

Mark scheme 5070/3 – Practical Test November 2001

Question 1 (22 marks)

(a) Temperature Readings (12 marks)

For each of the first six temperature differences:
2 marks for a value within 0.5 °C of the Supervisor's value.
1 mark for a value within 1.0 °C of the Supervisor's value.
Up to two marks lost for subtraction errors.

(b) Graph (3 marks)

1 mark for the correct plotting of all the points (tolerance one small square).
Two marks for two intersecting curves or straight lines which fit the results as plotted.
The first curve must pass through the origin.

(c) and (d) Temperature and Volume readings (2 marks)

One mark for the correct temperature from the graph (tolerance 0.2 °C).
One mark for the corresponding volume (tolerance 1 cm³) from the graph

(e) Concentration of sodium hydroxide (2 marks)

Assuming a value of 27 cm³

$$\text{conc of NaOH} = \frac{27 \times 2.0}{50} \quad (1)$$

$$= 1.1 \text{ (correct to 0.1)} \quad (1)$$

(f) Temperature change with base **R** (2 marks)

2 marks for a value within 0.5° C of the Supervisor's value.
1 mark for a value within 1.0° C of the Supervisor's value.

(g) pH of solutions (1 mark)

Assuming that the temperature rise in (f) is less than the value given in (d)
one mark for ticking pH **Q** = 14 and pH **R** = 11.

This is marked consequentially on the candidate's results.

Question 2 (18 marks)

T is nickel sulphate

Test	Acceptable alternatives	Unacceptable alternatives
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<p>Test 1 $T + NaOH$ 2 marks</p> <p>green ppt</p> <p>+ <i>excess NaOH</i></p> <p>no change</p>	<p>shades of green both green and ppt required. allow solid, suspension, powder</p> <p>green ppt, ppt remains etc</p>	<p>blue</p> <p>substance, particles, deposit, residue, sediment, gelatinous, insoluble etc</p> <p>partially soluble, partially insoluble</p>
<p>Test 2 $T + NH_3$ 4 marks</p> <p>blue ppt</p> <p>+ <i>excess NH₃</i></p> <p>ppt dissolves</p> <p>blue solution</p>	<p>violet</p> <p>forms a blue solution (2) solution turns blue (1)</p>	<p>green</p>
<p>Test 3 $T + Ba(NO_3)_2$ 3 marks</p> <p>white ppt</p> <p>+ HNO_3</p> <p>insoluble</p>	<p>white ppt, no change, does not dissolve, etc.</p> <p>milky/cloudy = (0) but milky/cloudy remains = (1)</p>	<p>See Test 1</p> <p>partially soluble, partially insoluble</p>

<p>Test 4 $T + NaClO$ 6 marks</p> <p>green ppt</p> <p>ppt turns black</p> <p>effervesces</p> <p><u>gas</u> bleaches litmus</p> <p>chlorine</p>	<p>Black solution (1)</p> <p>bubbles, fizzes, gas <u>vigorously</u> evolved</p> <p>gas must be implied</p> <p>to score chlorine mark test must be at least partially correct</p>	<p>Green solution</p> <p>gas evolved</p>
<p>Test 5 + H_2O_2 5 mark</p> <p>ppt dissolves</p> <p>green solution</p> <p>effervesces</p> <p><u>gas</u> relights a <u>glowing</u> splint</p> <p>oxygen</p>	<p>Partially soluble</p> <p>forms a green solution (2) turns green (1)</p> <p>bubbles, fizzes, gas <u>vigorously</u> evolved</p> <p>gas must be implied</p> <p>to score oxygen mark test must be at least partially correct</p>	<p>gas evolved</p>

Conclusion (1 mark)

The anion is Sulphate or SO_4^{2-}

To score SO_4^{2-} a candidate needs a ppt that must not dissolve in Test 5.

[Any 18 marks to score]