MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

0653 COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/03

Paper 3 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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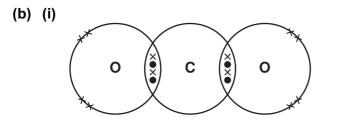


Page 2			2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Paper	
				IGCSE – October/November 2009	0653	03
1	(a)	(i)	labe	I to palisade cell ;		[1]
		(in wl		photosynthesis ; which) water is combined with carbon dioxide ; rovide turgor / support ;		[max 2]
	(b)	(i)	xyle	m / vessel ;		[1]
		(ii)	osm	osis ;		[1]
	(c)	., .,		ease in temperature increases, (rate of) transpiratior icles move faster / have more kinetic energy ; sion faster ;	n / water loss ;	[may 2]
			evap	poration faster ;		[max 3]
		(ii)	trans	perature increase increases, rate / amount, of water spiration reduces, pressure / water potential (at top er moves up plant down, pressure / water potential,	of plant) ;	[max 2]
						[Total: 10]
2	(a)	D fi		B] nd B last ; right way round ;		[2]
	(b)	alp	ha rao	diation completely absorbed by paper ;		[1]
	(c)	(i)	polo long	nium(–210) ; est half-life / decays most slowly ;		[2]
		(ii)		nium(–210) and/or radon(–222) ; s alpha radiation / alpha radiation is most ionising ;		[2]
			[Total: 7]			

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Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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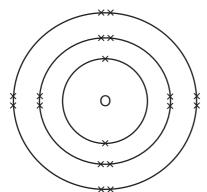
- 3 (a) (i) elements contain only one type of atom / H₂ shows only H atoms bonded ; compounds contain different atoms bonded / are made of more than one element / example quoted e.g. CO₂ contains carbon and oxygen ; [2]
 - (ii) A releases more sulfur dioxide; sulfur dioxide dissolves in / reacts with water ; to form acid rain ; more sulfur dioxide and less water from A compared to B so potentially acid much more concentrated ; negligible amounts of sulfur dioxide from C / C releases mainly water ; [max 3]



shared electrons ; lone pairs / four other electrons in both Os ;

(ii) 32 + (16 × 2) 64 ;

(c)



18 electrons; arranged as shown ;

[2]

[2]

[1]

[Total: 10]

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Page 4		1		Scheme: Tea	Syllabus	Paper	
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4	(a) (i)	suga	ar / maltose ;				[1]
	(ii)	sma	ll intestine / di	uodenum ;			[1]
	(b) (i)	pers	on with only c	one copy still p	roduces amylase ;		[1]
	(ii)	canr into cells	not absorb, sta the blood ; ; / body, do no	arch / sugar / g		rch ;	[max 3]
	(iii)	pher	notypes of par	rents pro	oduces amylase	produces amy	lase
		geno gam	otypes of pare etes	A A	Aa and a	Aa A and	a
					gametes fron	n one parent	
					A	a	_
		gam	etes other	A	AA	Aa	
		pare		a	Aa	aa	
)			_

second parent shown as **Aa** ; <u>all</u> gametes correct ; all offspring genotypes correct ; **aa** offspring identified as not producing amylase ;

[4]

[Total: 10]

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	Page 5						
				IGCSE – October/November 2009	0653	03	
5	(ii) Yis			vescence / <u>gas</u> given off / fizzing ;		[1]	
				coloured / green ;		[1]	
				per carbonate $ ightarrow$ copper oxide + carbon dioxide ;		[1]	
		(ii)	carb		[1]		
	(iii)		[2]			
	(iv)	utralised / dischar	rged / [2]			
	(c)	(i)	(dilu	te) sulfuric acid ;		[1]	
		(ii)		v more reactive metals except alkali metals ; Ca Mg A <i>l</i> Zn Fe		[1]	
	(iii)	displ	lacement / redox / reduction / oxidation ;		[1]	
	((iv) because the metal from (i) is more reactive <u>than copper</u> / or statements which imply it e.g. magnesium is able to "take" sulfate <u>fro</u>					
						[Total: 12]	
6	(a)	(i)	15 s	;		[1]	
		(ii)	30 s	;		[1]	
	(iii) (iv)		C to	D and G to H / 60 s to 80 s and 140 s to 160 s ;		[1]	
				+ 600 + 200 ; 00 m ;		[2]	
	• •			speed / no acceleration ; I forces / equal and opposite forces / total force is ze	ero ;	[2]	
	 (c) centre of mass high ; narrow, base / tyre / wheel ; easy to move so centre of mass not over base ; weight produces turning force ; 						
		sub	stituti	/ R_1 + 1 / R_2 ; on and working; e = 0.67 Ω		[3]	
						[Total: 13]	

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Page 6				Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
				IGCSE – October/November 2009	0653	03
7	(a)	(i) (ii)	soil i soil i easi [dec loss loss	ease (soil erosion)] not protected from rain by leaves ; not held by roots ; ly washed away / more run-off ; (ignore wind) <i>rease (species diversity)</i>] of habitats ; (not 'homes') of particular food supplies / disrupts food chains ; e hunting (by humans) ;		[max 2] [max 2]
	(b)	(i)	pois pois not a	r animals might be harmed by the poison ; on may accumulate up the food chain ; on needs to be put down repeatedly ; all rats will eat poison ; may develop resistance ;		[max 2]
		(ii)	owls	will not kill all the rats / owls may eat other species	s / owls may harm	other species ; [1]
						[Total: 7]
8	(a)	con	ducti	on ;		[1]
	(b)			=) mass / volume ;		
			of2 g/cn			[3]
		2.7	g / 01	··· ,		[0]
	(c)	imm	Ierse	in water ;		
	(0)			volume of water displaced ;		[2]
						[Total: 6]
						[101011.0]
9	(a)	seg	ment and	ect displayed formulae of ethene ; of poly(ethene) molecule showing (at least) four at least eight hydrogen atoms ; a (very) long chain / spare bonds at each end on dia		th single bonds [3]
	(b)		-	olution decolourised ;		101
		ret.	to, do	ouble bonds (in ethene) / unsaturated compounds ;		[2]
						[Total: 5]

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