

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

#### **COMBINED SCIENCE**

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

0653/11 May/June 2011 45 minutes

Additional Materials:	Multiple Choice Answer Sheet
	Soft clean eraser
	Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write in soft pencil.

0

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are forty questions on this paper. Answer all questions. For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

#### Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

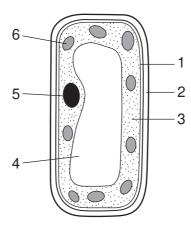
This document consists of 15 printed pages and 1 blank page.



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1 The diagram shows a palisade cell.



Which parts are found in plant cells and not in animal cells?

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Α	$\checkmark$	x	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	X	X
в	1	X	$\checkmark$	X	$\checkmark$	X
С	X	$\checkmark$	X	$\checkmark$	X	$\checkmark$
D	x	$\checkmark$	X	x	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

key

- $\checkmark$  = found in plant cells only
- **x** = not found in plant cells only
- 2 Which list shows substances each of which can diffuse into and out of cells?
  - A amino acids, glucose and oxygen
  - B carbon dioxide, cellulose and glucose
  - **C** carbon dioxide, oxygen and starch
  - D carbon monoxide, oxygen and protein
- 3 Where does most of the water enter a plant?
  - A guard cells
  - B mesophyll cells
  - C root hair cells
  - D xylem vessels

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	large molecules to small molecules for absorption	breakdown of glucose to release energy
Α	inside	inside
В	inside	outside
С	outside	inside
D	outside	outside

4 Which breakdown processes occur inside cells, and which occur outside cells?

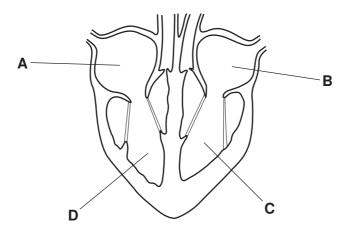
3

5 Which health problems may result from smoking cigarettes?

	bronchitis	emphysema	lung cancer	
Α	1	1	$\checkmark$	key
в	1	x	x	√ = yes
С	×	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	<b>x</b> = no
D	x	$\checkmark$	x	

6 The diagram shows the human heart in section.

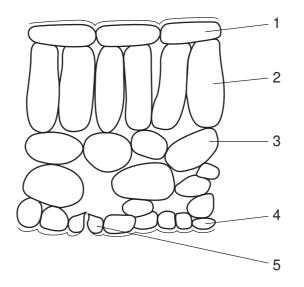
Which chamber of the heart pumps blood the greatest distance?



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7 The diagram shows the arrangement of cells in a vertical section of a leaf of a green plant. No cell contents are shown.



In which cells is light energy turned into chemical energy?

**A** 1, 2 and 4 **B** 1, 3 and 4 **C** 2, 3 and 5 **D** 2, 4 and 5

- 8 The statements describe events that occur when glucose is absorbed from the alimentary canal.
  - 1 Blood sugar level falls.
  - 2 Blood sugar level rises.
  - 3 Insulin is released.
  - 4 Liver removes glucose from the blood.

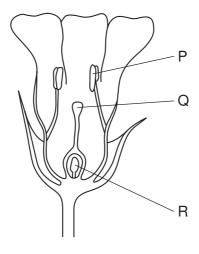
Which is the correct order of events?

- $\mathbf{A} \quad 2 \to 3 \to 4 \to 1$
- $\textbf{B} \quad 2 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 1$
- $\textbf{C} \quad 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 1$
- $\textbf{D} \quad 4 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2$
- 9 What does the intra-uterine device (IUD) prevent?
  - A fertilisation of the egg
  - B implantation of the zygote
  - **C** release of eggs from the ovary
  - D sperms entering the uterus

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- 10 Which feature must all members of the same clone of a plant have in common?
  - **A** They all grow at the same rate.
  - **B** They all grow from seeds.
  - **C** They all have fruits of the same size.
  - **D** They all have the same alleles.
- **11** The diagram shows a section through a flower.



