### MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper

#### for the guidance of teachers

### **0653 COMBINED SCIENCE**

0653/03

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

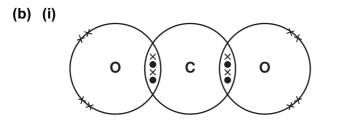


| Page 2 |     |             | 2            | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version   | Paper            |             |
|--------|-----|-------------|--------------|--|------------------|-------------|
|        |     |             |              | IGCSE – October/November 2009  | 0653             | 03          |
| 1      | (a) | (i)         | labe         | I to palisade cell ;   |                  | [1]         |
|        |     | (in wl      |              | photosynthesis ;<br>which) water is combined with carbon dioxide ;<br>rovide turgor / support ;  |                  | [max 2]     |
|        | (b) | (i)         | xyle         | m / vessel ;   |                  | [1]         |
|        |     | (ii)        | osm          | osis ;   |                  | [1]         |
|        | (c) | ., .,       |              | ease in temperature increases, (rate of) transpiratior<br>icles move faster / have more kinetic energy ;<br>sion faster ;  | n / water loss ; | [may 2]     |
|        |     |             | evap         | poration faster ;  |                  | [max 3]     |
|        |     | (ii)        | trans        | perature increase increases, rate / amount, of water<br>spiration reduces, pressure / water potential (at top<br>er moves up plant down, pressure / water potential, | of plant) ;      | [max 2]     |
|        |     |             |              |  |                  | [Total: 10] |
| 2      | (a) | <b>D</b> fi |              | <b>B</b> ]<br>nd <b>B</b> last ;<br>right way round ;  |                  | [2]         |
|        | (b) | alp         | ha rao       | diation completely absorbed by paper ;   |                  | [1]         |
|        | (c) | (i)         | polo<br>long | nium(–210) ;<br>est half-life / decays most slowly ;   |                  | [2]         |
|        |     | (ii)        |              | nium(–210) and/or radon(–222) ;<br>s alpha radiation / alpha radiation is most ionising ;  |                  | [2]         |
|        |     |             | [Total: 7]   |  |                  |             |

© UCLES 2009

| Page 3 | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|--------------------------------|----------|-------|
|        | IGCSE – October/November 2009  | 0653     | 03    |

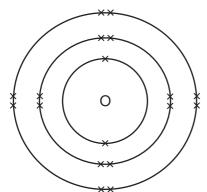
- 3 (a) (i) elements contain only one type of atom / H<sub>2</sub> shows only H atoms bonded ; compounds contain different atoms bonded / are made of more than one element / example quoted e.g. CO<sub>2</sub> contains carbon and oxygen ; [2]
  - (ii) A releases more sulfur dioxide; sulfur dioxide dissolves in / reacts with water ; to form acid rain ; more sulfur dioxide and less water from A compared to B so potentially acid much more concentrated ; negligible amounts of sulfur dioxide from C / C releases mainly water ; [max 3]



shared electrons ; lone pairs / four other electrons in both Os ;

(ii) 32 + (16 × 2) 64 ;

(c)



18 electrons; arranged as shown ;

[2]

[2]

[1]

[Total: 10]

© UCLES 2009

| Page 4 |         | 1                     |   | Scheme: Tea      | Syllabus          | Paper              |         |
|--------|---------|-----------------------|---|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------|
|        |         |                       | IGCSE – October/November 2009 00                  |                  |                   | 0653               | 03      |
| 4      | (a) (i) | suga                  | ar / maltose ;                                    |                  |                   |                    | [1]     |
|        | (ii)    | sma                   | ll intestine / di                                 | uodenum ;        |                   |                    | [1]     |
|        | (b) (i) | pers                  | on with only c                                    | one copy still p | roduces amylase ; |                    | [1]     |
|        | (ii)    | canr<br>into<br>cells | not absorb, sta<br>the blood ;<br>; / body, do no | arch / sugar / g |                   | rch ;              | [max 3] |
|        | (iii)   | pher                  | notypes of par                                    | rents pro        | oduces amylase    | produces amy       | lase    |
|        |         | geno<br>gam           | otypes of pare<br>etes                            | A A              | Aa<br>and a       | <b>Aa</b><br>A and | a       |
|        |         |                       |   |                  | gametes fron      | n one parent       |         |
|        |         |                       |   |                  | A                 | a                  | _       |
|        |         | gam                   | etes<br>other                                     | A                | AA                | Aa                 |         |
|        |         | pare                  |   | a                | Aa                | aa                 |         |
|        |         |                       |   | <b>)</b>         |                   |                    | _       |

second parent shown as **Aa** ; <u>all</u> gametes correct ; all offspring genotypes correct ; **aa** offspring identified as not producing amylase ;

[4]

[Total: 10]

