

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

MATHEMATICS

0580/03, 0581/03

Paper 3 (Core)

October/November 2007

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials:

Electronic calculator

Mathematical tables (optional)

Geometrical instruments Tracing paper (optional)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 104.

For Examiner's Use	

This document consists of 12 printed pages.



table below For iner's

1 Margarita keeps a record of all her marks for science experiments, as shown in the table below

Mark	5	6	7	8	9	10
Frequency	1	5	10	9	7	3

(a)	(i)	How many	science ex	xperiments	did N	1 argarita	do?

Answer(a)(i) [1]

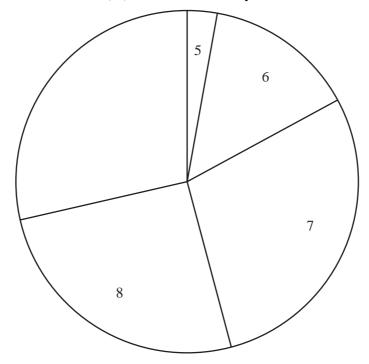
(ii) Write down the mode.

(iii) Find the median.

(iv) Calculate the mean.

$$Answer(a)(iv) [3]$$

(b) Margarita draws a pie chart to show this information. The sectors for her marks of 5, 6, 7 and 8 have already been drawn.

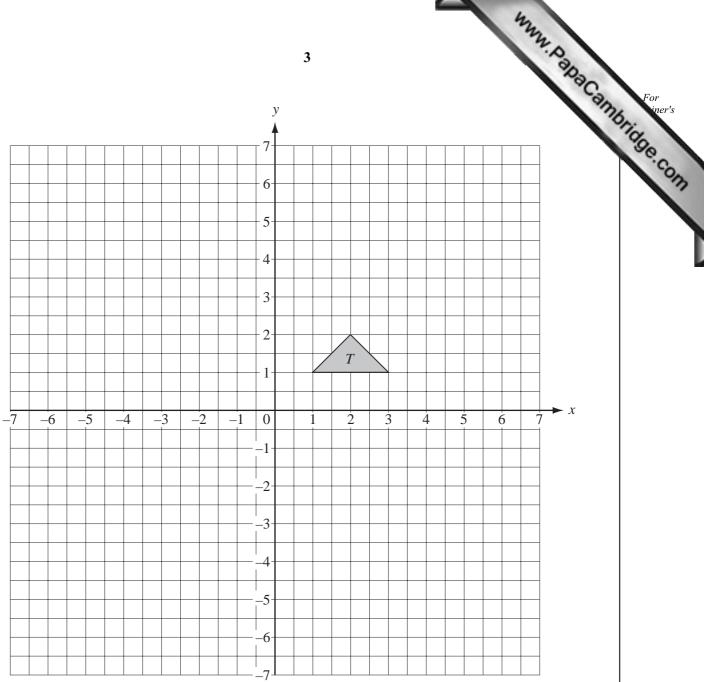


(i) Calculate the angle of the sector for her mark of 9.

$$Answer(b)(i) [2]$$

(ii) Complete the pie chart accurately.

[1]



(a) Draw the image of triangle
$$T$$
 after translation by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$. Label it A . [2]

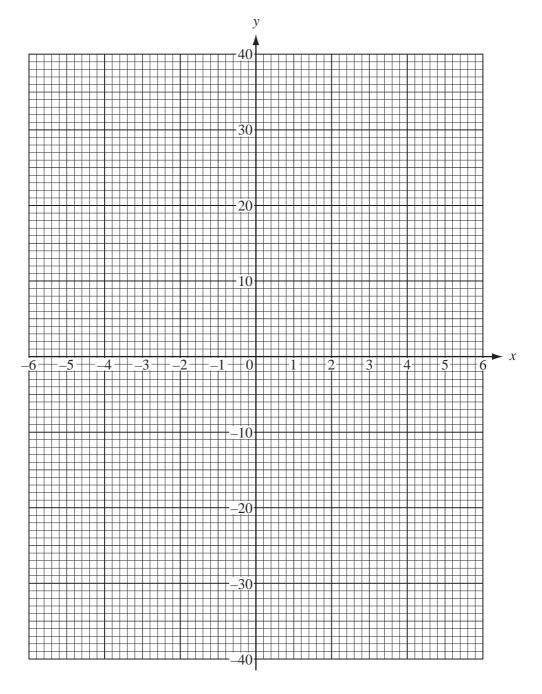
- **(b)** Draw the image of triangle T after reflection in the line y = -1. Label it B. [2]
- (c) Draw the image of triangle T after rotation through 180° about the point (0, 0). Label it C. [2]
- (d) Draw the image of triangle T after enlargement, centre (0, 0), scale factor 2. Label it D. [2]
- (e) Describe clearly the **single** transformation which maps triangle D onto triangle T.