Where are the male gametes made and where are the female gametes made?

	male gametes	female gametes
Α	Р	Q
в	Р	R
с	Q	Р
D	Q	R

12 Which type or types of variation in organisms can be inherited?

	variation caused by genes	variation caused by the environment	
Α	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	key
в	$\checkmark$	×	√ = yes
С	x	$\checkmark$	<b>x</b> = no
D	x	×	

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- 13 Deforestation in tropical rain forests can lead to
  - A decreased carbon dioxide in the air.
  - **B** decreased species diversity.
  - **C** increased number of habitats.
  - **D** increased oxygen in the air.
- **14** An atom is represented by the symbol  ${}^{19}_{9}X$ .

How many electrons, neutrons and protons are in this atom?

	electrons	neutrons	protons
Α	9	9	9
В	9	10	9
С	10	10	9
D	19	9	10

**15** Element X reacts with element Y to form compound XY. It also reacts with element Z to form compound XZ.

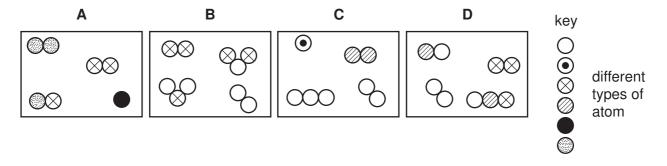
Compound XY is an electrolyte and compound XZ is a non-electrolyte.

Which row correctly shows whether elements X, Y and Z are metals or non-metals?

	metals	non-metals
Α	х	Y, Z
в	X, Z	Y
С	Y	X, Z
D	Y, Z	Х

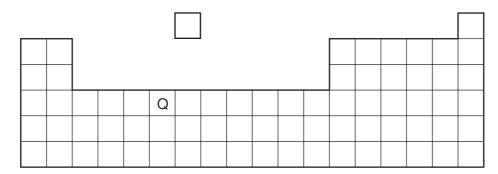
**16** The diagrams show four different mixtures of gases.

Which diagram represents a mixture containing only elements?



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- 17 Which equation is correctly balanced and shows the correct formulae?
  - $\mathbf{A} \quad \mathbf{H}_2 + \mathbf{C}l_2 \rightarrow \mathbf{H}_2\mathbf{C}l_2$
  - **B**  $H_2 + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2HCl$
  - $\textbf{C} \quad 2\textbf{H} + 2\textbf{C}l_2 \rightarrow \textbf{H}_2\textbf{C}l_2$
  - **D**  $2H + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2HCl_2$
- **18** The position in the Periodic Table of an element Q is shown.



Which description of Q is correct?

- A It is green and has diatomic molecules.
- **B** It is soft and a good electrical conductor.
- **C** It is very dense and has a high melting point.
- D It reacts violently with cold water.
- **19** A new alloy is resistant to corrosion. It costs about the same as aluminium but it is slightly poisonous.

Its density compared with stainless steel and aluminium is shown.

	aluminium	new alloy	stainless steel
density/g/cm <sup>3</sup>	2.7	2.8	7.9

What could this new alloy be used to make?

- A aircraft frames
- **B** cutlery
- **C** electrical insulators
- D food containers

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20 Carbon monoxide gas is present in car exhausts.

Why is this gas a pollutant?

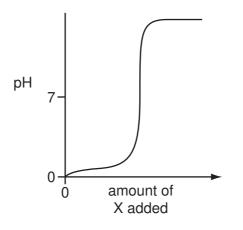
- A It causes acid rain.
- B It causes asthma.
- **C** It damages buildings.
- **D** It is poisonous.
- 21 Metal X reacts vigorously with dilute hydrochloric acid.

Salts of metal X give a red colour in a flame test.

What is X?

- A calcium
- B copper
- C potassium
- D sodium
- **22** Substance X is added to dilute sulfuric acid until reaction is complete.

The graph shows how the pH changes during the reaction.



Which type of substance is X?

