

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME			
 CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE		
CAMBRIDGE INTI Paper 4 (Extended	0607/4 May/June 2012 2 hours 15 minutes		
Candidates answe	r on the Question Paper		
Additional Material	s: Geometrical Instruments Graphics Calculator		

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** the questions.

Unless instructed otherwise, give your answers exactly or correct to three significant figures as appropriate. Answers in degrees should be given to one decimal place.

For π , use your calculator value.

You must show all the relevant working to gain full marks and you will be given marks for correct methods, including sketches, even if your answer is incorrect.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 120.

This document consists of 19 printed pages and 1 blank page.

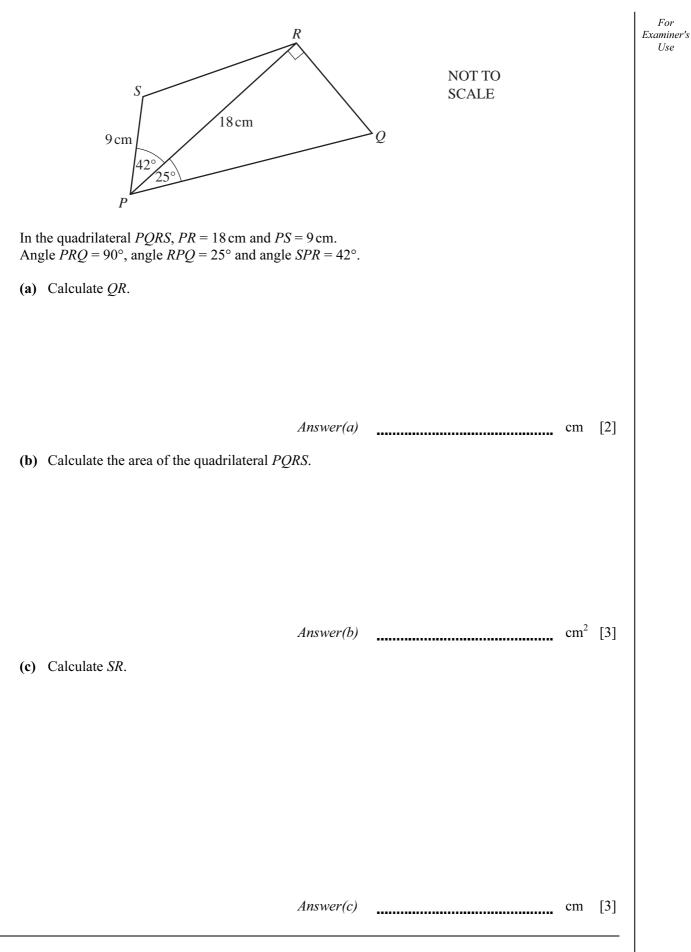


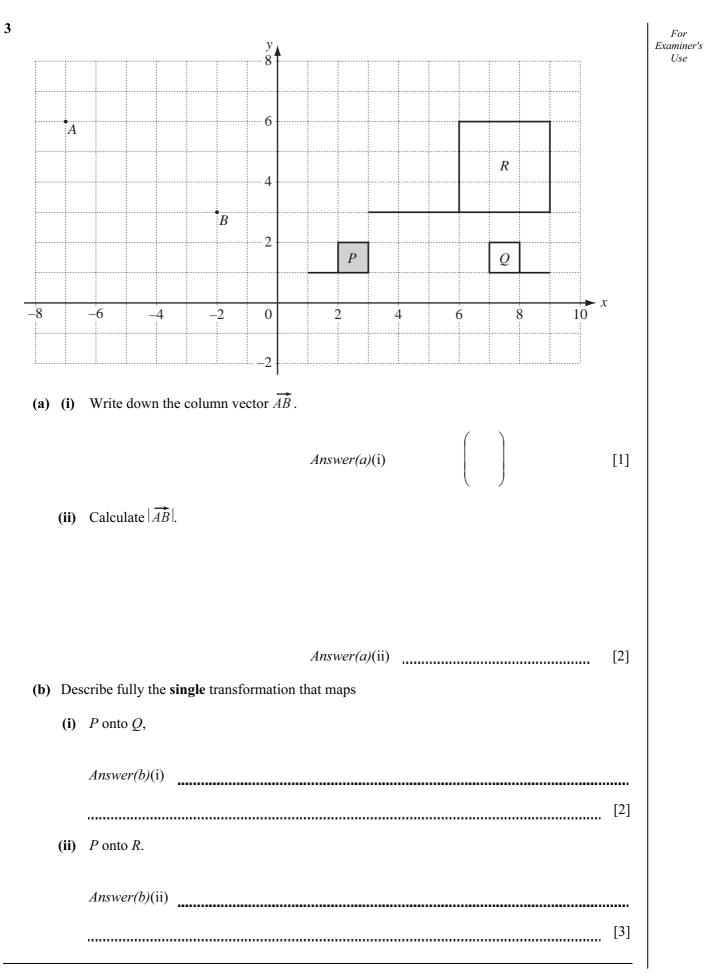
Formula List

For the equation	$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$	$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$
Curved surface area, A, of cylir	nder of radius r, height h.	$A = 2\pi rh$
Curved surface area, <i>A</i> , of cone	e of radius r, sloping edge l.	$A = \pi r l$
Curved surface area, A, of sphe	re of radius <i>r</i> .	$A = 4\pi r^2$
Volume, V , of pyramid, base an	rea A, height h.	$V=\frac{1}{3}Ah$
Volume, V , of cylinder of radiu	s r , height h .	$V = \pi r^2 h$