Answer(e) [3]

(a) Complete the table for the function $y = \frac{36}{x}$, $(x \neq 0)$. 3

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mple	te the t	able fo	r the fi	unction	$y = \frac{36}{x}$		≠ ()).					of the same of the	For iner's
х	-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1		1	2	3	4	5	6	Tage
y		-7.2	-9		-18				18		9	7.2		1.69
		1							,		•	•		[3]

(b) On the grid below, draw the graph of
$$y = \frac{36}{x}$$
 for $-6 \le x \le -1$ and $1 \le x \le 6$.



[4]

(c) Use your graph to find x when
$$y = 21$$
.

$$Answer(c) x =$$
 [1]

the	table:	for th	e fund	ction .	$y = x^2$		5						my	Pak	acar a	Foi
х	-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6		13	bridge.
у		25	16		4	1		1	4		16	25			•	00

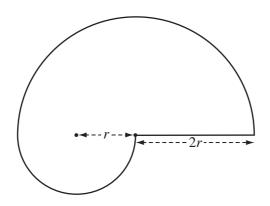
(e) On the same grid, draw the graph of $y = x^2$ for $-6 \le x \le 6$.

[4]

(f) Write down the co-ordinates of the point of intersection of the graphs of $y = \frac{36}{x}$ and $y = x^2$.

Answer(f)(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,)	[1]
	•••••		

4



The area of the shape is given by the formula $A = \frac{5\pi r^2}{2}$.

(a) Calculate the area when r = 3 cm.

(b) Calculate the value of r when $A = 200 \,\mathrm{cm}^2$.

(c) Make r the subject of the formula.

$$Answer(c)$$
 [3]

			6	7.0
5	(a)	-4 -16 0.12 7	$144 \sqrt{7} 2\frac{2}{3}$	
	Fro	om this list of numbers, write down		
	(i)	the smallest number,	Answer(a)(i)	
	(ii)	a natural number,	Answer(a)(ii)	
	(iii)	a square number,		

(b)	Write down 40 as a product of prime numbers.
	(1 is not a prime number.)

(iv) an irrational number.

$$Answer(b) 40 =$$
 [2]

Answer(a)(iii)

Answer(a)(iv)

(c) Three pairs of prime numbers have a sum of 40.

One pair is 3 and 37.

Find the other two pairs.

Answer(c)	 and	
	 and	 [2

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[1]

[1]

[1]

[1]

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	and the second s
(a)	Pencils cost 5 cents each and erasers cost 4 cents each. (i) Work out the total cost of 10 pencils and 7 erasers. Answer(a)(i) cents [1]
	(i) Work out the total cost of 10 pencils and 7 erasers.
	Answer(a)(i) cents [1]
	(ii) Write down, in terms of p and e , the total cost of p pencils and e erasers.
	Answer(a)(ii) cents [1]
(b)	The cost of a pen is x cents and the cost of a ruler is y cents.
	2 pens and 3 rulers have a total cost of 57 cents.
	5 pens and 1 ruler have a total cost of 58 cents.
	(i) Write down two equations in x and y .
	Answer(b)(i)
	Answer(b)(1)
	[2]
	(ii) Find the value of x and the value of y .
	Answer(b)(ii) x =

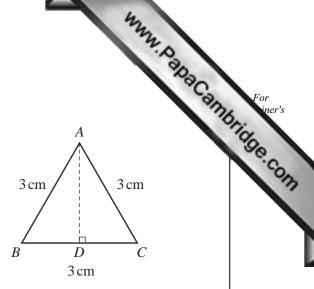


Diagram 1

Diagram 2

A physic	s teacher	uses a set	of ident	ical tria	ıngular	glass	prisms	in a	lesson.
Diagram	1 shows	one of the	prisms.						
	. 1	. 4	_	0					

Diagram 2 shows the cross-section of one prism.

The triangle ABC is equilateral, with sides of length 3 cm and height AD.

(a) (i) Calculate the length of	`AD
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Answer(a)(i) cm [2]

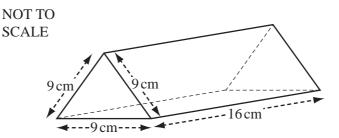
(ii) Calculate the area of triangle ABC.

(iii) The length of the prism is 8 cm. Calculate the volume of the prism.

Answer(a)(iii) cm³ [2]

[1]

(b) After the lesson, the glass prisms are put into a box, which is also a triangular prism. The cross-section is an equilateral triangle, with sides of length 9 cm. The length of the box is 16 cm.



(i) Work out the largest number of glass prisms that can fit into the box.

Answer(b)(i) [2]

(ii) Sketch a net of the box. (Accurate construction is **not** required.)

(iii) Calculate the surface area of the box.

