CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

0417 INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

0417/11 Paper 1 (Written), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



		IGO	CSE - I	May/June 2013		0417	11
A B C D	TFT mor graph plo	nitor					
D	VD RAM	laser p	rinter	magnetic disc			
(nı	umber pad	Speake	ers	trackerball			
						True	False
Pr	esentation	software is used	to crea	ate slide shows.		✓	
All	l laptop cor	nputers have tou	ıch scre	eens.			✓
Sp	Spreadsheet software can be used to produce databases. An Internet browser is used by web designers to test web pages.				✓		
Ar				S.	✓		
М	otors are in	put devices.					✓
(a) Double	data entry	is a fo	orm of verification.			
(b) A tempe	erature sensor	is use	ed to input data in a comput	er-cont	rolled gree	enhouse.
(с) DTP sof	tware	is use	ed to create magazines.			
(d	l) A length	ı check	is a v	alidation rule.			
(e) A graph	ics tablet	is use	ed to input freehand drawing	gs to a	computer.	
TI	hree from:						
BI G Ra	emperature lood pressulucose leve ate of respi evel of oxyg	ıre el	t's bloo	d			

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

Page 2

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE – May/June 2013	0417	11

6	Fixed hard disc	To transfer files from one computer to another	[1]
	DVD ROM	Batch processing applications	[1]
	Pen drive	To store operating systems	[1]
	Magnetic tape	Publishers distributing encyclopaedias	[1]

7	PENDOWN		BACKWARD	110
	LEFT	90	PENDOWN	
	REPEAT	5	REPEAT	8
	FORWARD	40	FORWARD	50
	RIGHT	72	RIGHT	45
	ENDREPEAT		ENDREPEAT	

[8]

8 Four matched pairs from:

Chip reader

PENUP

Bank/credit card account information/supermarket code

Bar code reader

Information from a product label/product identity number

Electronic scales

Weight of an item

Touch screen

Identification of product

Number pad

Bar code number when bar code reader cannot read bar code/the number of items

Magnetic stripe reader

Information about the customer [8]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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9

	True	False
Using a password always prevents unauthorised access to data		√
A strong password is one that is difficult for a hacker to guess	✓	
Giving your password to a friend is a good idea in case you forget it.		✓
If you forget your user id you can still gain access to data using your password.		✓

[4]

10 (a) Four from:

Data/cheques are collected together during the course of the day Data/cheques are then processed all at once Data/cheques are processed overnight Dank accounts updated following morning No human intervention

[4]

(b) Three from:

It might lead to double booking
Customer would not be sure booking has been successful
Would take a long time to receive confirmation/ticket
Processing would take a long time...
... would cost company money

[3]

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11

	✓
More technical staff have been employed	✓
Car workers can have more breaks	
Car workers have to lift all the heavy parts	
Car workers get paid less	
Car workers have been made unemployed	✓
Car workers have had to be retrained	✓
Work areas are dirtier	
There are fewer manual tasks to do	✓

[4]

12 (a) Three from:

Either

It looks through (the cells) A2 to B12 in Sheet 1 Compares with the contents of C8/RUS (in Sheet 2)

Or

It reads the contents of C8/RUS (in Sheet 2) Compares with the contents of A2:B12 in Sheet 1

until it finds the first matching value It records the corresponding value from column 2 of the range A2:B12 in Sheet 1 C8 (in Sheet 2) contains RUS Produces /records Russia

[3]

(b) America [1]

(c) Four from:

It reads the contents of D8 (female)
Sees if it is male
It isn't, so it ignores the next condition
It reads the contents of E8 – 22.01
Sees if it is greater than the contents of \$D\$4 – 20.70
It is, so it sets produces/records "yes"

[4]

(d) No [1]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(e) Three from:

Some situations are/real thing might be dangerous/ model is less dangerous

Cost of building real thing may be expensive

Real thing may waste raw materials/natural resources

Easier to change/modify

Costs less to change data/variables

The real thing may be impossible to access/create

Real thing may be on too vast a scale

It may take a long time to obtain results from the real thing

Extremes which can't be tested in real life can be tested using models

[3]

13 (a)

Field name	Data type	
Hard_disc_size	Integer	[1]
Separate_Number_pad	Boolean	[1]
Cost	Currency	[2]
Type_of_Computer	Boolean	[2]

(b) Five from:

Direct changeover – new system replaces existing system immediately/overnight

Parallel running – new system runs alongside/together with existing system

Parallel running – there is always the old system to fall back on in the event of the new system failing/information is not lost/always a second copy/Direct changeover – if things

go wrong lose all data/old system is not available

Direct changeover – benefits are immediately available

Parallel running is more expensive to implement than direct changeover....

....more expensive as two sets of workers have to be employed

Direct changeover – less likelihood of errors as system will have been fully tested

Direct changeover is a quicker method of implementation than parallel running

Direct changeover – training is more difficult to organise

Parallel running – training can be gradual

[5]

14 Three from:

A CLI only allows you to type in commands

With CLI syntax has to be precise

Commands difficult to edit once entered

Have to learn a lot of commands exactly/have to be familiar with the commands

[3]

	Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	J	IGCSE – May/June 2013	0417	11
15	Two matched	pairs from:		
		elling their software/games d of production/quick to access data		
		nal backups/transferring data (from one compu quicker to retrieve data/expensive to buy tape		
		Copying media such as films/music to access individual scenes/tracks/ better or high	gher quality	[4
16		- data within a (given) range/appropriate for tha y wage between \$100 and \$500	t data type	[´ [´
		a – data outside the range/of the wrong data ty y wage less than \$100 or greater than \$500 or		[´ [´
	Extreme data Example – \$1	– data on the boundaries of the range00 or \$500		[´
17	Four from:			
	Encryption ma Firewall – ma Disconnect re	hods – unique so only authorized users will have akes it difficult for unauthorised users to read da kes it difficult for unauthorised computers to acc cords computer from network – limit access ph – only users with appropriate permissions can	ata cess the system ysically	[4
18	Six from:			

Blog is public/anyone can see it

Blog is online diary/personal opinions

Viewers can only add comments on blogs/authors can reply to comments

Only author can edit blog

Social networking sites might only be available to friends of user

Social networking site enable users to send messages to small group of 'friends' to arrange meetings

Friends can respond more quickly to messages within the group to confirm availability

Easier to share photographs with others

Social networking sites can lead to seclusion from society

Social networking sites can lead to cyber bullying

[6]