Volume, V , of cone of radius r ,	height <i>h</i> .	$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
Volume, V , of sphere of radius	r.	$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
	C	$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$ $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$ Area = $\frac{1}{2}bc \sin A$

	Answer all the questions.	Ex
In J	uly 2009, the population of the world was 6.78×10^9 .	
(a)	The population of Bangladesh was 2.39% of the world population.	
	(i) Calculate the population of Bangladesh. Give your answer correct to 2 significant figures.	
	Augurau(g)(i) [2]	
	Answer(a)(i) [2](ii) Write your answer to part(a)(i) in standard form.	
(h)	Answer(a)(ii) [1] The population of Uganda was 3.27×10^7 .	
(0)	Calculate the population of Uganda as a percentage of the world population .	
	<i>Answer(b)</i> % [2]	
(c)	The world population of 6.78×10^9 was an increase of 169% on the population in 1950. Calculate the population in 1950. Give your answer correct to the nearest million.	
	$Answer(c) \qquad [3]$	
	$Answer(c) \qquad [3]$	





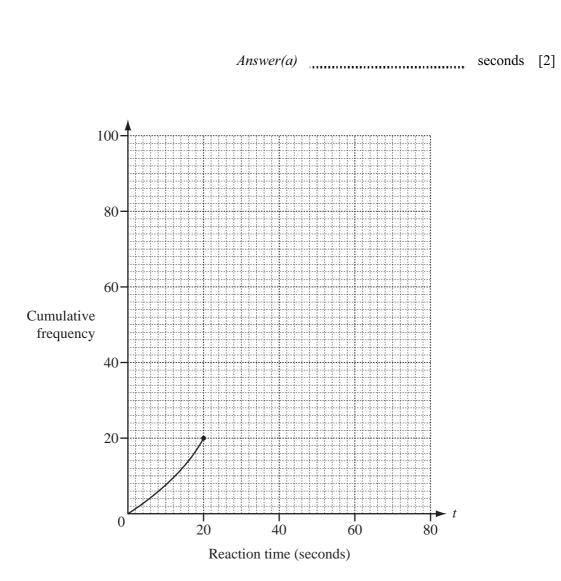


4 100 students take part in a reaction time test. The table shows their results.

Reaction time (t seconds)	$0 \le t < 20$	$20 \le t < 30$	$30 \le t < 40$	$40 \le t < 80$
Number of students	20	36	32	12

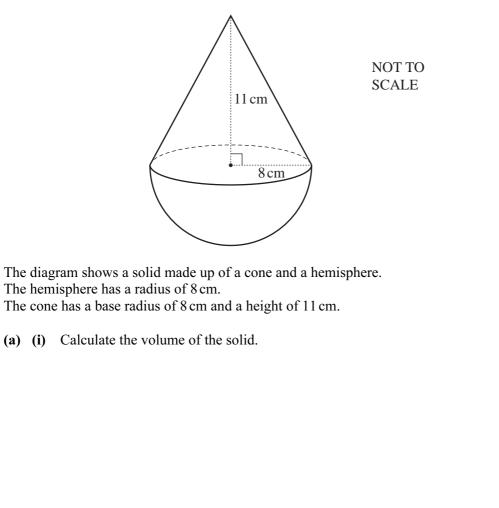
(a) Calculate an estimate of the mean reaction time.