Answer(b)(iii) cm² [6]

(iv) The box was made out of plastic, which cost 6 cents per square centimetre.
 To make the box, 540 cm² of plastic was bought.
 Calculate the total cost of the plastic, giving your answer in dollars.

Answer(b)(iv) \$ _____[2]

8 Carlos is in a class of 12 students.

Carlos is in a class of 12 st He compares the results of The table shows these resu	the st		s in a n	1 nathem		est with	ı their ı	results	in a hi		test.	0	For iner's
Student	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	a.c.
Mathematics mark	17	8	11	15	14	19	9	12	19	18	13	15	On
History mark	10	13	10	8	11	7	14	11	10	11	11	10	
			ı	ı		1	1			4			

(a) A student is chosen at

What is the probability that the student scored more than 10 marks

(i) in mathematics,

4 ()(')	Г1
Answer(a)(1)	- 11
IIIISWCI(u)(1)	 1 1

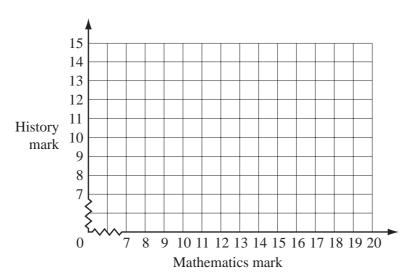
(ii) in mathematics and in history,

(iii) in at least one subject?

(b) The mean mathematics mark is 14.2. Calculate the mean history mark.



(c)



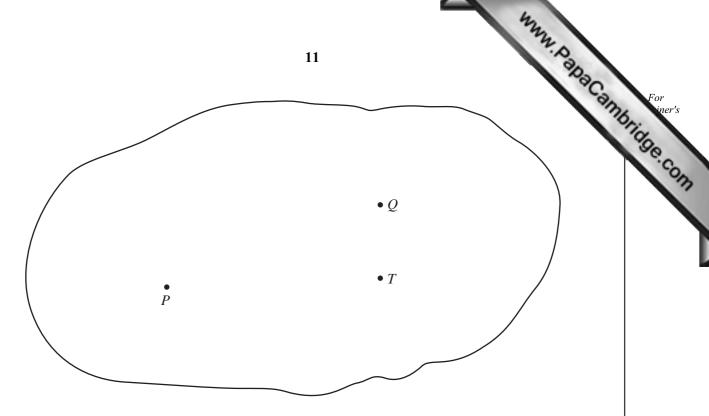
- (i) On the grid, plot the points to show the results of the 12 students.
- [3]

(ii) Draw a line of best fit.

[1]

(iii) What type of correlation does this show?

9



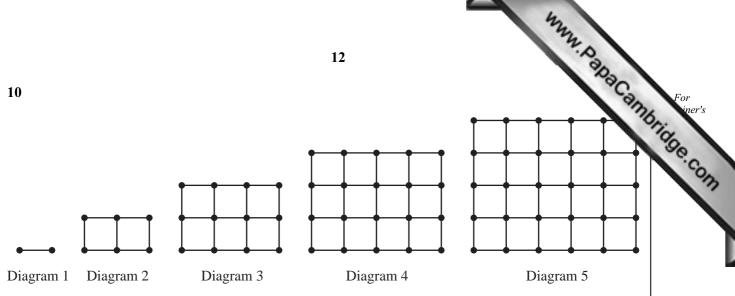
The scale drawing shows a map of a town.

The positions of the town hall, T, and two post offices, P and Q, are marked.

On the scale drawing, 1 centimetre represents 200 metres.

- (a) A new post office in the town is to be built so that it is 800 m from T and equidistant from *P* and from *Q*.
 - (i) On the scale drawing, draw the locus of points which are $800 \,\mathrm{m}$ from T. [1]
 - (ii) On the scale drawing, using a straight edge and compasses only, construct the locus of points which are equidistant from P and from Q. [2]
 - (iii) Label the position of the new post office R. [1]
 - (iv) Find the actual distance between post offices P and R.
 - Answer(a)(iv)
- (b) On the scale drawing, draw straight lines to make triangle PQT. Using a straight edge and compasses only, construct the locus of points which are equidistant from PT and from QT. [2]
- (c) On the scale drawing, shade the region inside triangle PQT, where points are nearer to Qthan to P and nearer to PT than to QT. [2]

10



Look at the sequence of five diagrams above.

Diagram 1 has 2 dots and 1 line.

Diagram 2 has 6 dots and 7 lines.

The numbers of dots and lines in each of the diagrams are shown in the table below.

Diagram number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number of dots	2	6	12	20	30		
Number of lines	1	7	17	31	49		

(a) Fill in the empty spaces in the table for Diagrams 6 and 7.

[4]

(b) How many dots are there in Diagram n?

[2] Answer(b)

(c) The number of lines in Diagram n is $2n^2 - 1$. Which diagram has 287 lines?

> Answer(c) [2]

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