- A base
- B catalyst
- **C** indicator
- D salt

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- 23 Which chemical equation represents a thermal decomposition reaction?
  - $\textbf{A} \quad \textbf{CH}_4 + 2\textbf{O}_2 \rightarrow \textbf{CO}_2 + 2\textbf{H}_2\textbf{O}$
  - $\textbf{B} \quad HC\mathit{l} + NaOH \rightarrow NaC\mathit{l} + H_2O$
  - $\textbf{C} \quad H_2 + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2HCl$
  - $\textbf{D} \quad \text{MgCO}_3 \rightarrow \text{MgO} + \text{CO}_2$
- 24 Element X is non-metallic.

It is used in the purification of water.

It is made by electrolysis of one of its salts.

At which electrode is it formed and what is its colour?

	electrode	colour
Α	anode	red
В	anode	yellow-green
С	cathode	red
D	cathode	yellow-green

25 Many industrial reactions use a catalyst.

What are the advantages of using a catalyst?

	they are not used up in the reaction	they increase speed of the reaction	they increase the amount of product	
Α	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	×	key
в	$\checkmark$	x	x	✓ = true
С	x	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	<b>x</b> = not true
D	x	$\checkmark$	x	

26 Kerosene is a hydrocarbon fuel obtained from crude oil.

Which statement is correct?

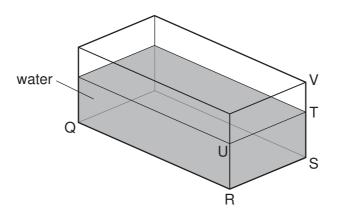
- A Kerosene burns to form carbon dioxide and water.
- **B** Kerosene contains the elements carbon, hydrogen and oxygen.
- **C** Kerosene is used as a fuel for cars.
- **D** The combustion of kerosene is an endothermic reaction.

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27 Plastics are used as substitutes for natural materials.

Which statement about the manufacture of plastics is correct?

- A Plastics are made by breaking long-chain molecules into shorter chain ones.
- **B** Plastics are made by joining polymers together.
- **C** Plastics are made by fractional distillation of crude oil (petroleum).
- **D** Plastics are made by joining short-chain molecules together.
- 28 A glass tank contains some water.



The length QR and the width RS of the tank are known.

What other distance needs to be known in order to be able to calculate the volume of the water?

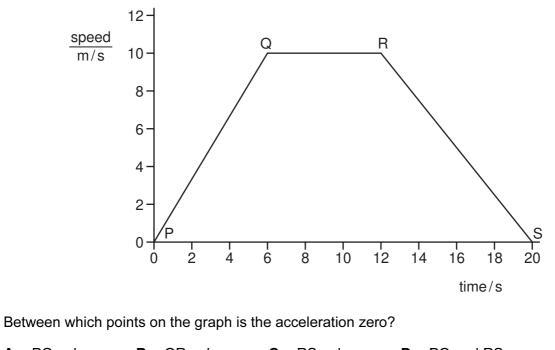
A ST B SV C TU D TV

29 Which is the unit for force and which is the unit for weight?

	force	weight
Α	kg	kg
В	kg	Ν
С	Ν	kg
D	Ν	Ν

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**30** The graph shows how the speed of a car changes with time.



- APQ onlyBQR onlyCRS onlyDPQ and RS
- **31** A car takes 30 minutes to travel a distance of 60 km.

What is the average speed of the car?

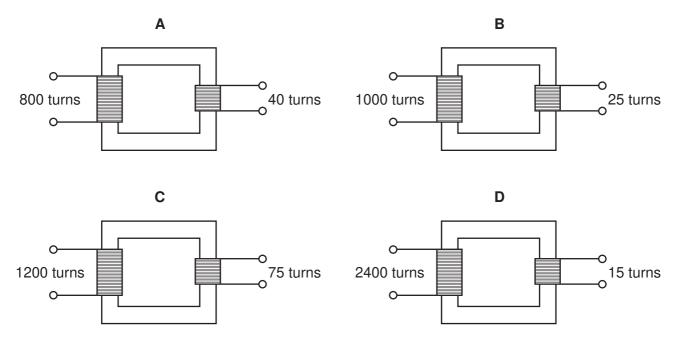
- A 2.0 km/hour
- B 30 km/hour
- C 120 km/hour
- **D** 1800 km/hour

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32 Which transformer would change a 240 V a.c. input into a 15 V a.c. output?