(b)



On the grid, complete the **cumulative frequency** curve to show the information in the table. [3]

(c)	Use	your cumulative frequency curve to find						
	(i)	the median,	Use					
		Answer(c)(i) seconds [1]						
	(ii)	the inter-quartile range,						
		Answer(c)(ii) seconds [2]						
((iii)	the number of students with a reaction time of at least 25 seconds.						
		Answer(c)(iii) [2]						



(a) (i) Calculate the volume of the solid.

Answer(a)(i)		cm ³	[3]
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(ii) The solid is made of plastic and 1 cm^3 of plastic has a mass of 1.15 g.

Calculate the mass of the solid. Give your answer in kilograms.

Answer(a)(ii) kg [2]

(b) (i) Calculate the surface area of the solid.

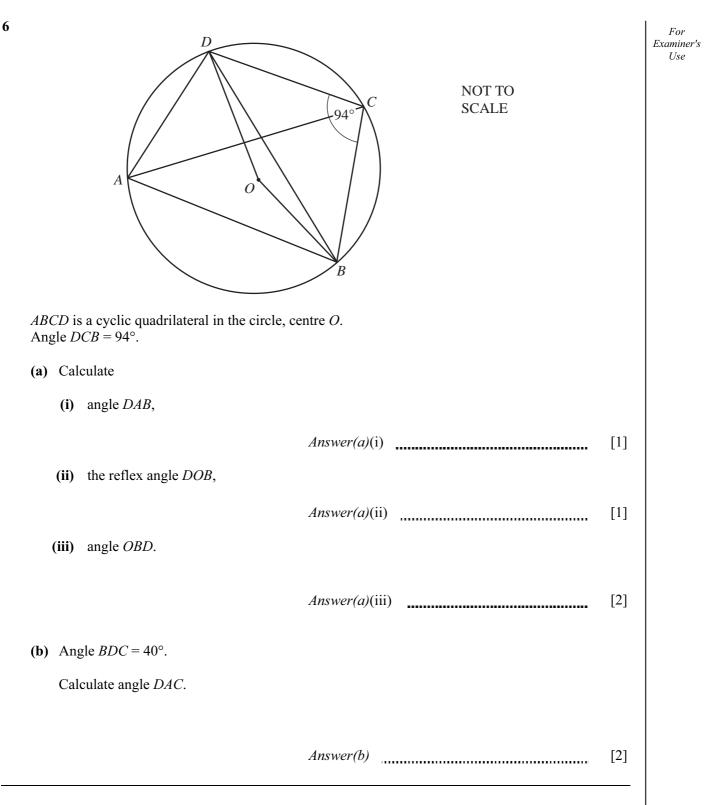
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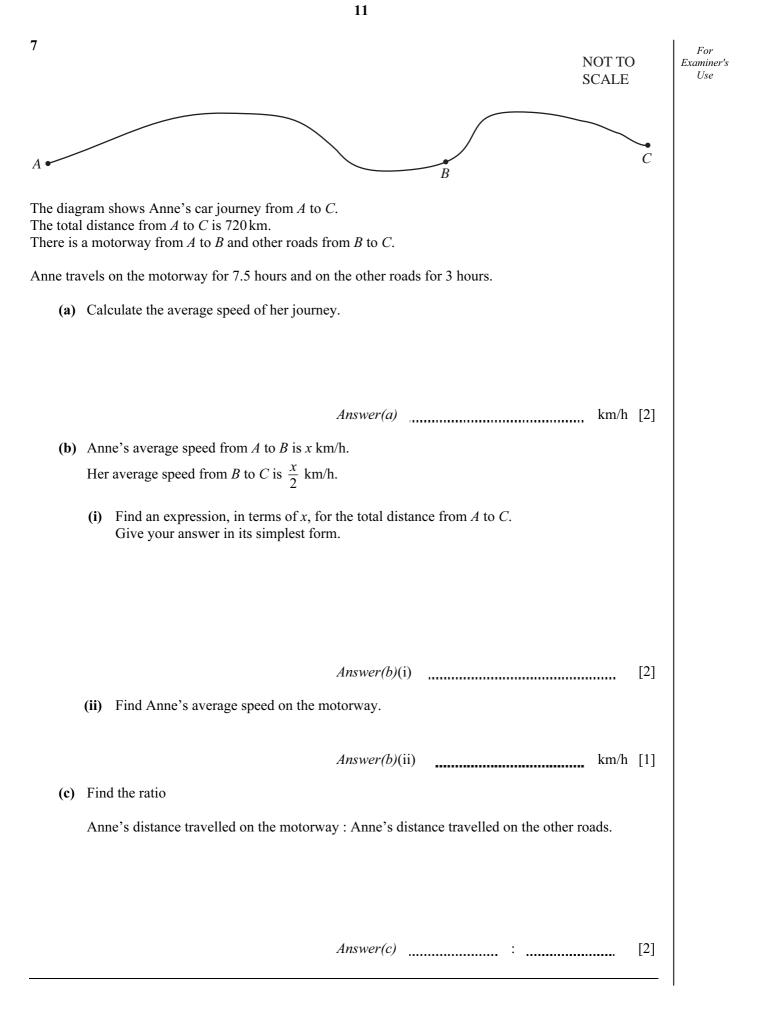
Answer(b)(i) cm^2 [4]