© UCLES 2009

|   | Page 5   |   |                     |   |       |             |  |
|---|--|---|---------------------|---|-------|-------------|--|
|   |  |   |                     | IGCSE – October/November 2009   | 0653  | 03          |  |
| 5 | (ii) Yis   |   |                     | vescence / <u>gas</u> given off / fizzing ;   |       | [1]         |  |
|   |  |   |                     | coloured / green ;  |       | [1]         |  |
|   |  |   |                     | per carbonate $ ightarrow$ copper oxide + carbon dioxide ;                            |       | [1]         |  |
|   |  | (ii)  | carb                |   | [1]   |             |  |
|   | (  | iii)  |                     | [2]   |       |             |  |
|   | (  | iv)   | utralised / dischar | rged /<br>[2]   |       |             |  |
|   | (c)  | (i)   | (dilu               | te) sulfuric acid ;   |       | [1]         |  |
|   |  | (ii)  |                     | v more reactive metals except alkali metals ;<br>Ca Mg A <i>l</i> Zn Fe               |       | [1]         |  |
|   | (  | iii)  | displ               | lacement / redox / reduction / oxidation ;  |       | [1]         |  |
|   | (  | (iv) because the metal from (i) is more reactive <u>than copper</u> /<br>or statements which imply it e.g. magnesium is able to "take" sulfate <u>fro</u> |                     |   |       |             |  |
|   |  |   |                     |   |       | [Total: 12] |  |
| 6 | (a)  | (i)   | 15 s                | ;   |       | [1]         |  |
|   |  | (ii)  | 30 s                | ;   |       | [1]         |  |
|   | (iii)<br>(iv)  |   | C to                | D and G to H / 60 s to 80 s and 140 s to 160 s ;                                      |       | [1]         |  |
|   |  |   |                     | + 600 + 200 ;<br>00 m ;   |       | [2]         |  |
|   | • •  |   |                     | speed / no acceleration ;<br>I forces / equal and opposite forces / total force is ze | ero ; | [2]         |  |
|   | <ul> <li>(c) centre of mass high ;<br/>narrow, base / tyre / wheel ;<br/>easy to move so centre of mass not over base ;<br/>weight produces turning force ;</li> </ul> |   |                     |   |       |             |  |
|   |  | sub   | stituti             | / $R_1$ + 1 / $R_2$ ;<br>on and working;<br>e = 0.67 $\Omega$                         |       | [3]         |  |
|   |  |   |                     |   |       | [Total: 13] |  |
|   |  |   |                     |   |       |             |  |

© UCLES 2009

| Page 6 |     |             |  | Mark Scheme: Teachers' version  | Syllabus          | Paper                  |
|--------|-----|-------------|--|---|-------------------|------------------------|
|        |     |             |  | IGCSE – October/November 2009   | 0653              | 03                     |
| 7      | (a) | (i)<br>(ii) | soil i<br>soil i<br>easi<br>[dec<br>loss<br>loss | ease (soil erosion)]<br>not protected from rain by leaves ;<br>not held by roots ;<br>ly washed away / more run-off ; (ignore wind)<br><i>rease (species diversity)</i> ]<br>of habitats ; (not 'homes')<br>of particular food supplies / disrupts food chains ;<br>e hunting (by humans) ; |                   | [max 2]<br>[max 2]     |
|        | (b) | (i)         | pois<br>pois<br>not a                            | r animals might be harmed by the poison ;<br>on may accumulate up the food chain ;<br>on needs to be put down repeatedly ;<br>all rats will eat poison ;<br>may develop resistance ;  |                   | [max 2]                |
|        |     | (ii)        | owls   | will not kill all the rats / owls may eat other species   | s / owls may harm | other species ;<br>[1] |
|        |     |             |  |   |                   | [Total: 7]             |
|        |     |             |  |   |                   |                        |
| 8      | (a) | con         | ducti  | on ;  |                   | [1]                    |
|        |     |             |  |   |                   |                        |
|        | (b) |             |  | =) mass / volume ;  |                   |                        |
|        |     |             | of2<br>g/cn                                      |   |                   | [3]                    |
|        |     | 2.7         | g / 01   | ··· ,   |                   | [0]                    |
|        | (c) | imm         | Ierse  | in water ;  |                   |                        |
|        | (0) |             |  | volume of water displaced ;   |                   | [2]                    |
|        |     |             |  |   |                   | [Total: 6]             |
|        |     |             |  |   |                   | [101011.0]             |
| 9      | (a) | seg         | ment<br>and                                      | ect displayed formulae of ethene ;<br>of poly(ethene) molecule showing (at least) four<br>at least eight hydrogen atoms ;<br>a (very) long chain / spare bonds at each end on dia   |                   | th single bonds<br>[3] |
|        |     |             |  |   |                   |                        |
|        | (b) |             | -  | olution decolourised ;  |                   | 101                    |
|        |     | ret.        | to, do   | ouble bonds (in ethene) / unsaturated compounds ;   |                   | [2]                    |
|        |     |             |  |   |                   | [Total: 5]             |
|        |     |             |  |   |                   |                        |

© UCLES 2009