Basic principles

Question Paper

Level	Pre U
Subject	Chemistry
Exam Board	Cambridge International Examinations
Topic	Basic principles- Preliminaries
Booklet	Question Paper

Time Allowed: 28 minutes

Score: /23

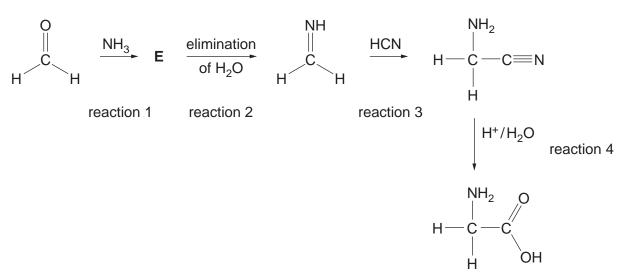
Percentage: /100

Grade Boundaries:

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1. The Strecker synthesis is a route to preparing amino acids. Glycine, 2-aminoethanoic acid, can be prepared from methanal in this way. This is shown in the four-reaction scheme below.



- (a) Circle the atom in methanal that is attacked by the ammonia molecule. [1] (b) What kind of reagent is ammonia, in the context of this synthesis?[1] (c) Suggest a structure for compound **E**.
- [1] (d) What type of reaction is reaction 3?[1] (e) The product of reaction 2 is an imine. Name a compound, which does not contain nitrogen, that undergoes a similar reaction with HCN.[1] What type of reaction is reaction 4?[1]
- (g) State the functional group level of the carbon atom in methanal and the functional group level of this carbon atom in the product of reaction 2 and the product of reaction 3. methanal product of reaction 2 product of reaction 3

[3]

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(h) The amino acid shown is isoleucine, 2-amino-3-methylpentanoic acid.

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{CH_3} \\ \mathsf{CH_3} - \mathsf{CH_2} - \mathsf{CH} - \mathsf{CH} - \mathsf{C} \\ \mathsf{NH_2} \end{array} \\ \mathsf{OH}$$

Molecule ${\bf Z}$ can be used as the starting material to prepare this amino acid using a Strecker synthesis.

(i) Draw the structure of **Z**.

(ii) Name molecule **Z**.[1]

(i) Alanine, 2-aminopropanoic acid, can be made in a similar way, but the synthesis produces a mixture of two optical isomers.

Draw the optical isomers of alanine.

[2]

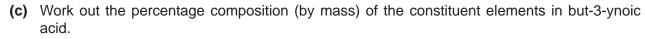
[1]

[Total: 13]

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2.	e molecule shown is but-3-ynoic acid.	
		ОН
	(a)	Give the molecular formula for but-3-ynoic acid.
		molecular formula[1]
	(b)	Draw the structure and name an isomer of but-3-ynoic acid that contains the same functional groups.
		structure
		name[2]



[1]

(d) Give the m/z value of the molecular ion peak in the mass spectrum of but-3-ynoic acid.

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(e)	(i)	Describe the two most significant features that you would expect to see in the infra-red spectrum of but-3-ynoic acid.
		[2]
	(ii)	Liquid samples for infra-red analysis are commonly prepared by placing them between two sodium chloride discs. Why could this approach not be considered for recording the IR spectrum of an aqueous solution of but-3-ynoic acid?
		[41]
		[1]
(f)		entists recently isolated a novel, highly toxic and unstable molecule, T , from the poisonous an mushroom <i>Russula subnigricans</i> (reported in <i>Nature Chemical Biology</i> , 2009).
		an isomer of but-3-ynoic acid. Its infrared spectrum indicates that T also contains a poxylic acid group. Its carbon-13 NMR spectrum, however, only contains 3 signals.
	Sug	gest a structure for T .

[1]

[Total: 10]