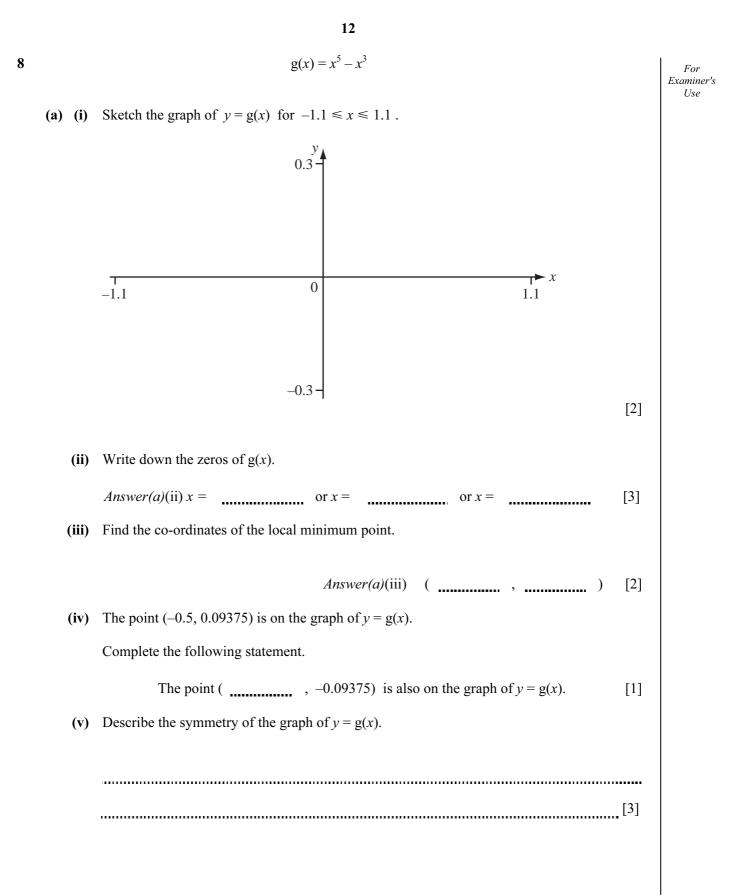
(ii) The surface is painted with silver paint. The cost of all the paint used is \$81.50.

> Calculate the cost per square centimetre. Give your answer correct to 2 decimal places.

> > *Answer(b)*(ii) \$ [2]





