# MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers 

## 0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/32
Paper 3 (Core), maximum raw mark 96

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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| Page 2 | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IGCSE - May/June 2011 | 0607 | $\mathbf{3 2}$ |


| 1 (a) | 3:5 | B1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | 12 | B1 |  |
| (c) | 9, 21 | B1 B1 | If B 0 , M1 for $30 \div 10$ seen (not implied by <br> 3) Condone 21,9 |
| (d) | $\underline{2}$ | B2 | B1 for 2 and $x$ 's cancelled |
|  | $y$ |  | B1 independent for denominator $y$ |
| (e) | 210 | B1 |  |
| (f) | 9 | B2 | If B0, M1 for $0.15 \times 60$ oe |
| (g) | 50 | B2 | If B0, M1 for $6 \div 3$ (implied by 2 ) seen [11] |
| 2 (a) (i) | 33 | B1 |  |
| (ii) | 35.5 | B1 |  |
| (iii) | 6 | B1 |  |
| (iv) | 37 | B1 |  |
| (v) | 35.1 | B1 |  |
| (b) | Correct values on shoe axis <br> Six correct heights ( $1,3, \ldots, 1,2,1,2$ ) | B1 | i.e. labels not attached to grid lines. Condone absence of 34 . B1 for five correct heights |
| (c) | Angles of $72^{\circ}, 36^{\circ}$ and $72^{\circ}\left( \pm 2^{\circ}\right)$ <br> 3 correct labels of shoe sizes ft | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 2 \mathrm{ft} \\ & \mathrm{~B} 1 \mathbf{f t} \end{aligned}$ | B1 for 1 correct ft their (b) ft their (b) |
| (d) (i) | 0.3 oe ft | B1 ft | ft their (b) or correct |
| (ii) | 1 oe | B1 | Allow $\frac{10}{10}$ etc |
| (e) | $66 \frac{2}{3}$ or $66 . \dot{6}$ or 66.7 (or 66.66 to 66.67) ft | B2 ft | Accept 67. If B0, M1 for $6 \div 9$ soi ft their (b) |
| 3 (a) |  | B3 | B2 for 9 correct, B1 for 8 correct |
|  |  |  |  |
| (b) (i) | 2, 4, 6 ft | B1 ft |  |
| (ii) | $1,2,3,4,6,8,9,10 \mathrm{ft}$ | B1 ft |  |
| (iii) | $1,3,9 \mathrm{ft}$ | B1 ft |  |
| (iv) | 4 ft | B1 ft | [7] |
|  | 46.2 (46.23 to 46.24) | B2 | If $\mathrm{B} 0, \mathrm{M} 1$ for $\sin =\frac{6.5}{9}$ oe |
| (b) | 12.3 (12.31 to 12.32) | B2 | If $\mathrm{B} 0, \mathrm{M} 1$ for $\tan 57=\frac{T W}{8}$ oe or better |


| Page 3 | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IGCSE - May/June 2011 | 0607 | 32 |


| 5 (a) (i) <br> (ii) <br> (iii) <br> (b) (i) <br> (ii) | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 28.3 \text { (28.26 to } 28.28) \\ & 10.3(10.26 \text { to } 10.28) \mathrm{ft} \\ & 8.49(8.485 \ldots .) \\ & 17.9(17.90 \text { to } 17.92) \mathrm{ft} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 2 \\ & \mathrm{~B} 2 \\ & \mathrm{~B} 1 \mathbf{f t} \\ & \mathrm{~B} 2 \\ & \mathrm{~B} 3 \mathbf{f t} \end{aligned}$ | If B0, M1 for $0.5 \times 6 \times 6$ soi <br> If B0, M1 for $0.25 \times \pi \times r^{2}$ soi <br> ft their (ii) - their (i) <br> If B0, M1 for $6^{2}+6^{2}$ <br> ft 9.42 to $9.43+$ their (i) <br> If B0, M1 for $0.25 \times \pi \times 2 r$ then M1 <br> (dependent) for adding (i) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 (a) (i) <br> (ii) <br> (b) (i) <br> (ii) <br> (iii) | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & \text { Alternate or } \mathrm{Z} \text { or diagram showing } \mathrm{Z} \\ & 100 \\ & 50 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 1 \\ & \mathrm{~B} 1 \\ & \mathrm{~B} 1 \\ & \mathrm{~B} 1 \\ & \mathrm{~B} 1 \end{aligned}$ | [5] |
| 7 (a) <br> (b) <br> (c) $(\mathbf{i})$ <br> (ii) | $\begin{aligned} & (3,-4) \\ & \binom{-3}{5} \\ & \frac{2}{3} \\ & y=\frac{2}{3} x+1 \text { oe } \mathrm{ft} \end{aligned}$ | B1 <br> B1 <br> B2 <br> B2 ft | If $\mathrm{B} 0, \mathrm{M} 1$ for evidence of $\frac{\text { rise }}{\text { run }}$ <br> Must be full equation ft their (c) <br> If $y=m x+c$ then B1 for $\frac{2}{3} x$ and B1 (indep) <br> for +1 <br> If $a x+b y=c \quad$ oe, B 2 for $a, b, c \mathrm{~B} 1$ for 2 of them correct <br> SC1 for $\frac{2}{3} x+1$ |
| 8 (a) <br> (b) (i) <br> (ii) <br> (c) (i) <br> (ii) | Reasonable rectangular hyperbola shape <br> Not touching $x$-axis $x=3$ approximately looking an asymptote <br> Vertical asymptote drawn for their curve $x=3 \mathrm{cao}$ <br> U-shaped parabola, vertex at origin 4.16 (or $4.157 \ldots$...) | C1 <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 | Condone slight curving inwards from asymptotes Independent Independent and fairly generous <br> Must look an asymptote but can be freehand <br> If graph is $\frac{10}{x}-3 \mathbf{f t}$ as follows <br> $\begin{array}{ll}\text { (a) } \mathrm{C} 1, \mathrm{~B} 0, \mathrm{BO} & \text { (b)(i) } y \text {-axis with some }\end{array}$ extra indication it is an asymptote $B 1$ <br> (ii) $x=0$ B1 <br> (c) (i) B1 (ii) 2 B1 |