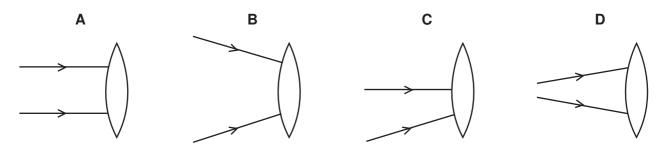


33 A man warms himself by a fire.



Which method of heat transfer supplies the most heat energy to him?

- A conduction through the air
- B convection by moving air
- C evaporation by moving water vapour
- D infra-red radiation
- **34** In which diagram will the two light rays shown both pass through the principal focus (focal point) of the lens after passing through the lens?

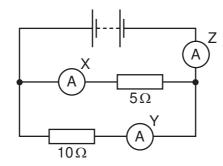


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-		
	input energy	output energy
Α	electrical	potential
в	electrical	sound
С	sound	electrical
D	sound	potential

35 Which row shows the input energy and the output energy for a microphone?

**36** The diagram shows a circuit with three ammeters, X, Y and Z.



The ammeter readings are 1A, 2A and 3A.

Which ammeter has which reading?

	Х	Y	Z
Α	1 A	2A	3A
в	3A	2A	1A
С	2A	3 A	1A
D	2A	1A	3A

**37** A circuit diagram contains the following symbol.

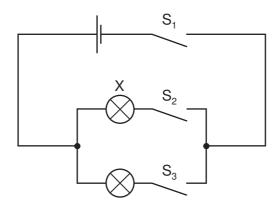


What does this symbol represent?

- A a fixed resistor
- B a fuse
- **C** a relay
- D a variable resistor

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38 The diagram shows an electric circuit.



Which switches will have to be closed so that **only** bulb X will light?

- **A**  $S_1$ ,  $S_2$  and  $S_3$
- **B** S<sub>1</sub> and S<sub>2</sub> only
- $\boldsymbol{C} \quad S_1 \text{ and } S_3 \text{ only} \\$
- $\boldsymbol{D} \quad S_2 \text{ and } S_3 \text{ only}$
- **39** A student copies a diagram of the electromagnetic spectrum but makes a mistake.

radio	micro-	infra-red	visible	X-rays	ultraviolet	gamma
waves	waves	waves	light		waves	rays

large wavelength

small wavelength

Which two names should be interchanged so that the order is correct?

- A infra-red waves and ultraviolet waves
- **B** radio waves and infra-red waves
- C radio waves and visible light
- D X-rays and ultraviolet waves
- 40 Which type of radiation has the greatest ionising effect, and which is the most penetrating?

	greatest ionising effect	most penetrating
Α	alpha-particles	alpha-particles
в	alpha-particles	gamma-rays
С	gamma-rays	alpha-particles
D	gamma-rays	gamma-rays

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4	0	Helium 4	0	02	NP 1	Neon	2	Ar	Argon 18	84	Кr	Krypton 36	131	Xe	Xenon 54		Rn	Radon 86		175	Lu	71		Ļ	Lawrencium 103										
1174	>			19	Ľ	Fluorine	2 2 2 2 2	CI	Chlorine 17	80	Ŗ	Bromine 35	127	I	lodine 53		At	Astatine 85		173	٩۲	70		No	Nobelium 102										
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										45	Sc	Scandium 21	68	~	Yttrium 39	139	La	Lanthanum 57 *	227 Actinium 89	cariac	eries		a = relative atomic mass	X = atomic symbol	b = proton (atomic) number										
:	=			6	Be	Beryllium	4	Ma	Magnesium 12	40	ca	Calcium 20	88	S	Strontium 38	137		Barium 56	226 <b>Rad</b> 88	*58-71 I anthanoid cariac	190-103 Actinoid series			××	q										
.	_			7		Lithium	23	Na	Sodium	39	¥	Potassium 19	85	Rb	Rubidium 7	133	Cs	Caesium 55	Francium	71	-103	L		Key	q										

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