MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

0607 CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

0607/23 Paper 2 (Extended), maximum raw mark 40

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1	(a)	23	1			
	(b)	4 <i>n</i> – 1	2	B1 for 4 <i>n</i> seen		
2	(a)	-20	2	M1 for $\frac{x}{5} = 3 - 7$ or $x + 3$	35 = 15	
	(b)	$-\frac{3}{5}$	3	B2 for $5x + 13 = 10$ M1 for $7x + 21 - 2x \pm 8$		
3		$\frac{9\times60}{8+10(\text{or }12)}$	M1			
		540	A1			
		18 or 20				
		30 or 27	A1			
4	(a)	$\frac{1}{125}$	2	B1 for 5 soi by 125 or 1 or sight of inversion at an		
	(b) (i)	x ¹²	1			
	(ii)	x ³	2	B1 for x^6 or $\frac{x^5}{x^2}$		
5		U A B C C	3	B1 for each of $A \cup B =$ $B \cap C =$ $A \cap C \neq$		
6	(a)	$\frac{12}{5}$	1			
	(b)	$-\frac{12}{13}$	3	M1 for $5^2 + 12^2$ + SC1 for negative fracti	on	
7	(a)	3(x+5y)(x-5y)	2	B1 for $3(x^2 - 25y^2)$ or (3) or $(x + 5y)(3x - 15y)$	3x + 15y(x - x)	5 <i>y</i>)
	(b)	(5p-3)(3a+2b)	2	M1 for $5p(3a+2b) - 3(3a+2b) -$	$(3a \pm 2b)$ oe	

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8	(a)	p = 4 $q = -6$	1 1	
	(b)	2√13	3	M1 for $\sqrt{4^2 + (-6)^2}$ A1 for $\sqrt{52}$
9		20°	2	M1 for 70 seen
10	(a)	-7	2	B1 for <i>x</i> = 4
	(b)	13 - 6x	2	M1 for $2(5-3x) + 3$
	(c)	$\frac{5-x}{3}$ oe	2	M1 for $y + 3x = 5$ or $x = 5 - 3y$ or fully correct reversed flow chart.