

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

Paper 4 (Extended) SPECIMEN MARK SCHEME 0607/04 For Examination from 2010

2 hours 15 minutes

MAXIMUM MARK: 120

This document consists of 6 printed pages.



TYPES OF MARK

- M marks are given for a correct method.
- A marks are given for an accurate answer following a correct method.
- **B** marks are given for a correct statement or step.
- **D** marks are given for clear and appropriately accurate drawing.
- **P** marks are given for accurate plotting of points.
- E marks are given for correctly explaining or establishing a given result.
- C marks are given for clear communication (Papers 5 and 6 only).
- **R** marks are given for appropriate reasoning (Papers 5 and 6 only).
- ft Follow through
- oe Or equivalent
- soi Seen or implied
- www Without wrong working

1	(a)		112 (km/h)	M1A1	M1 for dist ÷ time seen
	(b)	(i)	0.9 × 112 252 ÷ their new speed 11 20 ft	M1A1 M1 A1	(2.5 h)
		(ii)	$\frac{0.25}{2.25} \times 100$ oe	M1	
			11.1 ft	A1	
	(c)		5.9 km	B1	
			2.19 (mins) ft	M1 A1	M1 for <i>their</i> $5.9 \div 162 \ge 60 \pmod{5.5}$
					[11]
2	(a)		0.5 or $\frac{1}{2}$	B1	
	(b)		-1.5	M1 A1	M1 for $5 = 2(1 - x)$ or diagram of correct graph(s) which would give answer without need for more graphs
	(c)		$y = \frac{5}{1-x}$ $y(1-x) = 5$ $y-5 = xy$ $\frac{y-5}{y} = x$ $(f^{1}(x)) = \frac{x-5}{x}$	M1 M1 M1 A1	Alternative methods $x = \frac{5}{1-y} M1 \text{first step} \frac{5}{x} M2$ $x(1-y) = 5 M1$ $x-5 = xy M1 \text{then} 1-\frac{5}{x} A2$ $\frac{x-5}{x}(=y) A1$
			л		[7]
3	(a)	(i)	(5, -7)	B1	
		(ii)	Reflection in line $y = x$	В3	If B0, M1 for showing the reflection correctly oe M1 (depend) for showing rotation of first image correctly oe
	(b)		c = 2d oe 2c + 3d = 21 7d = 21	M1 A1 M1	Setting up two equations (depend) for correctly eliminating one variable
			<i>c</i> = 6, <i>d</i> = 3	A1	[8]

4	(a)	(i)	116°	B2	B1 for right-angle soi at A or B
		(ii)	32° ft	B2	If B0, M1 for 0.5(180 – their 116) o.e. seen
		(iii)	61° ft	B2	B1 for angle $ADB = \frac{1}{2}$ of <i>their 116</i> seen
		(iv)	7° ft	B2	B1 for angle $DAX = 80 - \frac{1}{2}$ of <i>their</i> 116
	(b)		Opposite angles of a cyclic quadrilateral add up to 180	E1	[9]
5	(a)		-0.32, 1.19	M2	SC3 for correct answers but to more
				A2	than 2 dp M2 for diagram of correct graph(s) which would give answer without need for more graphs or for $\frac{7 \pm \sqrt{49 - 4 \times 8 \times -3}}{2 \times 8}$ or $\frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{49 - 4 \times -8 \times 3}}{2 \times -8}$
	(b)		-0.32 < x < 1.19	B1	ft their solution to (a) – not just their answers to (a) [5]
6	(a)		y = 2x + 2	В3	Must include y, otherwise B2 If B0, allow B1 for each correct part with $y = $, i.e 2x or 2
	(b)		Gradient = -0.5 ft Mid-point = (1.5, 5) $5 = -0.5 \times 1.5 + c$ oe y = -0.5x + 5.75 oe 2x + 4y = 23	B1 B1 M1 A1 B1	ft their gradient and their midpoint ft from an equation form with three terms [8]
7	(a)		5.63 (cm)	B2	If B0, M1 for 12sin28°
	(b)		$BC = 12\cos 28^{\circ}$	M1	
			Area of one end = $0.5 \times theirAB \times theirBC$ Area of rectangles 12×30	M1	
			12×30 theirAB × 30 theirBC × 30	M1	for any one
			2 triangles + 3 rectangles	M1	
			907 (cm ²)	A1	(906.5) [7]

-				r	
8	(a)		5	M1 A1	M1 for $\sqrt{4^2 + 3^2}$
	(b)			M1 A1	M1 for $\pi \times (their(a))^2$ A1 for correct answer not to 2 dp
			78.54	A1	(must be at least 1 dp)
	(c)	(i)	(-1, 5), (-1, -1), (7, -1)	B2	B1 if two points correct
		(ii)	48	B1	Correct lengths soi
		(11)		B1	
					[9]
9	(a)		Each correct shape	B1B1 B1B1	Correct position with respect to axes.
	(b)		(-2, 0) (2, 0) (0, 4)	B1 B1 B1	
	(c)		(0, -1.5)	B1	
	(d)		(0.816, -2.59)	B1,B1	
	(e)	(i)	1.7(0)	B1	
		(ii)	1.8(0)	B1	
		(iii)	±2.45, ±1.41	B4	one each
	(f)		4	B1	[17]
10	(a)	(i)	$A \cap B$	B1	
		(ii)	$B \cup A'$	B1	allow $(A \cap B')'$
	(b)	(i)	6	B2	B1 for 8 or 4 in the appropriate region
		(ii)	1	B1	
		(iii)	$\frac{8}{24}$ oe	B1	
		(iv)	3 2	M1	
			$\boxed{\frac{24}{24}}$	A1	
			$\frac{\frac{3}{24} \times \frac{2}{23}}{\frac{6}{552}}$ oe	A1	
		(v)	$\frac{3}{6} \times \frac{2}{5} = \frac{6}{30}$ oe	M1 A1	
		(vi)	5	B2	B1 for 17 seen or correct shading [13]

11	(a)	(i)	65.5	B1	
		(ii)	51.5	B1	
	(b)	(i)	67.5	B1	
		(ii)	50	B1	
	(c)	(i)	25	B1	
		(ii)	15	B1	
	(d)		Maths higher average Maths higher spread	B1 B1	
	(e)	(i)	10 points correctly plotted	P3	P2 for 9 points, P1 for 8
		(ii)	Line through (\bar{x}, \bar{y}) Ruled and reasonable	M1 A1	
	(f)		Negative o.e Strong o.e.	M1 A1	
	(g)	(i)	(y =) -0.548x + 87.4	B1,B1	
		(ii)	53	B1	Allow 52.9 [18]
12	(a)		$11^2 + 21^2 - 13^2$	M1	Using the Cosine Rule.
			$(\cos P) = \frac{11^2 + 21^2 - 13^2}{2 \times 11 \times 21}$	A1	Correct substitution.
			(angle <i>P</i>) = 31.7°	A1	
	(b)		Bearing = $70 + 31.7 = 101.7^{\circ}$ $11 + 1.5 \times 20$ and $21 + 1.5 \times 15$	E1 M1 A1	(dependent)
			$(AB^2 =) 41^2 + 43.5^2 - 2 \times 41 \times 43.5$ cos 31.7°	M1	ft their <i>PA</i> , <i>PB</i> (538.4)
			23.2 (km)	A1	
					[8]