| Page 4 | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version | Syllabus | Paper |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | IGCSE - May/June 2011 | 0607 | 32 |


| 9 (a) (i) <br> (ii) <br> (b) (i) <br> (ii) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1808 \text { to } 1810 \\ 1.808 \text { to } 1.81 \mathrm{ft} \\ 13.3(13.26-13.27) \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \mathrm{B} 2 \\ \mathrm{~B} 1 \mathbf{f t} \\ \mathrm{~B} 2 \\ \mathrm{~B} 2 \end{array}$ | If B 0 , M1 for $\pi \times 6^{2} \times 16$ <br> If B 0 , M1 for $\pi \times 6^{2} \times h=1500 \quad$ o.e. <br> If $\mathrm{B} 0, \mathrm{SC} 1$ for figs 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 (a) <br> (b) | $\begin{aligned} & -2 \leq x<1 \text { or } x \geq-2 \text { and } x<1 \\ & x=1.5, y=-2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { B1 B1 } \\ \text { M1 } \\ \text { A2 } \end{array}$ | SC1 for $-2<x \leq 1$ <br> M1 for eliminating one variable to equation $k x=l$ or $k y=l$ or <br> for sketch of both lines, one positive gradient, one negative gradient and intersection in bottom right quadrant (can be freehand) <br> trial and improvement both correct 3 (one correct 0) <br> ww or other GDC applications both correct SC2 (one correct 0) |
| (c) (i) | $\begin{aligned} & r(\pi+2) \\ & \frac{P}{\pi+2} \text { cao } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 1 \\ & \mathrm{~B} 1 \end{aligned}$ | [7] |
| Throughout question 11, do not allow ratios or words. If decimals or percentages used, usual accuracy applies except penalise two sf by $\mathbf{- 1}$ only once |  |  |  |
| 11 (a) <br> (b) (i) <br> (ii) <br> (iii) <br> (iv) | 12 <br> $\frac{4}{7}, \frac{4}{7}, \frac{3}{7}, \frac{4}{7}$ against relevant branches <br> $\frac{9}{49}$ oe <br> $\frac{24}{49}$ oe | B1 <br> B2 <br> B2 <br> B3 | B1 for 2 or 3 correct <br> ( 0.184 or 0.1836 to 0.1837 ) <br> If B0, M1 for $\frac{3}{7} \times \frac{3}{7}$ <br> ( $0.49(0)$ or 0.4897 to 0.4898 ) <br> If B0, M2 for $\frac{3}{7} \times \frac{4}{7}+\frac{4}{7} \times \frac{3}{7}$ o.e <br> M1 for one of the products ( $0.24489 \ldots$ ) |
|  | It does not rain (on either day) oe | B1 | [9] |
| 12 (a) | 50.8 | B2 | If B 0 , M1 for at least 3 correct mid-values seen, not all from middle four |
| (b) (i) <br> (ii) |  | B1 B1 |  |
|  | $(50,45)$ and $(60,80) \mathrm{ft}$ plotted Curve completed through 2 plotted points ft | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{P} 1 \mathrm{ft} \\ & \mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{ft} \end{aligned}$ | ft their table Only ft if correct shape maintained |
| (iii) | 14 to 16 ft | B2 ft | B1 for one correct quartile seen ( 42 to 44 or 57 to 59) ft their curve but only if curve increasing |

