

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMBINED SCIENCE 0653/23

Paper 2 Core Theory May/June 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 80

Published

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1 (a)

function	name of organ(s)
ingestion	mouth;
absorption of digested food	small intestine ;
secrete digestive enzymes	salivary glands; small intestine; pancreas; max 2

[4]

- (b) plasma; [1]
- (c) diffusion; from high concentration to low concentration; [2]
- (d) (i) pH 2.7 allow 0.1 pH tolerance; [1]
 - (ii) activity would disappear; graph shows no activity above pH 4.5; [2]
- **2** (a) (i) electrolysis; [1]
 - (ii) name: bromine; colour: brown/orange-brown; [2]
 - (b) copper chloride \rightarrow copper + chlorine; [1]
 - (c) (i) increase; [1]
 - (ii) electron; proton; neutron; [3]
 - (iii) no. protons + no. neutrons/number of particles in the nucleus; [1]
- **3** (a) weight/gravitational (force); accept gravity [1]
 - (b) (i) Either it does not affect the speed (no mark)
 weight/force/gravity acts downwards;
 or it decreases the speed of the cart (no mark)
 due to friction/frictional forces;
 [1]
 - (ii) (average) speed = distance/time (or rearranged); time = (distance/speed) = 20/8 = 2.5(s) [2]

	age		Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0653	23
		(iii)	horizontal straight line for constant speed/ slightly sloping line for decreasing speed; smooth sloping line (straight or curved) down to speed = 0;		[2]
	(c)		m) potential (energy)/gravitational potential (energy); thermal/heat (energy);		[2]
4	(a)	ion: xyle	membrane ; s ; em ; nspiration ;		[4]
	(b)	ide: roo	a of: t hair cells are very delicate/fine/are easily damaged (by soil)/owtte	e;	[1]
	(c)	(i)	carbon dioxide + water; (→) sugar/glucose + oxygen;		[2]
		(ii)	light; supply of carbon dioxide; chlorophyll/chloroplasts; (suitable temperature);		[max 2]
5	(a)	(i)	fractional distillation ;		[1]
		(ii)	(compound/molecule) containing hydrogen and carbon; only;		[2]
	(b)	(i)	methane ;		[1]
		(ii)	oxygen;		[1]
	(c)	(i)	C ₂ H ₅ correct ; –O-H correct ;		[2]
		(ii)	carbon dioxide; water/steam/water vapour;		[2]
6	(a)	the	rmal expansion (of sea water) ; owtte		[1]
	(b)	(i)	evaporation;		[1]
		(ii)	no effect; decrease/cool;		[2]

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

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D.	age 4	4		Ma	rk Scheme			Syllabus	Paper
	49c •		Mark Scheme Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016					0653	23
	(c)	(i) (ii)	radiation ;						[1]
		(,	gamma rays	X-rays		(visible) light	infrared		radio waves
			1. infrared; – must be circled 2. (visible) light; – must not be circled infrared in correct space; light in correct space; [4					[4]	
7	(a)	(i)	organism	producer	consumer	herbivo	ore carni	/ore	
			buzzard		✓		✓		
			grass	✓					
			snail		✓	✓			
			thrush		✓		✓		
			one mark for	each correct li	ne ;;;	•		<u>_</u>	[3]
		(ii)							
		()	organisms in correct order; arrows in correct direction;						
	(b)	(i)	keeping cattle/growing rice/leaving rubbish in dumps/avp;						[1]
		(ii)	it is a greenhouse gas/traps heat/infra-red radiation;						
			it contributes to global warming ;						
8	(a)	(i)	(most reactive) calcium zinc iron						
					[1]				
		(ii)	bubbles of gas/fizzing/effervescence/dissolving;						[1]
	/I \	/1	on(II) ions) (gelatinous) green precipitate/green solid ;						
	(b)		n(II) ions) (g	gelatinous) gre	en precipitate		lid ;		101
	(b)	(iro	n(II) ions) (g		en precipitate		lid ;		[3]
	(b)	(iro (iro	n(II) ions) (g	gelatinous) gre	en precipitate		lid ;		[3] [1]

(iii) (sodium atom) loses one/an electron;

[1]

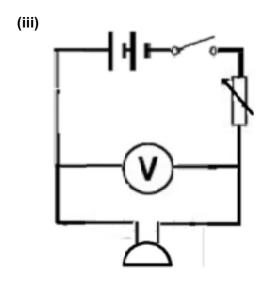
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9 (a) (i) resistor; accept variable resistance/rheostat

[1]

(ii) changes/varies current; changes/p.d. across the buzzer; owtte changes the resistance in the main circuit;

[max 2]



ammeter symbol; ammeter in series with buzzer (any correct point in circuit, *reject* if in the voltmeter branch); all else correct (ignore tiny gaps in wiring);

[3]

(b) use of correct reading off graph at 6 V > 0.015 A; resistance at $6 \text{ V} = 6/0.015 = 400 \, (\Omega)$;

[2]

(c) frequency unchanged/remains the same; amplitude increases;

[2]