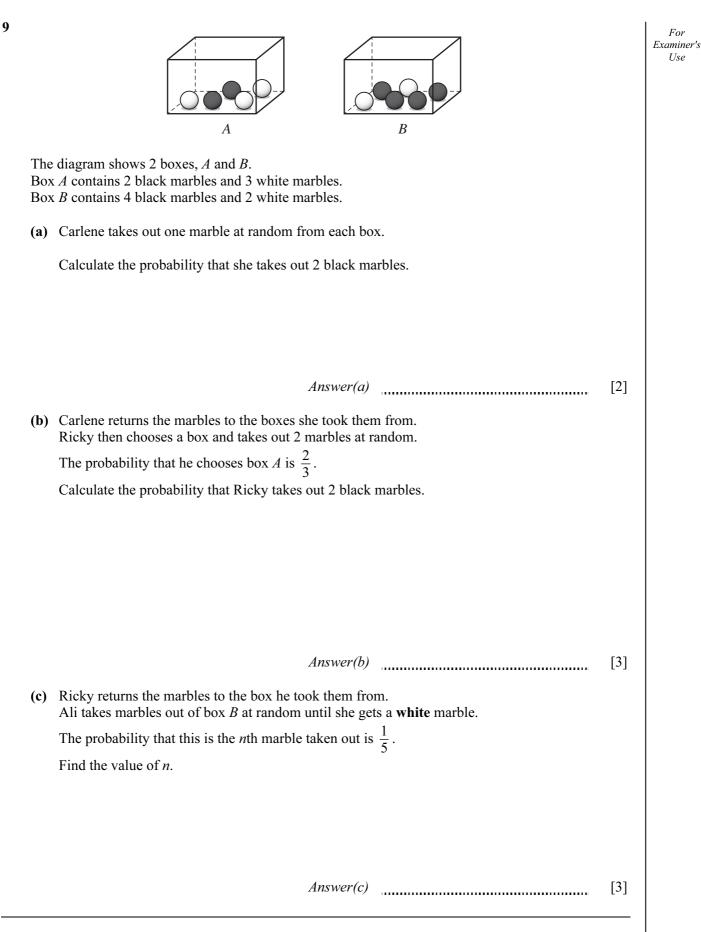


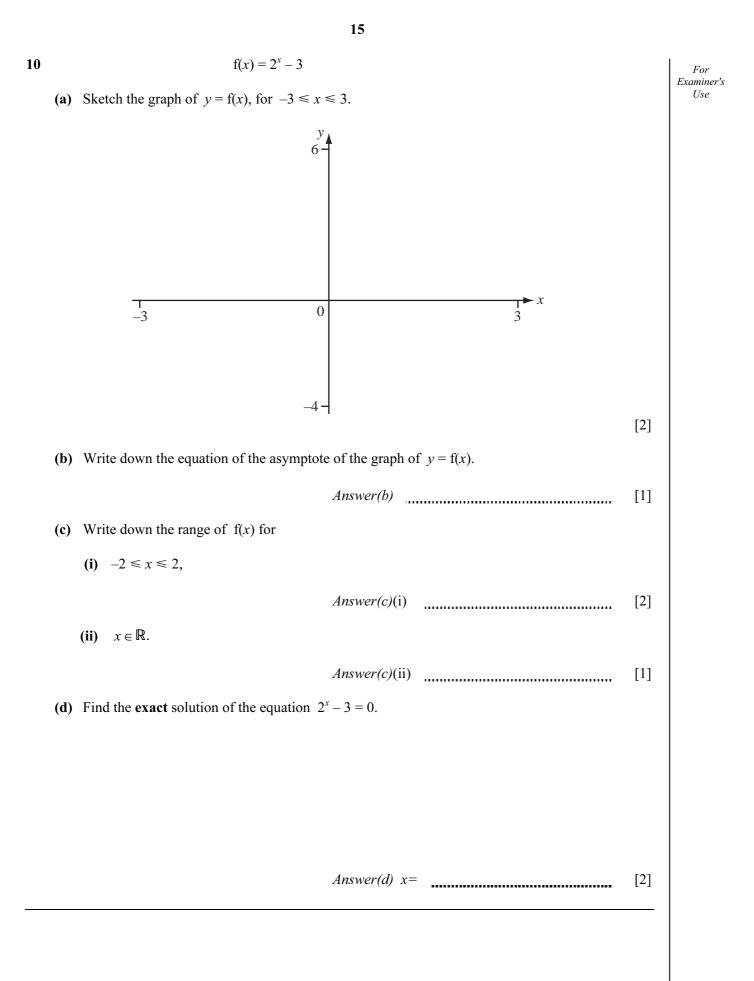
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(ii) On the diagram in part(a)(i), sketch this straight line. [1] (iii) Two of the solutions to this equation are x = -0.526 and x = 0.526. Find the other three solutions. Answer(b)(iii) x =or x =or x =[2]

