        | [2] |
| (iii)                                   | Нур   | othesis 2 is correct rocks do become   |                    |              | [1] |
| (iv)                                    | Cori<br>Sma<br>tran   | tion / pebbles crash into each other<br>rasion / pebbles crash into bed and banks<br>aller / rounder pebbles are moved further downstreal<br>sport<br>ger duration of transport  | m because they a   | re easier to | [2] |
| Mea<br>Rep<br>Sar<br>Diff<br>Get<br>Moi | (e) Measure depth at more points across channel / smaller intervals Measure at more sites / smaller intervals Repeat during different day / month / season Sample more rocks at each site Different sampling techniques rather than random Get rocks from underneath surface of bed More students use Roundness Scoring chart to check results Measure volume / weight of rocks  4 @  |  |                    |              |     |

Mark Scheme

**Syllabus** 

Paper

Page 3

[Total: 30]

|   | Page 4 |       | l  | Mark Scheme  | Syllabus    | Paper | _           |
|---|--------|-------|--|--|-------------|-------|-------------|
|   |        |       |  | IGCSE – May/June 2013  | 0460        | 41    |             |
| 2 | (a)    | (i)   | Terti  | ary  |             |       | [1]         |
|   |        | (ii)  |  | apletion of pie chart – service industries & mining ark for shading, 1 mark for correct position of line   |             |       | [2]         |
|   | (b)    | (i)   | Ask<br>Avoi<br>OR<br>Rand  | ematic sampling every tenth person d bias / fair test / equal chance for everybody  dom sampling random numbers / ask next person they meet / no | order       |       |             |
|   |        |       |  | tified<br>appropriate age / gender balance<br>ds bias / fair test / more representative  |             |       |             |
|   |        |       | Cred   | lit 3 answers separately   |             | 3 @ 1 | [3]         |
|   |        | (ii)  | someone is a resident or live there<br>Residents or locals will know about the mine / visitors won't know about mine |  |             |       | w if<br>[2] |
|   |        | (iii) | Com  | upletion of bar graphs – town has more services = 2<br>dust in the air = 17  | 5           | 2 @ 1 | [2]         |
|   | (      | (iv)  | Mine   | othesis is false – 1 mark reserve<br>e has a positive impact<br>t / almost all / over half / majority of people say mini                         | ing is good |       |             |
|   |        |       |  | erence to named benefits from mining, with supporti<br>ark max e.g. 40 said there are jobs at the mine   | ng data to  |       | [4]         |

|  | IGCSE – May/June 2013  | 0460   | 41    |     |  |  |
|--|--|--------|-------|-----|--|--|
| (v)  | Divert mining lorries around town Construction of railway to mine More buses for workers More roads / wider roads / by-pass road Limit times of blasting Sound-proof building / double glazing Drilling / digging for rock / mining underground Announce when blasting is happening Noise barriers Wear ear muffs Dust controlled by water sprays Wears masks                              |        | 3 @ 1 | [3] |  |  |
| (c) (i)  | Completion of lines on flow line map Orapa = 5, Francistown = 1 Needs to be same width along all arrow   |        | 2 @ 1 | [2] |  |  |
| (ii)   | 1 max per idea below   |        |       |     |  |  |
| Grouping: Clustered / grouped / widespread / scattered   |  |        |       |     |  |  |
| <b>Direction</b> : Comment e.g. towns are mainly in south of country / towns are NE none from north Botswana |  |        |       |     |  |  |
|  | Distance: Comment e.g. close to mine / different distances from mine   |        |       |     |  |  |
|  | All in <b>Botswana</b> / none from other countries / none from Zimbabwe / many close borders   |        |       |     |  |  |
|  | Data: e.g. 8 towns in NE, all within 500km of mine   |        | 3 @ 1 | [3] |  |  |
| (iii)  | Show <b>direction</b> of movement<br>Shows <b>number</b> of people / how many there are<br>Easy to interpret / clear picture / can easily see patter   | n      |       | [2] |  |  |
| (iv)   | Working in a mine is better paid than jobs in my home<br>Send money to my family back home<br>There are no jobs in my home town  | e town |       |     |  |  |
|  | If make 4 choices deduct one mark  |        | 3 @ 1 | [3] |  |  |
| Poo<br>Dar<br>Dus<br>Noi<br>Vib<br>Bor<br>Lov  | (d) Must leave their family / work away from their family / away from home Poor working conditions / long working hours / dirty job / hot in mine Dangerous work / mine collapse Dust causing health problems / breathing difficulties Noise causes hearing problems Vibrations cause 'shakes' Boring work / lifestyle Low wages / poorly paid / exploitation Heavy / manual work 3 @ 1 [3 |        |       |     |  |  |

**Mark Scheme** 

**Syllabus** 

Paper

Page 5