For

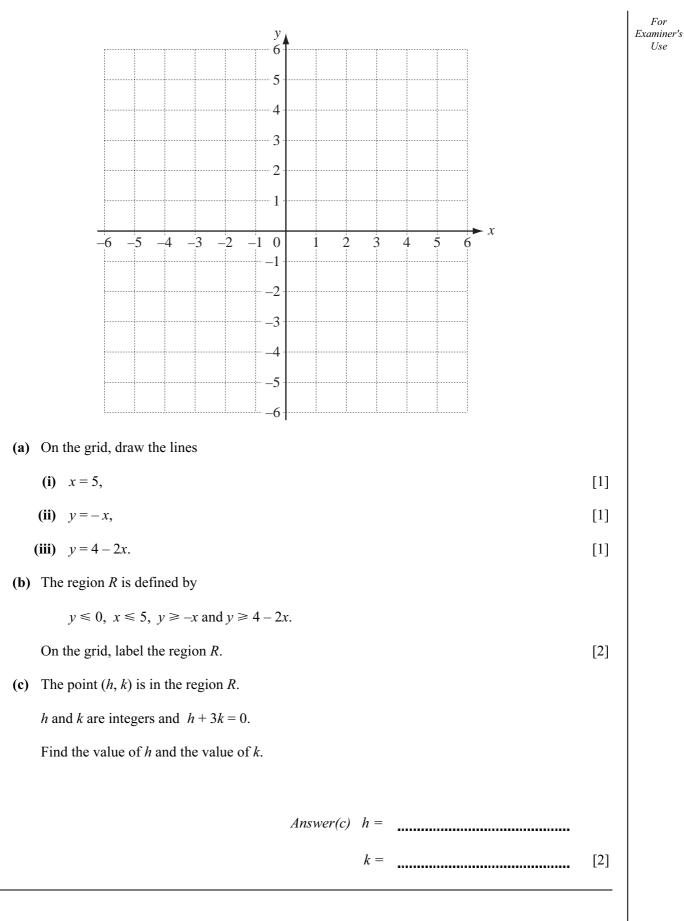
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11		$\mathbf{f}(x) = 2x + 3$	g(x) = x - 1	1 $h(x) = x^2 + 1$		For Examiner's
	(a)	Find $f(g(-5))$.				Use
				Answer(a)	[2]	
	(b)	Find x when $f(x) = g(x)$.				
				Answer(b) $x =$	[2]	
	(c)	Find x when $f(x) = h(x)$.				
		Give your answers correct to 2	2 decimal p	laces.		
				Answer(c) $x =$ or $x =$	[4]	
	(d)	Find $f^{-1}(x)$.				
					[0]	
				Answer(d)	[2]	
	(e)	Find $\frac{1}{f(x)} + \frac{1}{g(x)}$ in terms o	f <i>x</i> .			
		Give your answer as a single f	fraction.			

Answer(e) [3]



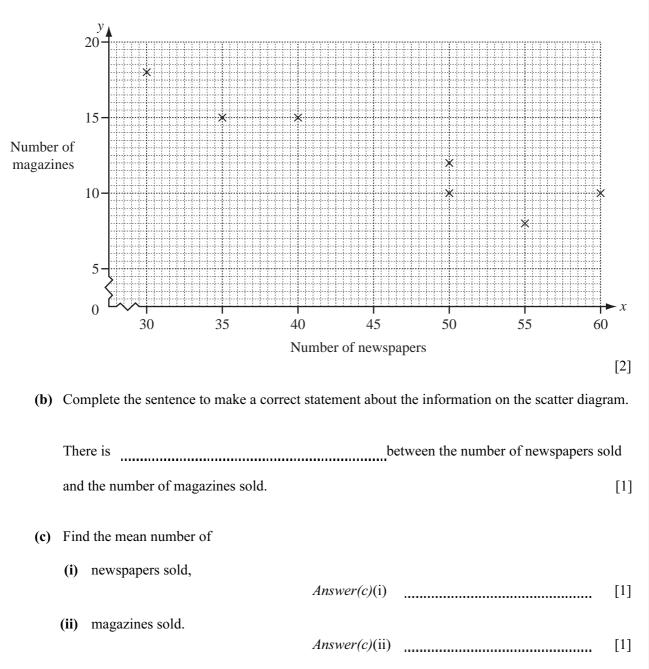
13 Issa sells newspapers and magazines.

The table shows the number of newspapers (x) and the number of magazines (y) sold during a period of 10 days.

Number of newspapers (x)	50	35	60	55	50	40	30	50	55	45
Number of magazines (y)	10	15	10	8	12	15	18	8	10	13

(a) Complete the scatter diagram.

The first seven points in the table have been plotted for you.



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(d)	Find the equation of the line of regression for the number of magazines sold (y) and the number of newspapers sold (x) .			
	Write your answer in the form $y = mx + c$.			
	Answer(d) $y =$	[2]		
(e)	Find the value of <i>y</i> when $x = 32$.			
	Answer(e)	[1]		
(f)	Draw the line of regression accurately on the scatter diagram.	[2]		
(g)	Use your graph to predict the number of magazines sold when 43 newspapers are sold.			
	Answer(g)	[1]		

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